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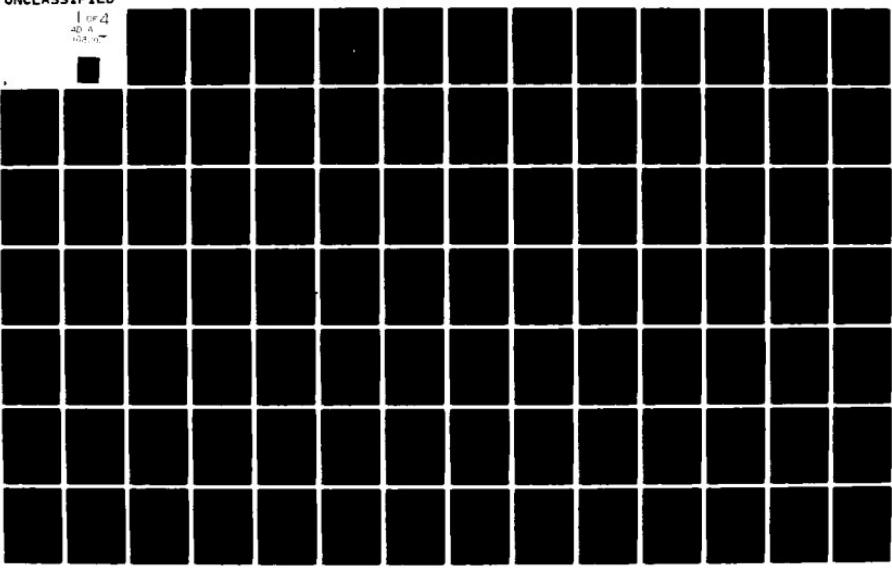
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## HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT

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## APPLIED TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY POSITION STATEMENT

This report has been reviewed by the Applied Technology Laboratory, US Army Research and Technology Laboratory (AVRADCOM), and is considered to be technically sound.

This research effort resulted from the need to reduce or eliminate leakage from hydraulic systems actuators used on military helicopters and other vehicles. Hydraulic fluid leakage has been a continuous and serious problem resulting in increased maintenance costs and in many cases unwarranted down time for helicopters.

This program was to investigate multiple cascaded seals and to develop new and improved seals and seal configurations for hydraulic systems and actuators, thereby favorably impacting hydraulic systems reliability, maintainability, safety, and cost by significantly reducing leakage.

Mr. George Fosdick of the Applied Aeronautics Technical Area, Aeronautical Systems Division, served as Project Engineer for this effort.

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The objectives of this program were to investigate multiple cascaded seals and to develop new and improved seals and seal configurations for hydraulic systems and actuators, thereby favorably impacting hydraulic systems reliability, maintainability, safety, and cost by significantly reducing leakage.		

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## FOREWORD

This report was prepared by the Vought Corporation division of LTV Inc., Dallas, Texas under U. S. Army Contract DAAK51-78-C-0028 with the Applied Technology Laboratory, U. S. Army Research and Technology Laboratory (AVRADCOM), Fort Eustis, Virginia. Mr. George Fosdick, Applied Aeronautics Technical Area, was Project Engineer.

The author expresses his appreciation to those individuals and companies who supplied materials or specimens for investigation.

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## INTRODUCTION

Modern Army Helicopters utilize single- or two-stage hydraulic actuator rod seals that must be capable of operating over the temperature range of -65°F to +275°F. These actuators are usually exposed to a high concentration of dust during takeoff and/or landing maneuvers and during very low level hover maneuvers. The rotor control actuators are subjected to a large number of small amplitude feedback cycles caused by the load imposed by each rotor blade. Helicopter actuators exposed to the environment described have not provided the desired reliability, maintainability, or safety.

The objective of this program was to investigate and develop new and improved multiple cascaded seal configurations for hydraulic systems and actuators, thereby favorably impacting hydraulic system reliability, maintainability, safety, and cost by significantly reducing seal system leakage.

The program objective was achieved by: (1) devising an Evaluation Matrix that allowed each seal to be rated for performance based on 14 evaluation parameters, (2) testing the seals selected for  $2 \times 10^6$  cycles at high temperature in single-stage, two-stage and three-stage configurations, and (3) performing a  $5 \times 10^6$  cycle endurance test and a  $20 \times 10^6$  cycle rotor feedback test at high temperature with a contaminated environment, for single-, two-, three- and four-stage seal installations.

The program clearly demonstrated the superiority of the multiple cascaded seal over the single-stage seal and provided data that can be used as a guideline for selection of the optimum number of seals in a given installation.

## TECHNICAL PROGRAM

The program contained three major tasks.

Task I - Design Investigation

Task II - Seal Design and Developmental Testing.

Task III - Testing

### TASK I - DESIGN INVESTIGATION

Task I investigated existing and newly devised hydraulic servo-actuator seals. In order to take advantage of the knowledge and experience of the seal industry, a number of potential seal suppliers were invited to suggest possible configurations. Their proposals furnished several promising seal ideas. Ten different test reports were reviewed to (a) help establish the requirements for long life tests, (b) to locate seal designs that had passed long life and/or 8000 psig tests, and (c) to identify and eliminate those seal designs that had failed similar tests. Significant data from each report was summarized on index cards for use in preparing Seal Evaluation parameters.

After the test report review was completed, 14 parameters were established as being applicable for seal evaluation. Each parameter had a clear rationale so that it could be used to rate a seal as being Excellent, Average, or Poor with a minimum amount of bias from the evaluator. These parameters and the application thesis are listed below. The rationale used for each parameter is shown in Appendix A.

- |               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Sealing       | - Is the sealing predictable, with uniform loading, have high and low pressure sealing for static and/or dynamic pressure? |
| Wear          | - Are the materials wear resistant yet nonabrasive?  |
| Friction      | - Is friction minimized?   |
| Temperature   | - Does it meet -65°F to +275°F requirement?  |
| Extrusion Gap | - How well does the design bridge the extrusion gap?   |
| Installation  | - How is the ease of installation compared to an O-ring installation with two backup rings?                                |
| Space         | - How does space compare to a MIL-G-5514F <sup>1</sup> gland for an O-ring with two backup rings?                          |

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<sup>1</sup>MIL-G-5514F - Military Specification - Gland Design; Packings, Hydraulic, General Requirements for, dtd 15 January 1969.

- Seal Deflection - Does the seal flex or work when pressure changes so that fatigue failures are likely?
- Orientation - Can the seal be installed backwards or improperly? Can the proper orientation be easily recognized?
- Complexity - Are there parts, few interfaces? Are gland requirements simple?
- Compatibility - Are all of the materials compatible with both MIL-H-5606 and MIL-H-83282?
- Producibility - Is it producible? Are there an excessive number of close tolerances that must be held?
- Pressure Level - Is the configuration suitable for 8000 psi?
- Pressure Trap - Does the configuration trap an unacceptable pressure level between seal stages?

#### Seal Evaluation Matrix

After the Seal Evaluation Criteria were established, parameters (Appendix A) were used to rate the seals in a matrix format, shown in Table 1. In this table a rating of Excellent (E) was awarded 3 points, a rating of Average (A) was awarded 2 points and a rating of Poor (P) was awarded 1 point. This matrix assumed that the seals were exposed to high pressure and did not give a realistic rating to elastomeric seals that could be used at low pressure in a vented seal. To give the elastomeric seals a fair rating at low pressure, the seals were all evaluated in Table 2. In this table the wear and friction rating of each elastomeric seal was increased by one level.

Each table has a subtotal rating for the parameters of Sealing, Wear, Friction, and Pressure Trap. These parameters were believed to be the most important for meeting the desired life on a helicopter servo actuator and were used as the main guide for locating each seal in the multi-stage seals. The ratings of the other parameters were totaled (including the subtotal) and this total was used as a tie breaker when necessary. The last row in each table is the estimated cost in dollars for each seal installation.

#### Seal Selection Flow Diagrams

While establishing the seal evaluation criteria and the seal evaluation matrix, it became apparent that each stage of a multi-stage seal had slightly different requirements and that the requirements were also slightly different, depending upon whether the seal was vented or unvented. For example, a single-stage seal for this program must withstand 3000 to 8000 psig operating pressure while maintaining very low leakage for 25 million cycles without showing excessive wear. The

pressure requirement and the leakage requirement can be met by an O-ring type seal, but some of the reference material reviewed showed that 5 million cycles of operation produced significant wear when only 3000 psig operating pressure was applied to the O-ring type seals and the elastomer was simultaneously exposed to rod motion. It was obvious that increasing the number of cycles or the applied pressure would cause the wear to increase substantially. The addition of a pressure-resistant second-stage seal inside of the O-ring type seal would allow leakage from the second-stage seal to be vented to return. This, in turn, would relieve the pressure on the O-ring type seal and improve its wear resistance while maintaining the desired low leakage characteristics. If the vent between the two seals was undesirable, then the individual seal requirements would change again. In the vented case, the second-stage seal could be an asymmetric design since high pressure could only be applied from one direction. In an unvented two-stage seal the second-stage (inside) seal must be symmetrical or pressure resistant so that it would not be damaged at hydraulic system shutdown by the pressure that was trapped between the two stages, which has been shown to be approximately half the cylinder pressure. In both the vented and unvented case, the first-stage (outside) seal can be asymmetric since pressure was applied from only one side, but in the unvented case the O-ring type seal would not provide satisfactory service because of the excessive wear caused by the high trapped pressure. The addition of a second stage would increase friction in both the vented and unvented case. In the unvented case it was desirable to use seals that were self-venting if possible to reduce pressure friction forces during manual reversion. The Bal Seal, Configuration R4 in Table 3 was one example of this design. Other vendors contacted also had self-venting seal designs.

When the third and fourth stages were added inside the second stage, the same arguments shown above for the second stage were applicable. The inside stage would carry most of the pressure load and could be a sacrificial element which could conceivably double the life of the seal assembly.

The requirements for each stage were codified in the form of flow diagrams that are shown in Figures 1 and 2. These diagrams were applied to Tables 1 and 2 to select the seals to be used in this test. The stage selection was done in the following manner.

Selected stage 1 seal for end 1 and end 2 for actuators 1 thru 5 in chronological order using Figure 1.

Selected stage 2 seals for end 1 and end 2 for actuators 2 thru 5 in chronological order using Figure 2.

Selected stage 3 seal for end 2 of actuator 3 and ends 1 and 2 for actuators 4 and 5 in chronological order using Figure 2.

Selected stage 4 seal for end 1 and end 2 of actuator 5 using Figure 2.

Specified seals for actuator 6 to fulfill finish comparison requirements.

For the purpose of selection only, the outside seal was stage 1, with higher stage numbers on the inside. For the rest of this report, the inside stage is stage 1, with the higher number stages added on the outside.

The only exceptions to this process were as follows. Configuration R15 gave unsatisfactory results in a test after only 23,814 cycles so it was dropped from consideration. Configuration R17 was considered similar to R3 so it was not selected for test. Configuration R9 was not selected for test because it was considered similar to R2, which is available in this country. Configuration R14 had a very high rating, but since it cannot withstand long-term exposure at 275°F it was not selected for testing during Task II.

The final seal selections for the Task II Test are shown in Figure 3. Four-stage seals were not selected for Task II tests so that a greater variety of two-stage seals could be tested during Task II tests. Four-stage seals were evaluated during Task III tests.

In Figure 3, as in all successive figures that show the seal installations, the ports into the actuator end caps were identified as A, B, C, and D. The groove adjacent to and outboard from a port had the same letter identification as the port. For example, the innermost groove was adjacent to and outboard from Port A, so that groove was referred to as groove A. Pressure was supplied to ports B, C, and D only if 90 psig was shown at the port. In all other cases the ports were used either to monitor pressure and/or leakage to provide a vent back to the inboard side of the seal groove, or they were not needed and were plugged.

Rating Values  
 $E = 3$ ,  $A = 2$ ,  $P = 1$

TABLE 1. HIGH PRESSURF SEAL EVALUATION MATRIX  
 (SEAL EVALUATION PARAMETERS - APPENDIX A)

CONFIGURATION	WT	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11
Sealing	5	E	E	A	A	A	E	E	E	E	A	P
Wear	6	P	A	F	E	E	A	A	P	A	F	F
Friction	2	P	P	A	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	A
Pressure Trap	1	P	P	A	E	A	P	P	P	P	A	E
Subtotal		24	30	34	35	34	30	30	24	30	34	30
Temperature	1	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A	A	A	F
Extrusion Gap	1	E	E	P	E	P	E	F	F	F	A	F
Installation	1	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	A	F
Space	1	A	A	E	P	A	A	A	E	E	E	E
Seal Deflection	1	P	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	P	A
Orientation	1	A	E	E	P	A	A	A	A	A	A	E
Complexity	1	E	P	E	P	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Compatibility	1	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Productivity	1	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	P
Pressure Level	1	P	P	F	E	A	P	P	P	P	A	A
Total		45	51	60	54	56	49	52	46	53	56	56
ESTIMATED COST PER INSTL		2	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

TABLE 1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION	WT	R12	R13	R14	R15	R16	R17	R18	R19	R20	R21	R22
Sealing	5	P	A	E	A	A	A	A	E	A	A	A
Wear	6	E	E	A	E	E	E	A	E	E	E	E
Friction	2	E	A	A	A	A	A	A	P	A	A	A
Pressure Trap	1	F	P	E	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Subtotal	32	33	34	35	34	34	34	32	34	34	34	34
Temperature	1	E	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Extrusion Gap	1	E	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Installation	1	E	A	E	A	A	A	P	P	A	E	E
Space	1	E	E	P	E	A	E	A	E	A	A	A
Seal Deflection	1	E	A	A	P	A	P	E	A	E	A	A
Orientation	1	E	A	A	E	E	E	A	P	A	A	A
Complexity	1	E	A	E	E	E	E	P	P	P	P	E
Compatibility	1	E	E	E	E	F	E	E	E	E	E	E
Producibility	1	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Pressure Level	1	A	A	P	A	A	E	P	A	A	A	A
Total	60	55	56	57	58	58	58	51	54	56	59	
ESTIMATED COST PER INSTL	5	2	3	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4

TABLE 2. LOW PRESSURE SEAL EVALUATION MATRIX

CONFIGURATION	WT	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11
Sealing	5	E	E	A	A	E	E	E	E	A	P	
Wear	6	A	E	E	F	E	E	A	E	E	E	
Friction	2	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Pressure Trap	1	P	P	A	E	A	P	P	P	A	E	
Subtotal	32	38	34	35	34	38	38	32	38	34	30	
Temperature	1	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Extrusion Gap	1	E	E	E	P	E	P	E	E	E	A	
Installation	1	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	E	
Space	1	A	A	E	P	A	A	A	E	E	E	
Seal Deflection	1	P	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	
Orientation	1	A	E	E	A	P	A	A	A	A	E	
Complexity	1	E	P	E	P	E	E	E	E	E	E	
Compatibility	1	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	
Productivity	1	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	P	
Pressure Level	1	P	P	E	E	A	P	P	P	A	A	
Total	53	59	60	54	56	57	60	54	61	56	56	
ESTIMATED COST PER INSTL	2	5	2		2	2		2	2		2	

TABLE 2. CONTINUEN

CONFIGURATION	R1	R12	R13	R14	R15	R16	R17	R18	R19	R20	R21	R22
Sealing	5	D	A	E	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Wear	6	E	E	F	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Friction	2	E	A	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Pressure Trap	1	E	P	E	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A
Subtotal		32	33	42	35	34	34	40	34	34	34	34
Temperature	1	E	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Extrusion Gap	1	E	A	E	E	E	F	F	F	F	F	F
Installation	1	E	A	F	A	A	A	P	P	A	E	E
Space	1	E	E	P	E	A	E	A	A	E	A	A
Seal Deflection	1	E	A	A	P	A	P	F	A	A	E	E
Orientation	1	E	A	A	E	E	E	A	P	A	A	A
Complexity	1	E	A	E	E	E	E	D	P	P	E	E
Producibility	1	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Pressure Level	1	A	A	A	P	A	A	F	P	A	A	A
Total		60	55	64	57	58	58	58	59	54	56	59
ESTIMATED COST PER INSTL		5		2		3	2	4	4	2	4	

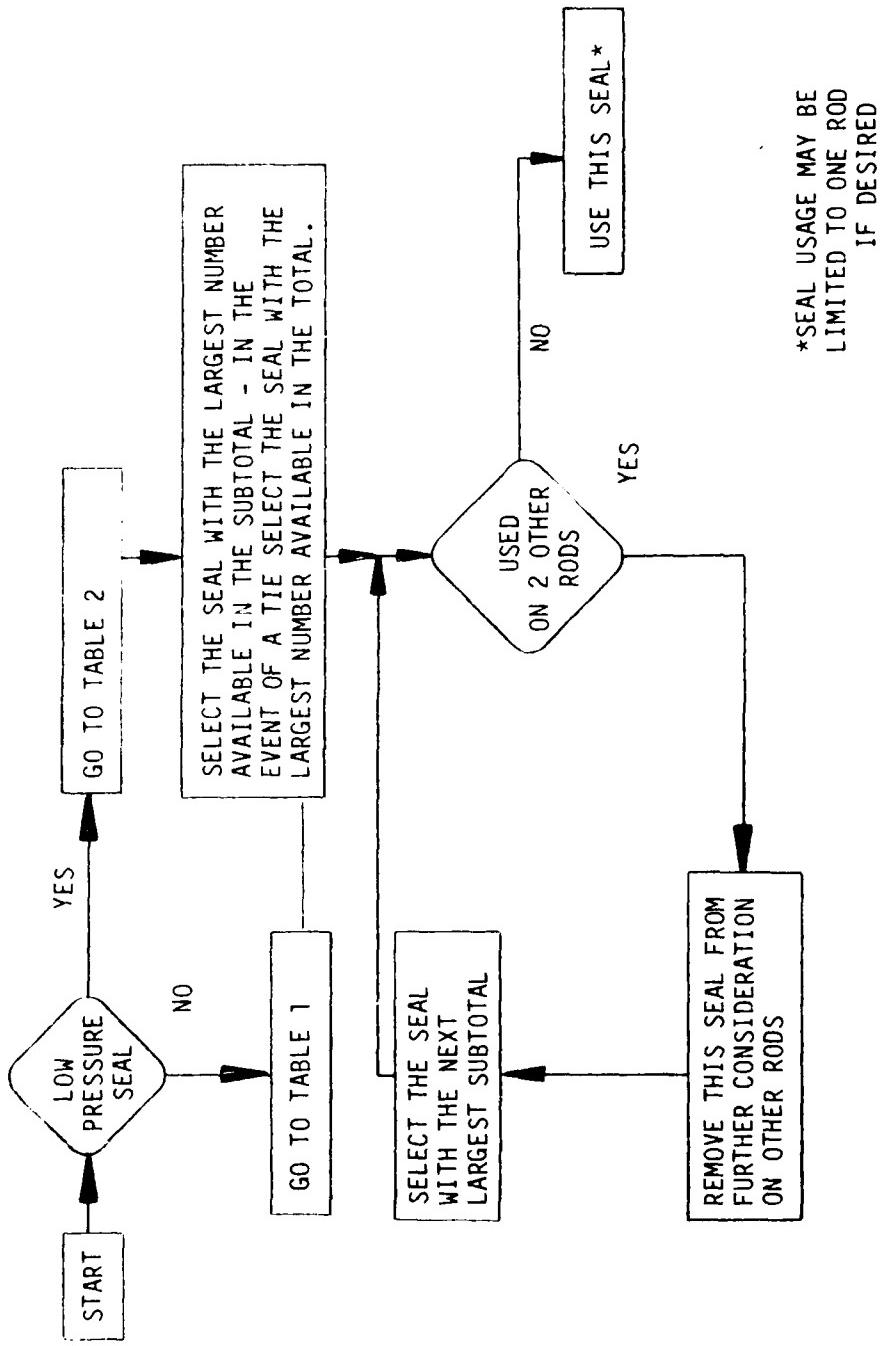


FIGURE 1. STAGE 1 SEAL SELECTION FLOW DIAGRAM

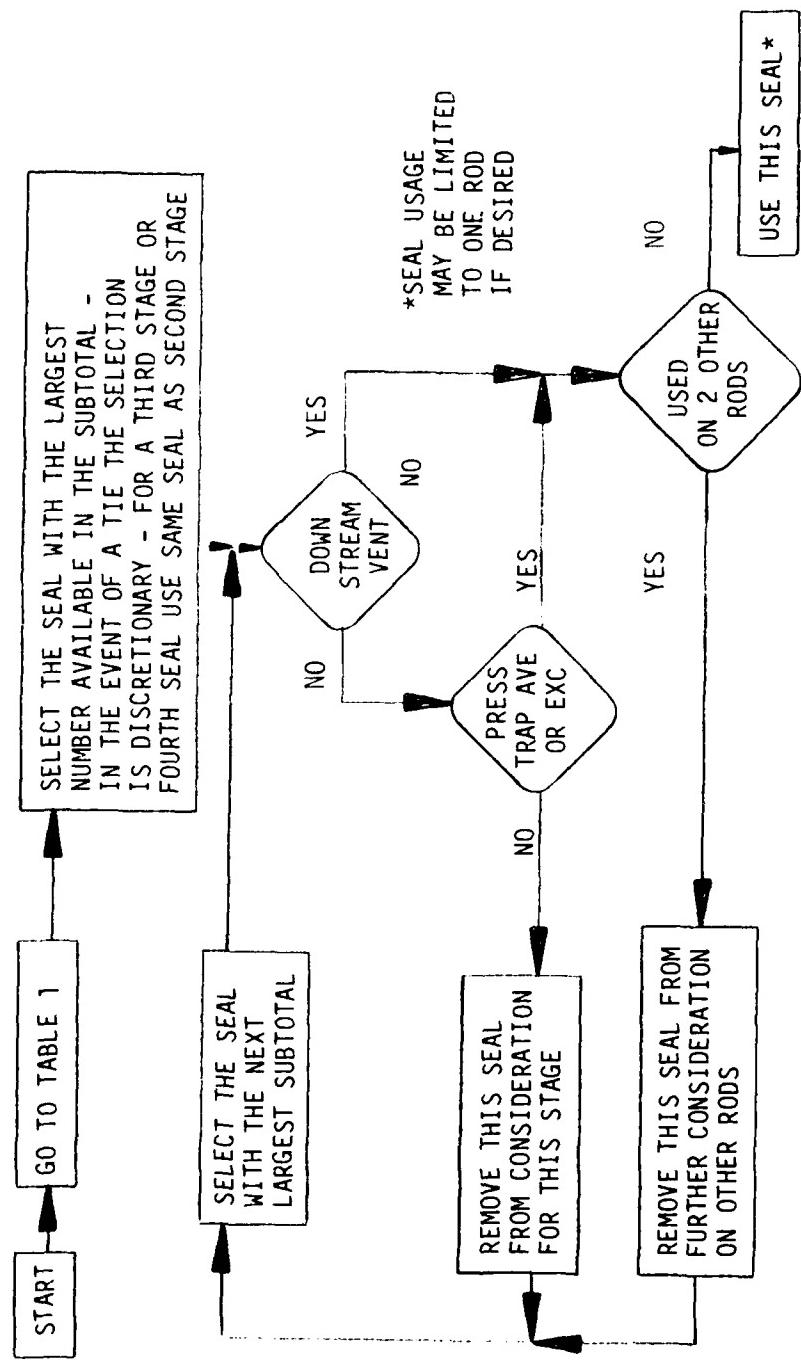


FIGURE 2. STAGE 2, 3 & 4 SEAL SELECTION FLOW DIAGRAM

TABLE 3. SEAL CONFIGURATION

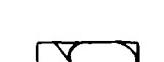
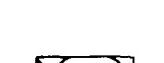
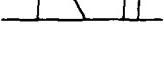
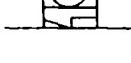
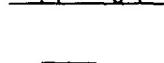
<u>Number</u>	<u>Cross Section</u>	<u>Description</u>
R1		MIL-P-83461 O-ring with uncut thick backup ring.
R2		G.T "T" ring with staged backup rings.
R3		Channel seal (double delta)
R4		Bal Seal (heavy duty)
R5		Foot seal (delta)
R6		O-ring with triangular backup ring
R7		Trapezoidal seal
R8		Square ring with uncut thick backup ring
R9		"L" seal
R10		Shamban Excluder
R11		2-piece metal rod seal

TABLE 3. Continued

Number	Cross Section	Description
R12		Step cut Teflon buffer
R13		Hex seal
R14		Urethane "U" seal with backup
R15		Step seal
R16		Plus seal
R17		Slipper seal
R18		Double delta with two backups
R19		Hat Seal
R20		DC Excluder
R21		Delta seal with staged backup ring
R22		Rubber spring actuated seal

### Rod Finish Evaluation

The rod finishes were evaluated in Table 4. The rating rationale used for each parameter is shown in Appendix A. Table 4 shows the tungsten carbide to be the clear winner insofar as performance, but the cost for this finish is approximately ten times the cost of conventional chromium plating and it must be applied by a Detonation Gun. The phosphate coating gives low cost performance, but does not provide an adequate amount of corrosion resistance. The abusively ground chromium plating is expected to cause leakage to increase. All other finishes were judged to provide approximately equal performance.

### Materials Evaluation

The material evaluation was aimed primarily at rating physical configurations. Each of the configurations that uses Teflon type non-elastomers can be obtained with the non-elastomer produced from a wide variety of proprietary compounds. Comparative data on these proprietary compounds is generally not available, but the seal manufacturers contacted strongly recommended the use of Teflon blends, bronze-filled Teflon, and graphite-filled Teflon for the capstrip type seals for this test. The same general recommendations were made for the backup rings except that polyimide materials were also recommended. Based on the manufacturers recommendations, the non-elastomers used in this test were Teflon blends and filled Teflon. The particular blend depended upon the manufacturer supplying the seal. Shamban, Fluorocarbon, Parker, Dowty, Hercules, Disogrin, Bal Seal Engineering, American Variseal, Tetrafluor, Conover, and Greene Tweed supplied seals for these tests.

Compounds to be tested were selected just prior to the initiation of the tests. The Navy-sponsored Lightweight Hydraulic System Screening Tests had tested materials at 8000 psig, and the results of those tests were used as the final guide for the material selection for this test.

Table 4. RATING MATRIX FOR ROLL FINISHES

Parameter	4 RMS	8 - 16 RMS	8 - 16 RMS Buffed	Abusively Ground 16 RMS	Tungsten Carbide	Iron Phosphate
Cost to Prepare	A	A	A	A	U	A
Relative Corrosion Resistance	A	A	A	A	A	U
Potential For Reducing Leakage	A	A	A	P	E	E
Wear Resistance	A	A	A	A	E	A

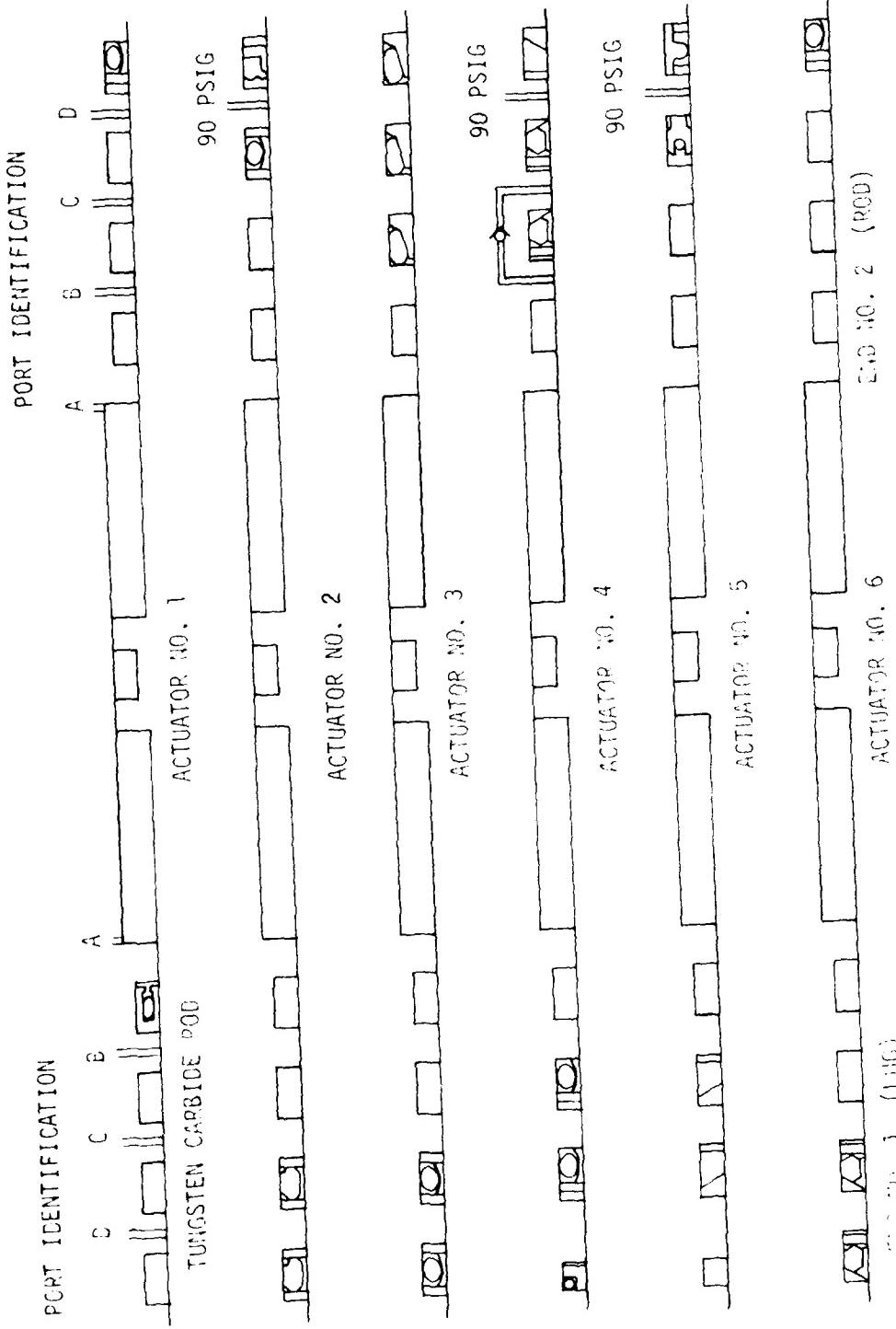


FIGURE 3. SEALS SELECTED FOR TASK III TEST

## TASK II - SEAL DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT TESTING

Task II included the design and manufacture of test equipment and test seals as well as the test itself. All seals were manufactured by seal vendors that were familiar with the processes and problems involved. One of the seals was designed by G. K. Fling of Vought and one was designed by B. Brent of Bell Helicopter. All of the other seals were vendor designs. The test actuators and test rig were designed and manufactured by Vought. Where possible, commercial parts were used to reduce costs. A gland design per MIL-G-5514-214 was used with the following changes for the seals that used a standard gland.

<u>Item</u>	<u>MIL-G-5514</u>	<u>Test Parts</u>
Rod OD	.998 +.000 -.002	.998 +.000 -.001
Groove ID	1.241 +.002 -.000	1.241 +.001 -.000
Rod Bore	1.000 +.001 -.000	.999 +.001 -.000
Eccentricity	.002	.001
Groove Angle	0° +5° -0°	0° +/- 1/2°
Groove Edge	Break Edge .005 +.005 -.000	Break Edge .002 +.005 -.000
Rod Finish	16 RMS	2 RMS - 8 RMS

One nonstandard gland was designed and manufactured to accommodate a "Bal Seal" and one was designed to accommodate a Shamban "Excluder". These gland designs were used later in Task III tests using different seals.

The changes in the Rod OD, Groove ID, Rod Bore, and Eccentricity were made as a result of Vought's experience with the 8000 psi hydraulic system design for the U. S. Navy "Lightweight Hydraulic System" program. Vought discovered that a reduced extrusion gap is necessary for good performance at 8000 psi. The groove angle was modified to reduce friction due to pressure and to improve the fit between the seal and/or backup ring and the rod. The groove edge was sharpened to reduce seal extrusion. The rod finish was improved from a maximum of 16 RMS to a maximum of 8 RMS by a machining error, but the change appears to have been beneficial with most of the seals tested.

All of the actuators were produced from 15 - 5 PH CRES that was aged to H925 (170,000 psi). All rods except one were hard chrome plated

and then ground per Vought Spec 208-1-7 (See Appendix B). The grinding process is believed to be very important in producing a good sealing surface and Vought Spec 208-1-7 was specifically set up to assure proper control of surface grinding of hydraulic actuator parts so that chromium plating cracking caused by the grinding would not occur. The one rod that was not chromium plated had a Tungsten Carbide coating, LW-1N40, applied and ground to a 2 RMS finish by the Linde Division of the Union Carbide Corporation.

During installation of the seals that had been selected for the Task II test it became apparent that some of the seals could not be installed in one-piece glands. Those seals were replaced by alternate seals. The seal configurations that were installed for the Task II test are shown on Figure 4. A seal description for each of the seals is shown in Table B-1 in Appendix B. In this table, the innermost groove is designated as groove A, the next groove is labeled groove B and so on. The Seal Evaluation Test Fixture is shown in Figure B-1 in Appendix B. The Specimen and Load Hydraulic Systems are shown in Figure B-2 in Appendix B.

The Task II test was performed as shown in Table 5. The long stroke cycles were +/- 1.75 inches with a maximum load of 2318 pounds per actuator. The short stroke cycles were +/- .04 inch with a maximum load of 58 pounds per actuator. The unpressurized friction for the seals is shown in Table 6. The pressurized friction for each seal is shown in Figure 5. The total measured leakage for the seals that survived the test is shown in Figure 6.

The individual results for each seal in the Task II test are given in Appendix B along with the measured critical dimensions, and finishes for each actuator which are given in Table B-2 in Appendix B.

All of the seals that failed the Task II test failed during the high temperature portions of the test. The low pressure Trapezoid Seal (Rod End, Actuator No. 4) failed after 694,111 cycles. The return pressure was removed from the seal and cycling was continued using only the inside two stages. During the remaining 307,582 cycles with MIL-H-5606 hydraulic fluid the two inside stages leaked a total of 28.07 cc. Slight leakage was also shown by the Double Delta Seal (lug end actuator no. 1, lug end actuator no. 4, and rod end actuator no. 6) the Hat Seal (rod end actuator no. 2), the Trapezoid Seal (lug end actuator no. 5) and the Flex Seal (lug end actuator no. 6), but the leakage was well within acceptable limits.

During the test the Bal Seal (rod seal in actuator no. 1) began leaking erratically. The seal would leak on some days, but not on others. During 45,000 cycles, the seal leaked as much as 38 cc in one hour. After a short shutdown, the leakage stopped, but it reoccurred the next day and the seal was designated as a failure.

PART IDENTIFICATION

PART IDENTIFICATION

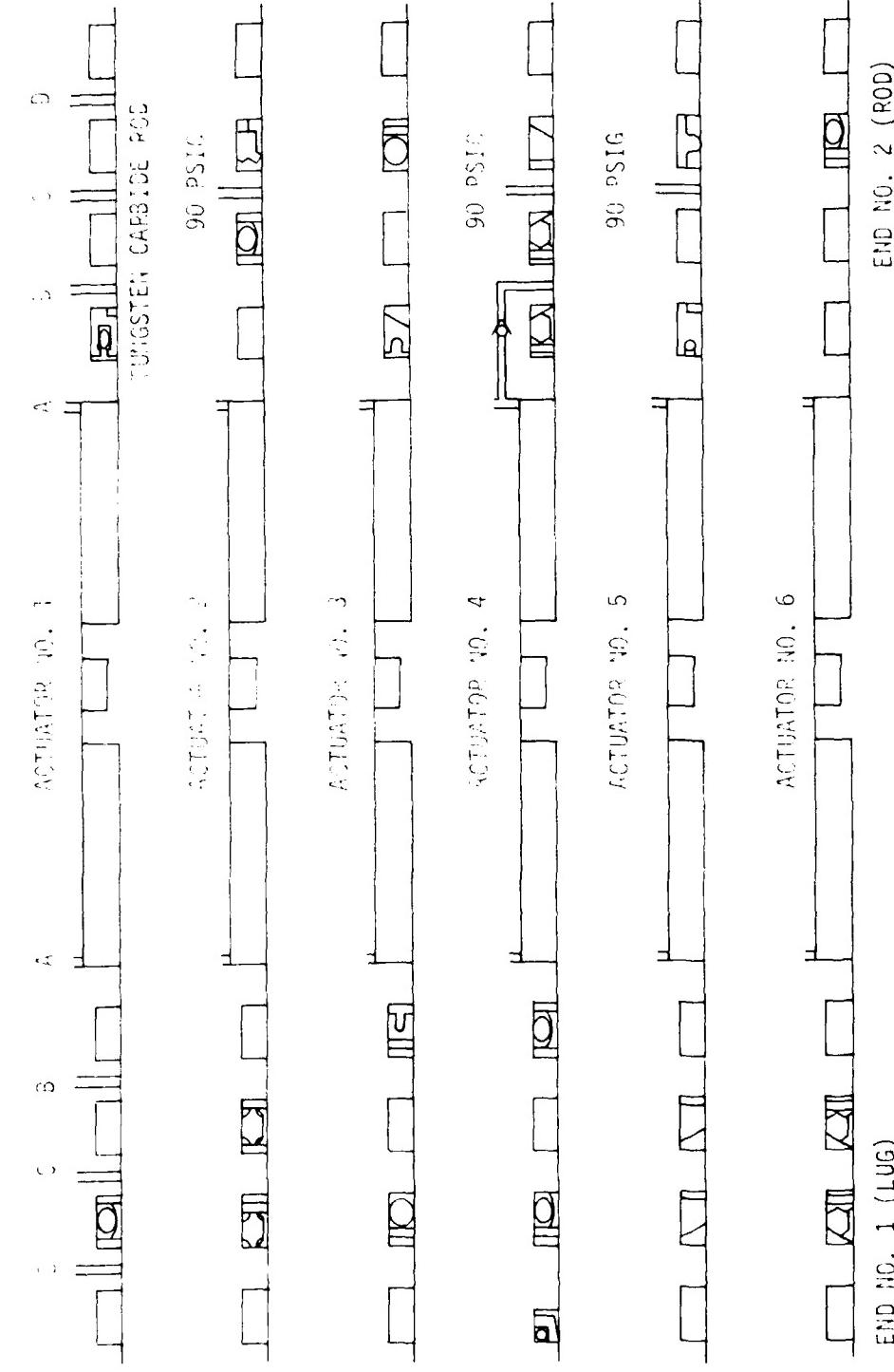


FIGURE 4. SEALS INSTALLED AT START OF TASK II TESTS

TABLE 5. TASK II TESTS SUMMARY

<u>Type of Test</u>	<u>Ambient Temperature</u>	<u>Fluid Temperature</u>	<u>Cycles</u>
Acceptance	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
Unpressurized Friction	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	--
Pressurized Friction MIL-H-5606	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	--
Low Temp. 3000 psig test MIL-H-5606	-65°F	-65°F	5 LS
Intermediate Temp 3000 psig test MIL-H-5606	80°F +/- 20°F	160°F +/- 5°F	5,670 LS 96,000 SS
High Temp 3000 psig test MIL-H-5606	80°F +/-20°F for 500,000 cycles 200°-250°F	275°F + 0°F -10°F For Remainder	45,018 LS 855,000 SS
<u>Fluid Change</u>			
Acceptance MIL-H-83282	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
Low Temp. 3000 psig test MIL-H-83282	-40°F	-40°F	5 LS

TABLE 5. CONTINUED

<u>Type of Test</u>	<u>Ambient Temperature</u>	<u>Fluid Temperature</u>	<u>Cycles</u>
Intermediate Temp 3000 psig test MIL-H-83282	80°F +/- 25°F	160°F +/- 5°F	3,970 LS 48,000 SS
High Temp 3000 psig test MIL-H-83282	225°F +/- 25°F	275°F + 0° -10° F	22,538 LS 444,150 SS
Static Leakage	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	--
Acceptance MIL-H-83282 8000 psig	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
Low Temperature MIL-H-83282 8000 psig	-40°F	-40°F	5 LS
Intermediate Temp MIL-H-83282 8000 psig	80°F +/- 20°F	160°F +/- 5°F	20,450 LS 427,680 SS
High Temp MIL-H-83282 8000 psig	200°F to 275°F	200°F to 250°F	22,500 LS 429,120 SS
Static Leakage MIL-H-83282	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	---

TABLE 6. UNPRESSURIZED FRICTION OF TASY III SEALS

ACTUATOR NUMBER	LUG END	ROD END	AVG. BREAKOUT FRICTION LBS		LBS AVG. FXTEND	RUNNING FRICTION
			FXTEND	RETRACT		
1	X	X	7.69	8.44	6.28	6.58
			6.12	7.02	2.70	3.48
2	X	X	8.63	6.01	5.25	6.25
			15.98	12.36	15.40	11.80
3	X	X	8.48	7.58	5.16	5.00
			8.12	6.64	6.75	7.25
4	X	X	30.64	25.98	21.00	21.00
			34.18	22.64	45.00*	27.00
5	X	X	58.96	34.22	56.90	35.50
			46.68	39.30	43.25	22.00
6	X	X	26.40	20.88	27.00*	8.00*
			14.44	10.66	11.50	11.00

\* Erratic

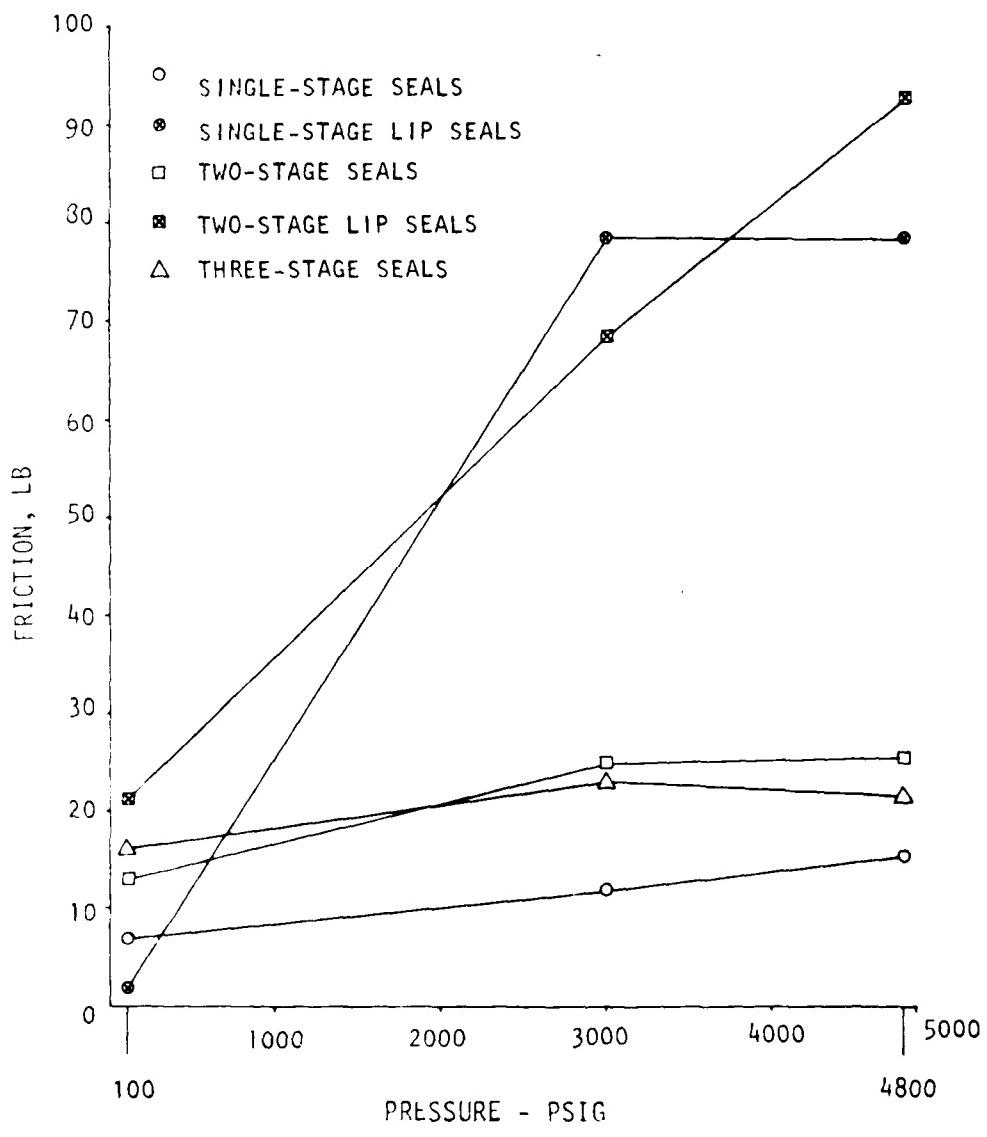


FIGURE 5. PRESSURIZED FRICTION OF TASK II SEALS

Another seal had excessive leakage during this test, but it was not designated as a failure. The Greene, Tweed Seals (rod seal in actuator no. 5) began leaking after 353,897 cycles. This leakage slowly increased until after 988,925 cycles, 135 cc of leakage was measured in one day. This seal used 2 stages that were vented to return, so the return path was shut off and the leakage was dramatically reduced. After 1,001,693 cycles, the actuator was removed from the test setup. It was discovered that the rod had contacted the end cap and the chrome plating had been worn through. It is believed that the rod failure which caused the seal failure was caused by the contact with the end cap and not by the seal itself.

Since the rod in actuator no. 5 was not useable until it could be reworked and the rod end seal in actuator no. 1 had been designated as a failure, the two actuators were combined into a new actuator that was designated as 5A. The lug end cap (-5 S/N 001) from actuator no. 5 was combined with the lug end cap (-5 S/N 007), barrel (-8 S/N 001) and Piston and Rod (012 S/N 007) from actuator no. 1. The combined assembly was installed in the no. 5 actuator position to minimize plumbing changes in the test setup.

After 1,054,811 cycles (53,118 with MIL-H-83282 hydraulic fluid), the drier in the central hot air supply malfunctioned and a large volume of sandy residue was blown into the insulated box. A layer of contaminant approximately 1/4 in. thick was deposited on the actuators. The lab technician saw the dust cloud emerging from the box and turned off the hydraulic pressure to the setup. The box and the test cell were thoroughly contaminated with this substance, but they were thoroughly cleaned before any further cycling was attempted. The contaminant was analyzed and identified as a mixture of silica gel and oil absorber. Both of these substances were from the drier in the hot air source. The hot air source was completely refurbished before any more cycling was attempted.

After 193,635 additional cycles with MIL-H-83282, the central hot air supply malfunction occurred again and a thin layer of contaminant was deposited in the box. The technician monitoring the test immediately turned off the hydraulic pressure to the setup. The contamination was much less than it was the first time, but since the entire hot air setup had been refurbished after the first incident and the refurbishment did not prevent the second incident, it was decided to use a portable air heater instead of the central hot air source. The contaminant was analyzed and identified as silica gel from the drier in the hot air source. The test setup was thoroughly cleaned and a portable hot air source was installed.

During the Intermediate Temperature Test at 8000 psig with MIL-H-83282, an error resulted in a total of 427,680 two-percent stroke cycles and 20,450 full stroke cycles being run at the intermediate temperature requirements. The test required 47,500 short stroke cycles and 2500 long stroke cycles. The 2 percent stroke cycles and full stroke cycles that were run in excess of the requirements were documented and all

data was recorded, but the additional cycles were not counted toward meeting the  $2 \times 10^6$  total cycle requirements.

During the High Temperature Test at 8000 psig with MIL-H-83282, after 1,975,578 cycles, the single-stage double-delta seal in the rod end of actuator no. 6 failed. The seal was removed and a replacement seal of similar configuration, from C. F. Conover & Co., was installed. The visual inspection summary for each seal is shown in Table B-2 in Appendix B. The seal test summary for the failed seal is shown in Table B-3 in Appendix B. There were no additional seal replacements during the Task II Test.

The seals to be tested in Task III were chosen based on the results of the Task II Test. Since the Shamban Plus Seal had delivered the best performance, it was chosen to be installed in a one-stage seal, a two-stage seal, a three-stage seal and in both a vented and an unvented four-stage seal installation. The Shamban Flat Seal and Double Delta Seal were chosen to be installed in a two-stage seal. The Conover/Brent Hex Seal was chosen for a three-stage seal and the Conover/Fling Trapezoid backup with an H83461 O-ring was chosen for both a vented and an unvented seal. The Shamban Double Delta seal continued as the baseline for comparison purposes.

All of the pressure loaded lip seal designs were removed from consideration for the Task III test. The Bal Seal was removed because it had shown excessive leakage. The Tetrafluor rod seal showed good leakage characteristics, as did the Variseal, but both caused minor rod scoring. The Greene Tweed Hytrel seal was not considered for further testing because concurrent testing of this seal in the Air Force Dynamic Seals for Advanced Hydraulic Systems program showed the seal to have relatively high leakage. All of the lip seals require a two-piece gland, which complicates actuator design.

Both Greene Tweed and Tetrafluor submitted elastomeric loaded seals that were included in the Task III test. All of the seals used in the Task III test are shown in Figure 7 and described in Table 7.

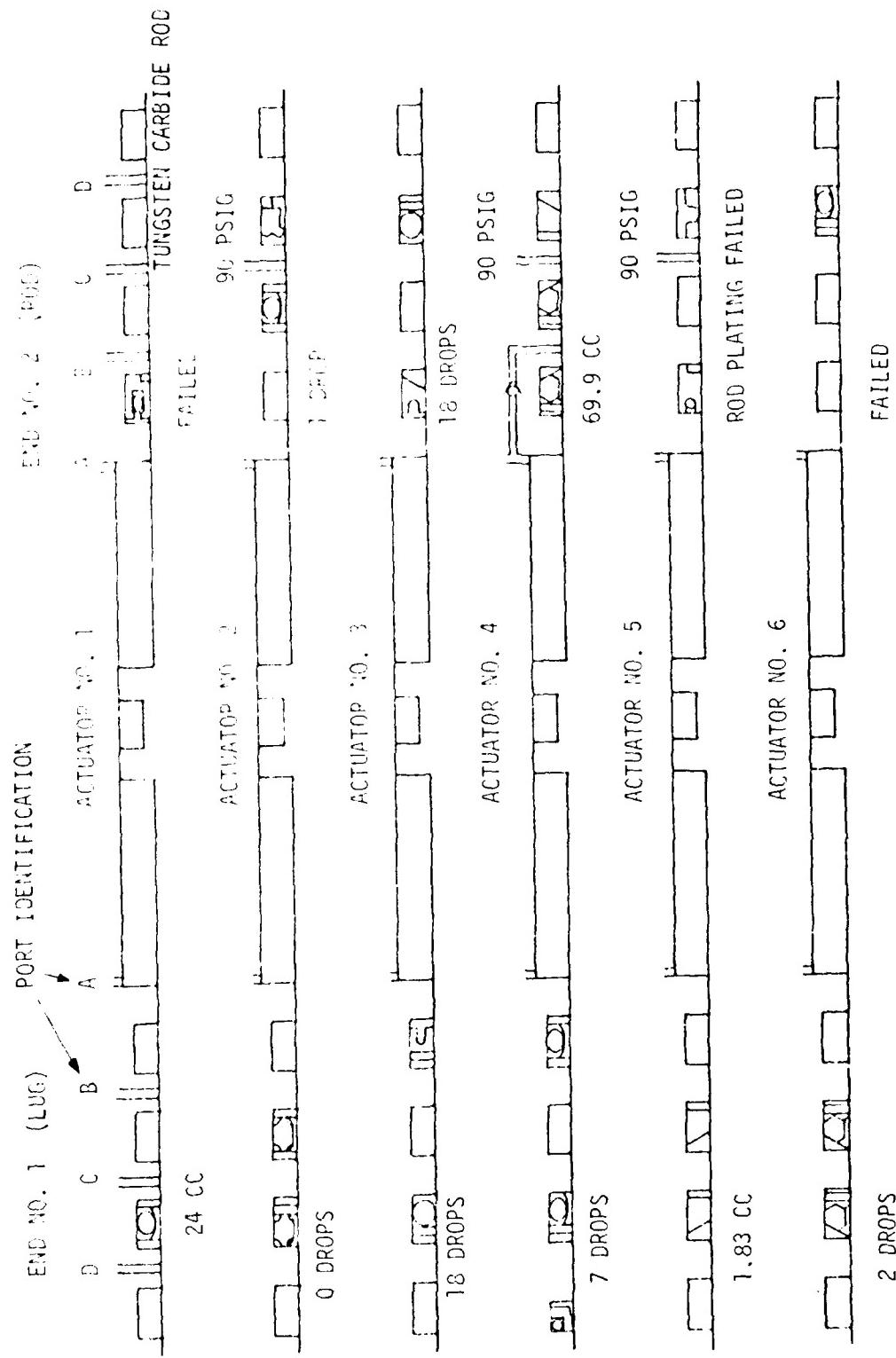


FIGURE 6. TASK II SEAL LEAKAGE

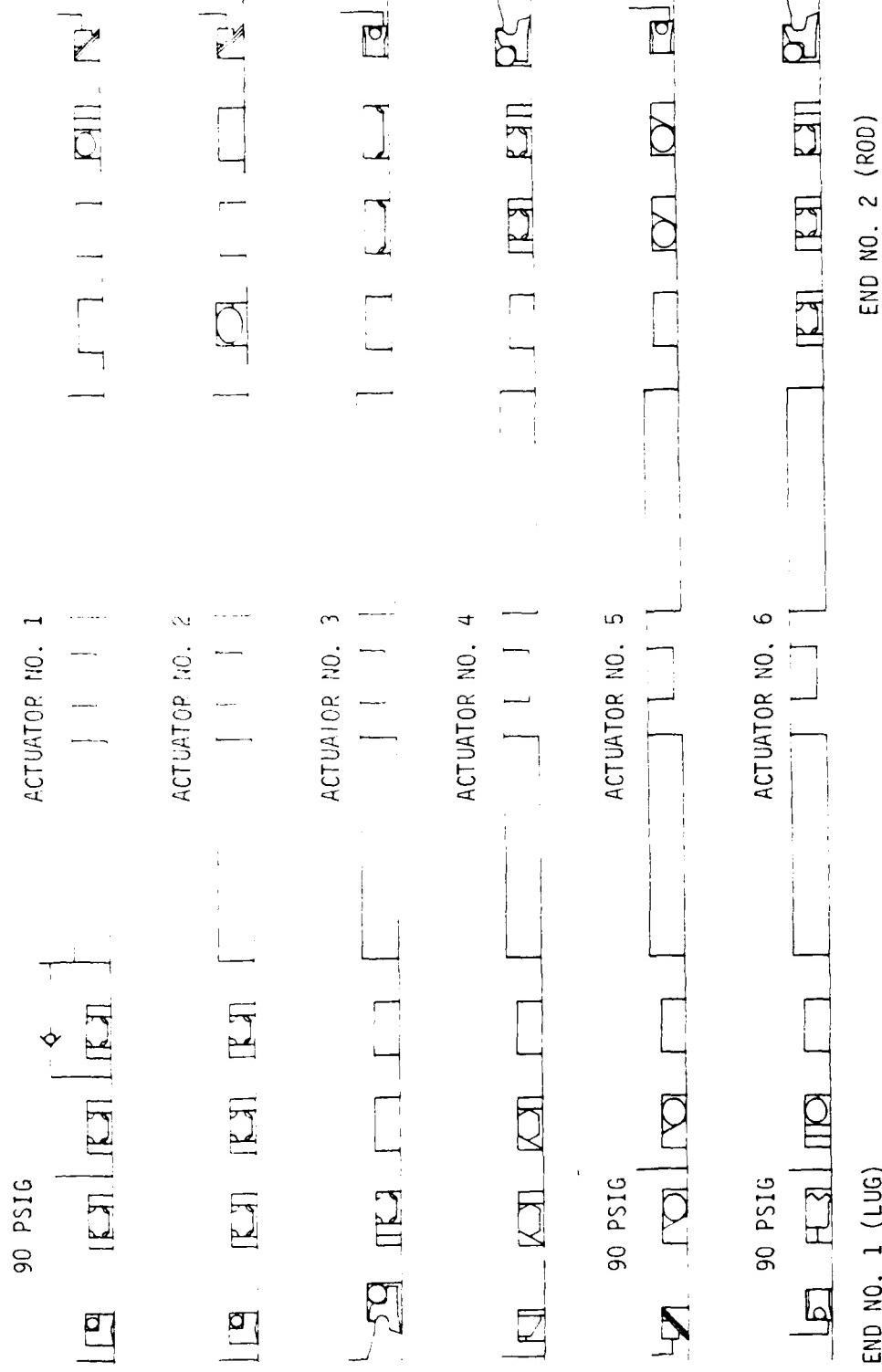


FIGURE 7. SEALS SELECTED FOR TASK III TEST

TABLE 7. TASK III ROD SEAL DESCRIPTION

#1

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER		MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C	D			
1	X		X	X	X	P1us Seal S30775-214P-19		W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
						Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19		W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X	X	X			W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
						X Excluder S32925-9P-19			
						X O-Ring M83461/1-121		Parker	MIL-P-83461
1	X		X			Double Delta S30650-214-14		W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
						X O-Ring M83461/1-214		Parker	MIL-P-83461
						X Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-14		W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
						X Seal Guard S-34-20		Hercules	Bronze with a Nitrile Load Ring

TABLE 7. CONTINUED

#2

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
2	X		X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
						Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X	X	X	Excluder S32925-9P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
						X O-Ring M83461/1-121	Parker	MIL-P-83461
2		X	X			Maxi-Flex Seal TF831M-7214	Tetrafluor	Tetralon 720
			X			O-Ring M83461/1-318	Parker	MIL-P-83461
						X Seal Guard S-34-20	Hercules	Bronze with a Nitrile Load Ring

TABLE 7. CONTINUED #3

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE A B C D	SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
3	X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
			X	Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Acetal Resin
			X	O-Ring 100-218-0074	Dowty Seals Limited	Nitrile

3	X	X	X X	Enercap Seal 595-21400-160 -PX1	Greene Tweed	Ekanol filled TFE Proprietary Nitrile
			X	Polypak 1870100074651053	Parker Packing	Polymyte

TABLE 7. (CONTINUED)

#6

ACT No.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
A	X		X	X		Con-O-Hex CEC 6001-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 6700 Proprietary 70 Durometer Nitrile
				X	X	Backup Ring CEC 110-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 6200
				X		Scraper CFC5091-998-55 and Spacer	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158
38	4	X	X	X	X	Plus Seal S30715-214P-19	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X	X		Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-10	W. S. Sharban	Elastomer per MIL-P-83461
				X		Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
				X		O-Ring 100-218-0074	Dowty Seals Limited	Acetal Resin Nitrile

TABLE 7 . CONTINUED

#5

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
5	X		X	X		Trapezoid Seal CEC5065-214	C. E. Conover	Revonoc 6200
			X	X		O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
				X		Seal Guard S-34-20	Hercules	Bronze with a nitrile Load Ring.
5	X		X	X		Trapezoid Seal CEC 5065-214	C. E. Conover	Revonoc 6200
			X	X		O-Ring M83461/1/214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
				X		Polypak 187010007 4651D53	Parker	Polymyte

TABLE 7. CONTINUED

#6

ACT N0.	LUG END	RON END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C	D		
6	X		X			Double Delta S30650-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X			O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
			X			Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X			Hat Seal S33051-214-99	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
			X			Polypak 1870100024651053	Parker	Polymyte
<hr/>								
6	X		X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
	X	X	X	X		Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler.
	X					Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Acetal Resin
	X					O-Ring 100-218-0074	Dowty Seals Limited	Nitrile

### TASK III - TESTING

Task III consisted of a 5 million a cycle endurance test and a 20 million cycle rotor feedback test. A summary of the Task III test is shown in Table 8.

Before the test could be performed, the test actuators were reworked to include press fit bronze inserts that were machined to accept four different kinds of scrapers. All rods were ground to restore the proper finish, and where necessary, replated and ground.

During the Task III test, the 2% stroke cycles at 8.33 Hz were superimposed on the 10% stroke cycles at 1.67 Hz, the 50% stroke cycles at .42 Hz and the full stroke cycles at .15 Hz by electrically combining the two sinusoidal wave forms electronically to form the command signal to the Electro-Hydraulic Servo Actuator that drove the hydraulic servo-valve. During the 2% stroke cycles at 8.33 Hz, a 0.15 Hz, +/- 1-inch stroke was superimposed in the same manner to prevent artificially overheating a seal and to more closely simulate flight conditions.

During the endurance test, 5,561,850 cycles were imposed on the seals. Of these, 5000 were full stroke, 25,000 were half stroke, 70,000 were 10% stroke and 5,461,850 were 2% stroke. During the 8000 psi tests the pressure from the pump started to decay during the short stroke cycles. The cause of decay was not known so cycling continued while the setup was monitored and parts were checked to isolate the problem. The pump was finally identified as the problem, so it was replaced on 28 July. An additional 440,500 of the short stroke cycles were run to assure that the test had met all requirements. During the rotor feedback test an additional 20,586,870 cycles were imposed. Of the 20,586,870 cycles, 10,634,940 cycles imposed a compression load and 9,951,930 imposed a tension load. A fully reversing sinusoidal load could not be imposed during rotor feedback because of stroke limitations of the Electro Mechanical Shaker, but the position of the actuators was varied sinusoidally at 0.15 Hz with a 2-inch double amplitude. The load imposed during rotor feedback tests was 33.3 - 966.6 lbs. per actuator, with a stroke of .015 - .02-inch.

The average pressurized friction for the Task III seals is shown in Figure 8. The unpressurized friction for the seals is shown in Table 11. The daily leakage for the seals is shown in Tables 9 and 10. A performance summary for each seal is given in Table C-1 in Appendix C. The measured critical dimensions for each actuator are given in Table C-2 in Appendix C.

All of the seals that failed the Task III test failed during the rotor feedback test. The Double Delta Seal (Rod End, Actuator No. 1) failed after 6,035,850 cycles. It was replaced by an O-ring with two Tetrafluor backup rings which failed after an additional 4,650,540 cycles. The O-ring was replaced by a Shamban Plus Seal with no backup rings. At the same time, the Greene Tweed Enercap Seals (rod end,

Actuator No. 3) were replaced because of excessive leakage. They were replaced by a two-stage Omni Seal installation. There were no additional failures during the rotor feedback test.

During the performance test at the end of the Task III test, it became obvious that the 25 cycles required would not produce measurable leakage. The technician was instructed to cycle the actuators for 2000 long stroke (+/- 1.75 in) cycles. After 1620 cycles the test stand reservoir was depleted by a massive failure of the replacement Plus Seal in the rod end of actuator no. 1. The test was terminated at that point since all requirements had been satisfied. The leakage results for the seals that completed the entire test are shown in Figure 9.

TABLE 8. TASK III TEST SUMMARY

<u>TYPE OF TEST</u>	<u>AMBIENT TEMPERATURE</u>	<u>FLUID TEMPERATURE</u>	<u>CYCLES</u>
Unpressurized Friction	Room Ambient	----	---
Pressurized Friction	Room Ambient	---	----
Acceptance	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
High Temp. 3000 psig test MIL-H-5606	60°F to 275°F	225°F+/-25°F	$2.56 \times 10^6$
Performance Test	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
<u>Fluid Change</u>	6-24-80		
Performance Test	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
High Temp 3000 psig Test MIL-H-83282	60°F to 275°F	225°F+/-25°F	$2.0 \times 10^6$
Performance Test	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
High Temp 8000 psig Test MIL-H-83282	60°F to 275°F	225°F+/-25°F	998,250
Performance Test	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	25 LS
Rotor Feedback	60°F to 275°F	225°F+/-25°F	$20.5 \times 10^6$
Performance Test	Room Ambient	Room Ambient	1620 LS

TABLE 9. LEAKAGE AND INTERSTAGE PRESSURE DATA  
DURING ENDURANCE TEST

ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (RON) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT NIGHT LKG.	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
1980 29 May	86°	0	500FS	0	0	90	0
30 May	79°	0	2500HS	0	0	0	0
2 June	80°	0	84600	0	0	90	0
3 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	90	0
4 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	90	0
5 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	90	0
6 June	81°	0	50000	500FS	0	90	0
9 June	74°	0	90000	2500HS	0	90	0
10 June	75°	0	180000	7000TS	0	90	0
11 June	76°	0	50000	500FS	0	90	0
			10000	2500HS	0	90	0
			7000TS				

3000 psig Test

FS = Full Stroke

HS = Half Stroke

TS = 10% Stroke

Short Stroke = 2% stroke

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (PLUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT D	STROKE CC	DROPS
				STROKE CC	DROPS	STROKE CC	DROPS
1980							
12 June	78°	0	137500	0	0	90	0
13 June	78°	0	140000	2500HS	0	90	0
16 June	80°	0	195000	50000	0	90	0
17 June	81°	0	202500	0	0	90	0
18 June	82°	0	92500	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0*	90	0
19 June	82°	0	175000	0	0	90	0
20 June	83°	0	200000	0	0	90	0
23 June	83	0	65000	0	0	90	0
24 June	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE						
25 June	82	0	50000	500FS 2500HS	0	90	0
26 June	78	0	1122500	7000TS	0	90	0
			3000 psig Test				

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C D	TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B C D	
27 June	85	0	190000	0	0	0	90	0	0
30 June	83	0	127500	500FS.	1890HS.	0	0	90	0
1 July	87	0	180000	7000 TS	610 HS	0	0	90	0
2 July	86	0	200000	0	0	0	90	0	0
3 July	85	0	110000	2500 HS	0	0	90	0	0
7 July	84	0	162500	7000 TS	0	0	90	0	0
8 July	84	Rod .6cc	202500	0	0	0	90	0	0
9 July	84	Rod 3 drops	75000	500 FS.	2500 HS.	0	0	90	0
10 July	86	Rod Trace	202500	0	0	0	90	0	0
11 July	85		80000	0	0	0	90	0	0
14 July	85	Rod Trace	157500	0	0	0	90	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT DROPS	TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT DROPS
17 July 1980	-	0	500FS	0	0	90	0
18 July 86	0	50000	7000TS	0	0	90	0
21 July 86	0	96250	2500HS	0	0	90	0
22 July 82	0	30000		0	0	90	0
23 July 82	0	157500		0	0	90	0
24 July 83	0	154000		0	0	90	0
25 July 85	0	60000		0	0	90	0
28 July 80	1 Dp Rod	42500		0	0	90	0
29 July 80	0	85000		0	0	90	0
30 July 82			No	Running -	No cooling water		
31 July 83	TR Rod	200000		0	0	90	0
1 Aug 83	0	113000		0	0	90	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	OVER NIGHT	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	LEAKAGE	
					SHORT	LONG	TEND OF DAY)	TEND OF DAY)	CC	D	CC	D
					STROKE	STROKE	STROKE	STROKE	CC	D	CC	D
29 May	86°	0			500FS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
30 May	79°	0	84600	7000TS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
3 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
4 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
5 June	80°	0	50000	500FS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
			90000	2500HS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
			7000TS	7000TS								-
6 June	81°	0	180000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
9 June	74°	0	180000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
10 June	75°	0	50000	500FS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
			10000	2500HS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
			7000TS	7000TS								-
11 June	76°	0	202500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (RON) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT A
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	END OF DAY DROPS	END OF DAY DROPS				
12 June	78°	0	137500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
13 June	78°	0	140000	2500HS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
16 June	80°	0	50000	7000TS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
17 June	81°	0	202500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
18 June	82°	0	92500	500FS	2500HS	0	0*	0	0	0	-
19 June	82°	0	175000	7000TS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
20 June	83°	0	200000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
23 June	83	0	65000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
24 June	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE			500 FS	500 HS	0	0	0	0	0	-
25 June	82	0	50000	2500 HS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
26 June	78	0	122500	7000 TS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-

3000 psig Test

\* Some fluid on rod

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	OVER NIGHT	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (TRD) LEAKAGE	
					SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT CC
27 June	85	0	190000	0	0	0	B	DROPS
30 June	83	0	127500	500 FS	1890 HS	0	C	0
1 July	87	0	180000	610 HS	0	C	C	0
2 July	86	0	200000	0	0	0	C	0
3 July	85	0	50000	500 FS	2500 HS	0	C	0
7 July	84	0	162500	7000 TS	0	0	C	0
8 July	84	0	202500	0	0	0	C	0
9 July	84	0	75000	500 FS	2500 HS	0	C	0
10 July	86	0	50000	7000 TS	0	0	C	0
11 July	85	0	202500	0	0	0	C	0
14 July	85	0	80000	0	0	0	C	0
			157500	0	0	0	C	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (JUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
17 July 1980	0	0	500FS	0	0	0	0
18 July 86	0	50000	7000TS	0	0	0	0
21 July 86	0	96250	2500HS	0	0	0	0
22 July 82	0	30000	0	0	0	0	0
23 July 82	0	157500	0	0	0	0	0
24 July 83	0	154000	0	0	0	0	0
25 July 83	0	60000	0	0	0	0	0
28 July 80	0	42500	0	0	0	0	0
29 July 80	0	85000	0	0	0	0	0
30 July 82		No Running - No Cooling water					
31 July 83	0	200000	0	0	0	0	0
1 Aug 83	0	113000	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
29 May 1980	86°	0	0	500FS	0	6	-
30 May	79°	0	84600	7000TS	0	0	-
2 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	-	-
3 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	-	-
4 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	-	-
5 June	80°	0	90000	50000	500FS	0	-
				2500HS	0	0	-
				7000TS	-	0	-
6 June	81°	0	180000	0	0	-	-
7 June	74°	0	180000	0	0	-	-
10 June	75°	0	500000	500FS	0	0	-
				2500HS	0	0	-
				7000TS	-	0	-
11 June	76°	0	202500	0	0	-	-
				-	0	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
				SHORT	LONG	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC	DROPS: B CC D	DROPS: B CC D
12 June:	78°	0	137500	0	0	-	-	0	0
13 June:	78°	0	140000	500FS	0	-	-	0	0
16 June:	80°	0	95000	2500HS	0	-	-	0	0
17 June:	81°	0	202500	0	0	-	-	0	0
18 June:	82°	0	92500	500FS	0	-	-	0	0
				2500HS	0	-	-	0	0
				7000TS	-	-	-	-	-
19 June:	82°	0	175000	0	0	-	-	0	0
20 June:	83°	0	200000	0	0	-	-	0	0
23 June:	83	0	65000	0	0	-	-	0	0
24 June:	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE			500 FS	-	-	-	-	-
25 June:	82	0	50000	2500 HS	0	0	-	0	0
26 June:	78	0	122500	7000 TS	0	0	-	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	(END OF DAY) DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT D
27 June	85	0	190000	0	0	-	0	0	0
30 June	83	0	127500	500 FS	1890 HS	0	0	0	0
1 July	87	0	180000	610 HS	7000 TS	0	0	0	0
2 July	86	0	200000	0	0	-	0	0	0
3 July	85	0	500000	500 FS	2500 HS	0	0	0	0
7 July	84	0	162500	7000 TS	0	0	0	0	0
8 July	84	0	202500	0	0	-	0	0	0
9 July	84	0	500000	500 FS	2500 HS	0	0	0	0
10 July	86	0	202500	0	0	-	0	0	0
11 July	85		800000	0	0	-	0	0	0
14 July	85	0	157500	0	0	-	0	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	TEND OF DAY DROPS CC	TEND OF DAY DROPS B	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT D
17 July 1980	-	0	500	0	0	-	0	0	0
18 July 86	86	0	500000	7000	0	-	0	0	0
21 July 86	86	TRACE	96250	0	0	-	0	0	0
22 July 82	82	0	30000	0	0	-	0	0	0
23 July 82	82	TR LUG TR ROD	157500	0	0	-	0	0	0
24 July 83	83	0	154000	0	0	-	0	0	0
25 July 85	85	0	60000	0	0	-	0	0	0
28 July 80	80	0	42500	0	0	-	0	0	0
29 July 80	80	0	85000	0	0	-	0	0	0
30 July			No Running - No Cooling water						
31 July 83	83	TRACE ROD	200000	0	0	-	0	0	0
1 Aug 83	83	0	113000	0	0	-	0	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTIVATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC - DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC - DROPS
29 May	86°	0	0	500FS	0	-	-
30 May	79°	0	84600	2500HS	0	0	0
2 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	0	0
3 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	0	0
4 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	0	0
5 June	80°	0	50000	500FS	0	0	0
6 June	81°	0	90000	2500HS	0	0	0
6/09/80	74°	0	180000	7000TS	0	0	0
10 June	75°	0	100000	500FS	0	0	0
11 June	76°	0	202500	2500HS	0	0	0
				7000TS	-	0	0

3000 psig Test

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
1980 12 June	78°	0	137500	0	0	0	0
13 June	78°	0	140000	500FS 2500HS	0	0	0
16 June	80°	0	500000	0	0	0	0
17 June	81°		950000	0	0	0	0
18 June	82°	0	202500	0	0	0	0
19 June	82°	0	92500	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0	0	0
20 June	83°	0	175000	0	0	0	0
23 June	83	0	200000	0	0	0	0
24 June			65000	0	0	0	0
25 June	82	0	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE			NO CYCLING	
				500 FS 2500 HS	0	0	0
26 June	78	LUG END TRACE	122500	7000 TS	0	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NIGHT LG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES		LONG STROKE	END OF DAY STROKE	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT		END NUMBER 2 (PROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT	LONG			CC DROPS	B CC	DCC	DOPS B C
				STROKE	STROKE			C	B	C	DOPS C D
1980 27 June	85	0	190000	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
30 June	83	0	127500	500 FS	1890 HS	0	0	-	0	0	- 0 0
1 July	87	0	180000	670 HS	7000 TS	0	0	-	0	0	- 0 0
2 July	86	0	200000	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
3 July	85	0	110000	500000	500 FS	0	0	-	0	0	- 0 0
7 July	84	0	162500	2500 HS	0	0	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
8 July	84	0	202500	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
9 July	84	0	75000	500 FS	0	0	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
10 July	86	0	50000	2500 HS	7000 TS	0	0	-	0	0	- 0 0
11 July	85		202500	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
14 July	85	0	80000	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0
			157500	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	- 0 0

3000 psig Test

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				NIGHT LKG.	SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	TEND OF DAY DROPS
17 July 1980	-	0	500FS	0	0	-	0
18 July	86	0	50000	7000TS	0	0	0
21 July	86	0	96250	0	0	0	0
22 July	82	0	30000	0	0	0	0
23 July	82	0	157500	0	0	0	0
24 July	83	0	154000	0	0	0	0
25 July	85	0	60000	0	0	0	0
28 July	80	0	42500	0	0	0	0
29 July	80	0	85000	0	0	0	0
30 July	82	No	Running - No Cooling water				
31 July	83	0	200000	0	0	0	0
1 Aug	83		113000	0	0	0	0

8000 psig Test

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE 1980	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT 500FS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
29 May	86°	0	2500HS	0	0	90	0
30 May	70°	0	84600	7000TS	0	90	0
2 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	90	0
3 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	90	0
4 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	90	0
5 June	80°	0	50000	500FS	0	90	0
			90000	2500HS	0	90	0
			7000TS				
6 June	81°	0	180000	0	0	90	0
9 June	74°	0	180000	0	0	90	0
10 June	75°	0	50000	500FS	0	90	0
			100000	2500HS	0	90	0
			7000TS				
11 June	76°	0	202500	0	0	90	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				(END OF DAY) DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	(END OF DAY) DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT D
12 June 1980	78°	0	137500	0	-	90	-
13 June	78°	0	140000	500FS 2500HS	0	90	-
16 June	80°	0	195000	0	0	90	-
17 June	81°	0	202500	0	0	90	-
18 June	82°	0	92500	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0	90	-
19 June	82°	0	175000	0	0	90	-
20 June	83°	0	200000	0	0	90	-
23 June	83	0	65000	0	0	90	-
24 June	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE					0	-
25 June	82	0	50000	500 FS 2500 HS	0	90	-
26 June	78	0	122500	7000TS	0	90	-

61

3000 psig Test

\* Some fluid on rod.

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (TRON) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
				SHORT	LONG	END OF DAY	END OF DAY		
27 June	85	0	190000	0	0	-	90	-	0
30 June	83	0	127500	500 FS	0	-	90	-	0
1 July	87	0	180000	1890 HS	0	-	90	-	0
2 July	86	0	200000	610 HS	0	-	90	-	0
3 July	85	0	110000	7000 TS	0	-	90	-	0
7 July	84	0	162500	500000 FS	0	-	90	-	0
9 July	84	0	202500	2500 HS	0	-	90	-	0
9 July	84	0	50000	75000 FS	0	-	90	-	0
10 July	86	0	202500	2500 HS	0	-	90	-	0
11 July	85	0	80000	7000 TS	0	-	90	-	0
14 July	85	0	157500	0	0	-	90	-	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

		START UP	OVER NIGHT	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
	DATE	TEMP.	LKG.	SHORT LONG	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	
			STROKE	STROKE	CC DRC'S	B C	CC DROPS B C
	17 July	-	0	500FS	0 0	- 90	0 0
	18 July	86	0	50000 2500HS	0 0	- 90	0 0
	21 July	86	0	96250	0 0	- 90	0 0
	22 July	82	0	30000	0 0	- 90	0 0
	23 July	82	0	157500	0 0	- 90	0 0
	24 July	83	0	154000	0 0	- 90	0 0
	25 July	85	0	60000	0 0	- 90	0 0
	28 July	80	0	42500	0 0	- 90	0 0
	29 July	80	0	85000	0 0	- 90	0 0
	30 July	82		No Running - No Cooling Water			
	31 July	83	0	20000	0 0	- 90	0 0
	1 Aug	83	0	113000	0 0	- 90	0 0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	TEMP.	UP LKG.	OVER NIGHT	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (PON) LEAKAGE			
					SHORT	LONG	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT	(END OF DAY)	
1980 29 May	86°	0	0	500FS 2500HS	0	0	-	90	B	CC	D
30 May	79°	0	84600	7000TS	0	0	-	90	C	D	C
2 June	80°	0	115000	0	0	0	-	90	C	D	C
3 June	80°	0	105000	0	0	0	-	90	B	CC	D
*4 June	80°	0	189000	0	0	0	-	90	B	CC	D
5 June	80°	0	500000 90000 7000TS	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0	0	-	90	B	CC	D
6 June	81°	0	180000	0	0	0	-	90	C	D	C
9 June	74°	0	18000	0	0	0	-	90	B	CC	D
10 June	75°	0	10000	50000	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0	0	-	90	B	CC
11 June	76°	0	202500	0	0	0	-	90	C	D	C

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	START UP TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (TUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (TRON) LEAKAGE		PORT
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX)	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX)	
				CC DROPS	B C	CC DROPS	B C	D
1980 12 June	78°	0	137500	0	0	90	0	0
13 June	78°	0	140000	500FS 2500HS	0	90	0	0
16 June	80°	0	195000	7000TS	0	90	0	0
17 June	81°	0	202500	0	0	90	0	0
18 June	82°	0	92500	500FS 2500HS 7000TS	0	90	0	0
6/19/80	83°	0	175000	0	0	90	0	0
6/20/80	83°	0	200000	0	0	90	0	0
June 23	83	0	65000	-	0	90	0	0
24 June	NO CYCLING FLUID CHANGE			500 FS	-	-	-	-
25 June	82	0	50000	2500 HS	0	90	0	0
26 June	78	0	122500	7000 TS	0	90	0	0

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	TEMP.	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	START : OVER IP		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				SHORT STROKE	LONG STROKE	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT D
27 June	85	0	190000	0	-	90	0	0	0
30 June	83	0	127500	500 FS.	1890 HS.	0	0	0	0
1 July	87	0	180000	7000 TS.	0	0	90	0	0
2 July	86	0	200000	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 July	85	0	1100000	500 FS.	2500 HS.	0	0	0	0
7 July	84	0	162500	7000 TS.	0	0	-	90	0
8 July	84	0	202500	0	0	-	90	0	0
9 July	84	0	75000	500 FS.	2500 HS.	0	0	0	0
10 July	86	0	500000	7000 TS.	0	0	-	90	0
11 July	85	0	202500	0	0	-	90	0	0
14 July	85	0	80000	0	0	-	90	0	0
			157500	0	0	-	90	0	0

3000 psig Test

TABLE 9. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	TEMP.	OVER UP NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	TEND OF DAY	PORT
				SHORT	LONG	CC	DROPS			
17 July 1980	-	0	500FS	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
18 July	86	0	50000	7000TS	0	0	-	90	0	0
21 July	86	0	96250	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
22 July	82	0	30000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
23 July	82	0	157500	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
24 July	83	0	154000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
25 July	85	0	60000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
28 July	80	0	42500	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
29 July	80	0	85000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
30 July	82	No. Running - No Cooling water								
31 July	83	0	200000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0
1 Aug	83	0	113000	0	0	-	-	90	0	0

TABLE 10. LEAKAGE AND INTERSTAGE PRESSURE DATA DURING ROTOR FEEDBACK TEST

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
		DAILY CUMUL	(END OF DAY) DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	(END OF DAY) DROPS CC
1980					
25 Aug *	117000 *	117000	0	0	0
26 Aug *	353400 *	470400	0	0	0
27 Aug *	3600 *	474000	0	0	0
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1				
28 Aug *	486000 *	960000	0	0	0
29 Aug *	483000 *	1443600	0	TR	0
2 Sept *	508800 *	1952400	0	0	0
3 Sept *#	87600 *	2040000	0	0	0
	446250 #	2486250	0	0	0
4 Sept	.6371500	.3123750	0	0	0
5 Sept	.656250	.3780000	0	0	0

\* 10 Hertz  
 # Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
			(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
	CUMUL CC DROPS	B C D	CC	DROPS: B C D
8 Sept	542250	4322250 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
9 Sept **	667500	4989750 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
10 Sept ##	792960	5782710 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
11 Sept	806400	6589110 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
12 Sept	801600	7390710 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
15 Sept *	674880	8065590 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 TR
16 Sept	760320	8825910 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
17 Sept	812160	9638070 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
18 Sept	753600	10391670 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 TR
19 Sept	294720	10686390 0 0 0	90 0 0 0	0 0 0 TR
22-24 Sept !REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3.				

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	DAILY CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
		(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT
DAILY CYCLES	CUMUL	CC DROPS	B C D	CC DROPS	B C D	C D	
1980							
25 Sept	651840	11338230	0	TR	0	90	0
26 Sept	872640	12210870	0	TR	0	90	0
29 Sept **	854400	13065270	0	TR	0	90	0
30 Sept	849600	13914870	0	0	0	90	0
1 Oct	765120	14679990	0	0	0	90	0
2 Oct	831360	155111350	0	0	0	90	0
3 Oct	316800	15828150	0	0	0	90	0
6 Oct	369600	16197750	0	0	0	90	0
7 Oct	379200	16576950	0	0	0	90	0

70

\* Change to Negative Load  
 \*\* Change to Positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
			(END OF DAY)		(MAX) PORT
			CUMUL	CUMUL	DROPS
1980					
8 Oct	403200	16980150	0	0	90
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0	0	90
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0	0	90
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0	0	90
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0	0	90
**	86400	18359670	0	0	90
15 Oct	456000	18815670	0	0	90
16 Oct	441600	19257270	0	0	90
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	90

\*\* Change to positive load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 1

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
	DAILY CYCLES	CUMUL	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
	CC	CC	B	C	D	C
20 Oct	446400	20150070	0	0	90	0
21 Oct	436800	20586870	0	0	90	0
21 Oct		1620LS	0	3	90	0
TOTAL			20586870		35+	0
	+ 1620LS	+ 141480	+/-1.0 STROKE			

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	DAILY : CUMUL	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	(END OF DAY) DROPS	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	
				CC	CC	B	C	D	CC	B	C
1980											
25 Aug *	1117000 *	1117000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
26 Aug *	353400 *	470400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
27 Aug *	3600 *	474000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1										
28 Aug *	486000 *	9600000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
29 Aug *	483000 *	11443600	0	TR	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2 Sept *	508800 *	11952400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
3 Sept *#	87600 *	20400000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
		446250 #	12486250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
4 Sept	637500	3123750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
5 Sept	656250	3780000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-

\* 10 Hertz

# Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1		(LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2		(ROD) LEAKAGE	
		DAILY	CUMUL	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT DROPS	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT DROPS	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT DROPS
8 Sept	542250	4322250	0	0	0	C	D	B	C
9 Sept **	667500	4989750	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
10 Sept #	792960	5782710	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
11 Sept	806400	6589110	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
12 Sept	801600	7390710	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
15 Sept *	674880	8065590	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
16 Sept	760320	8825910	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
17 Sept	812160	9638070	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
18 Sept	753600	10391670	0	0	0	C	D	C	C
19 Sept	294720	10686390	0	0	0	C	D	C	C

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz  
 \* Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE				END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE			
		(END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT		(END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	
		CUMUL	CC DROPS	B	C	D	CC DROPS	B	C
1980									
22-24 Sept	REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3								
25 Sept	651840	11338230	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
26 Sept	.872640	12210870	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
29 Sept **	.854400	13065270	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
30 Sept	.849600	13914870	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
1 Oct	.765120	14679990	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Oct	.831360	15511350	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
3 Oct*	.316800	15828150	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
6 Oct	.369600	16197750	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
7 Oct	.379200	16576950	0	0	0	0	0	0	-

\* Change to negative Load  
 \*\* Change to positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE 1980	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	DAILY CUMUL	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
			(END OF DAY) DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	PORT C	(END OF DAY) DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	PORT C
8 Oct	403200	16980150	0	0	0	0	0	0
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0	0	0	0	0	0
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0	0	0	0	0	0
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0	0	0	0	0	0
**	86400	18359670	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 Oct	456000	18815670	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 Oct	441600	19257270	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	0	0	0	0

\*\* Change to positive load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 2

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
		(END OF DAY) DAILY CUMUL	(END OF DAY) DAILY CUMUL	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS
20 Oct	446400	20150070	0	0	0	0	0
21 Oct	436800	20586870	0	0	0	0	0
21 Oct		1620LS	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL		20586870 + 1620LS + 141480 +/- 1.0 STROKE					

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	DAILY	CUMUL	END NUMBER 1 (JUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
			(END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
			CC	DROPS	B	C	D	C
1980								
25 Aug	*	117000	*	117000	0	0	-	0
26 Aug	*	353400	*	470400	0	0	-	0
27 Aug	*	3600	*	474000	0	0	-	0
		REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1						
28 Aug	*	486000	*	960000	0	0	-	0
29 Aug	*	483000	*	1443600	0	TR	-	0
		78						
2 Sept	*	508800	*	11952400	0	TR	-	0
3 Sept	#	87600	*	2040000	0	0	0.7	0
						1.3	0	-
4 Sept		446250	#	2486250	0	0	-	1500
5 Sept		637500		3123750	0	0	-	0
					0	1.0	0	-
					0	11.0	0	-
					0	11.0	0	-
					0	11.0	0	-
					0	11.0	0	-
					0	11.0	0	-

\* 10 Hertz  
 # Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
		CC DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B C D	DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B C D
8 Sept	5442250	4322250	0 0 -	0	-
9 Sept **	667500	4989750	0 0 -	0	-
10 Sept ##	792960	5782710	0 0 -	0	-
11 Sept	806400	6589110	0 0 -	0	-
12 Sept	801600	7390710	0 0 -	0	-
15 Sept *	674880	8065590	0 0 -	0	-
16 Sept	760320	8825910	0 0 -	0	-
17 Sept	812160	9638070	0 0 -	0	-
18 Sept	753600	10391670	0 0 -	0	-
19 Sept	294720	10686390	0 0 -	0	-

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz  
 \* Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY COMMUT	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
		(END OF DAY) DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	(END OF DAY) DROPS CC	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C D
1980					
22-24 Sept	REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3				
25 Sept	651840	11338230	0	0	0
26 Sept	872640	12210870	0 TR	-	0
29 Sept **	854400	13065270	0	-	0
30 Sept	849600	13914870	0	-	0
80 1 Oct	765120	14679990	0	0	31
2 Oct	831360	15511350	.4	0	0.4
3 Oct *	316800	15828150	0	0	3.2
6 Oct	369600	16197750	0	-	0
7 Oct	379200	16576950	0	-	0

80

\* Change to negative Load  
 \*\* Change to positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 CUMUL	(LUG) LEAKAGE		PORT	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT	(END OF DAY) LEAKAGE
			CC	DROPS						
1980 8 Oct	403200	16980150	0	0	-	-	0	1.3	0	-
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0	0	-	-	0	3.55	0	-
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0	0	-	-	0	1.55	0	-
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0	0	-	-	0	3.3	0	-
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0	0	-	-	0	0.9	0	-
**	86400	18359670	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	-
15 Oct	456000	18815670	0	0	-	-	0	0	3	-
16 Oct	441600	19257270	0	0	-	-	0	1.2	0	-
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	-	-	0	1.2	0	-

\*\* Change to positive load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

ACTUATOR NUMBER 3

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY CUMUL	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS B C T	END NUMBER 2 (P0D) LEAKAGE TEND OF DAY PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS B C T					
			DAILY	CUMUL	CC	DROPS	B	C
20 Oct	446400	20150070 0 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0						
21 Oct	436800	20586870 0 0 - - 0 0 10 0 0						
21 Oct		1620LS 0 5 - - 0 0 0 5 0						
TOTAL		20586870 + 1620LS + 141480 +/- 1.0 STROKE						

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
		DAILY CUMUL	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	B C H		
1980							
25 Aug *	117000 *	117000	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
26 Aug *	353400 *	470400	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
27 Aug *	3600 *	474000	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1						
28 Aug *	486000 *	960000	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
29 Aug *	483000 *	1443600	0 TR -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2 Sept *	508800 *	1952400	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
3 Sept *#	87600 *	2040000	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	446250 #	2486250	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
4 Sept	637500	3123750	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
5 Sept	656250	3780000	0 0 -	0 0 0	- 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

\* 10 Hertz

# Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE				
	DAILY	CUMUL	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX)	POPT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX)	PORT	
	CC	CC	CC	B	C	CC	B	C	D
8 Sept	542250	4322250	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
9 Sept **	667500	4989750	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
10 Sept ##	792960	5782710	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
11 Sept	806400	6589110	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
12 Sept	801600	7390710	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
15 Sept *	674880	8065590	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
16 Sept	760320	8825910	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
17 Sept	812160	9638070	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
18 Sept	753600	10391670	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
19 Sept	294720	10686390	0	0	-	0	0	0	0

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz  
 \* Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	DAILY CUMUL	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE (END OF DAY)		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE (END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B C DROPS
		CC	CC DROPS	R	C	TCC	D		
1980									
22-24 Sept	REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3								
25 Sept	651840	11338230	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
26 Sept	872640	12210870	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
29 Sept **	854400	13065270	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
30 Sept	849600	13914870	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
1 Oct	765120	14679990	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
2 Oct	831360	15511350	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
3 Oct *	316800	15828150	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
6 Oct	369600	16197750	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
7 Oct	379200	16576950	0	0	-	0	0	0	0

\* Change to negative Load  
 \*\* Change to positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE							
	DAILY	CUMUL	TEND OF DAY	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	TEND OF DAY	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT						
			CC	DROPS	B	C	D	CC	DROPS	B	C	D
1980												
8 Oct	403200	16980150	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
**	86400	18359670	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
15 Oct	456000	18815670	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
16 Oct	441600	19257270	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0

\*\* Change to positive load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

ACTIVATOR NUMBER 4

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (END OF DAY)	(LUG) LEAKAGE	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	END OF DAY	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	END NUMBER 2 (END OF DAY)	(LUG) LEAKAGE
DAILY	CURRTE	CC	DROPS	B	C	N	CC	DROPS
20 Oct	446400	20150070	0	0	-	0	0	0
21 Oct	436800	20586870	0	0	-	0	0	0
21 Oct		1620LS	0	0	-	0	0	0
TOTAL		20586870						
		+ 1620LS						
		+ 141480						+/- 1.0 STROKE

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

ACTIVATOR NUMBER 5

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
			(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
DAILY	CUMUL	CC DROPS	B C D	CC DROPS	B C D
1980					
25 Aug *	1117000 *	1117000	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
26 Aug *	353400 *	470400	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
27 Aug *	3600 *	474000	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1				
28 Aug *	486000 *	960000	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
29 Aug *	483000 *	1443600	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
2 Sept *	508800 *	1952400	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
3 Sept **	87600 *	2040000	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1				
4 Sept	637500	3123750	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -
5 Sept	656250	3780000	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 -

- \* 10 Hertz
- # Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE	DAILY CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE		
		CURRENT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	DROPS
		CC	CC	CC	CC	CC	CC
8 Sept	542250	4322250	0	0	-	90	-
9 Sept **	667500	4989750	0	0	-	90	-
10 Sept ##	792960	5782710	0	0	-	90	-
11 Sept	806400	6589110	0	0	-	90	-
12 Sept	801600	7390710	0	0	-	90	-
15 Sept *	674880	8065590	0	0	-	90	-
16 Sept	760320	8825910	0	0	-	90	-
17 Sept	812160	9638070	0	0	-	90	-
18 Sept	753600	10391670	0	0	-	90	-
19 Sept	294720	10686390	0	0	-	90	-

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz  
 \* Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED  
ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE 1980	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE (END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	END NUMBER 2 (ROP) LEAKAGE (END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	
			B	C
22-24 Sept	REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3			
25 Sept	651840	11338230	0	0
26 Sept	872640	12210870	0	0
29 Sept **	854400	13065270	0	0
30 Sept	849600	13914870	0	0
1 Oct	765120	14679990	0	0
2 Oct	831360	15511350	0	0
3 Oct *	316800	15828150	0	0
6 Oct	369600	16197750	0	0

\* Change to negative Load  
\*\* Change to positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE 1980	ROTOR FEEDBACK	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D
	CYCLES	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D		
	DAILY : CUMUL	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D	(TEND OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC : DROPS : B : C : D : CC : DROPS : B : C : D		
7 Oct	379200	16576950	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
8 Oct	403200	16980150	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
**	86400	18359670	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
15 Oct	456000	18815670	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
16 Oct	441600	19257270	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0 0 - 90 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0		

\*\* Change to positive load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 5

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
		DAILY CUMUL	(END OF DAY) DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	(END OF DAY) DROPS
20 Oct	446400	20150070	0	-	90
21 Oct	436800	20586870	0	-	90
21 Oct		1620LS	0	-	90
TOTAL		20586870		-	0
	+ 1620LS			-	0
	+ 141480	+/-1.0 STROKE		-	0

TABLE 10: CONTINUED

ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES		END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
	DAILY	CUMUL	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT
	CC	CC	DROPS	B	C	CC
1980						
25 Aug *	117000	*	117000	0	0	-
26 Aug *	353400	*	470400	0	0	-
27 Aug *	3600	*	474000	0	0	-
	REPLACED ROD END SEAL IN ACTUATOR #1					
28 Aug *	486000	*	960000	0	0	-
29 Aug *	483000	*	11443600	0	0	-
2 Sept *	508800	*	1952400	0	0	-
3 Sept *#	87600	*	2040000	0	0	-
	446250 # 2486250					
4 Sept	637500		3123750	0	0	-
5 Sept	6566250		3780000	0	0	-

\* 10 Hertz

```
# Change to negative load
```

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
		(END OF DAY)		PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	
		DAILY CUMUL	CC DROPS	B C D	CC DROPS B C D
8 Sept	542250	4322250	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
9 Sept **	667500	4989750	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
10 Sept #	792960	5782710	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
11 Sept	806400	6589110	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
12 Sept	801600	7390710	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
15 Sept *	674880	8065590	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
16 Sept	760320	8825910	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
17 Sept	812160	9638070	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
18 Sept	753600	10391670	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0
19 Sept	294720	10686390	0 0	- 90	0 0 0 0

\*\* Change to positive load  
 ## Change to 16.0 Hertz  
 \* Change to negative load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE			END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE			
		(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	(END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT CC DROPS	B	C	D
1980	CUMUL	CC	C	D	CC	B	C	D
22-24 Sept	REPLACED ROD END SEALS IN ACT. NO. 1 AND ACT. NO. 3							
25 Sept	651840	113338230	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
26 Sept	872640	12210870	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
29 Sept **	854400	13065270	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
30 Sept	849600	13914870	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
1 Oct	765120	14679990	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
2 Oct	831360	15511350	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
3 Oct *	316800	15828150	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
6 Oct	369600	16197750	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-
7 Oct	379200	16576950	0 0 -	90 -	0 0 0	0 0 0	-	-

95

\* Change to negative Load  
 \*\* Change to positive Load

TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (RON) LEAKAGE	
		(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C		(END OF DAY) PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C	
		CC	DROPS	CC	DROPS
8 Oct 1980	403200	16980150	0	0	-
9 Oct	412800	17392950	0	0	-
10 Oct	395520	17788470	0	0	-
13 Oct	398400	18186870	0	0	-
14 Oct	86400	18273270	0	0	-
**+	86400	18359670	0	0	-
	456000	18815670	0	0	-
15 Oct	441600	19257270	0	0	-
16 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	-
17 Oct	446400	19703670	0	0	-

\*\* Change to positive load

AD-A103 201

VOUGHT CORP DALLAS TX  
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT. (U)  
JUN 81 K E WHITFILL.

F/6 1/3

UNCLASSIFIED

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USAAVRADCOM-TR-81-D-17 NL

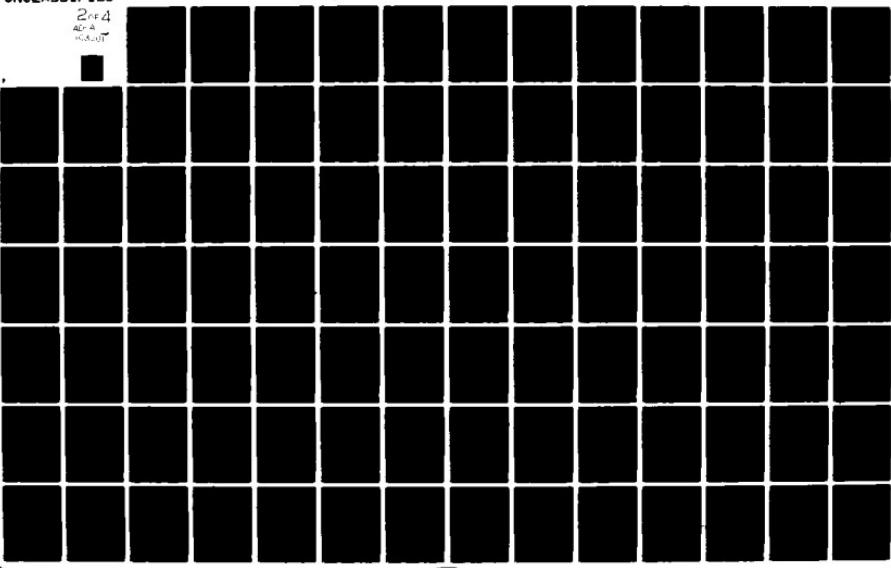


TABLE 10. CONTINUED

## ACTUATOR NUMBER 6

DATE	ROTOR FEEDBACK CYCLES DAILY	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE (END OF DAY)	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT	END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE			
				CUMUL	DROPS	CC	CC
20 Oct	446400	20150070	0	0	-	90	-
21 Oct	436800	20586870	0	0	-	90	-
21 Oct		1620LS	0	0	-	90	-
TOTAL		20586870					
		+ 1620LS					
		+ 141480	+/-1.0 STROKE				

TABLE 11. UNPRESSURIZED FRICTION OF TASK III SEALS

ACTUATOR NUMBER	LUG END	ROD END	Avg. EXTEND	BREAKOUT	FRICITION LB RETRACT	Avg. EXTEND	RUNNING	FRICITION LB RETRACT
1	X	X	33.7	27.1	19.6	19.0		
			24.2	22.1	17.8			16.2
2	X	X	35.5	28.6	21.0		19.9	
			17.0	15.5	10.0			10.0
3	X	X	29.6	27.0	15.4		15.2	
			37.2	36.3	19.6			19.2
4	X	X	33.8	26.8	18.8		16.0	
			43.6	40.8	20.2			18.8
5	X	X	17.2	16.8	9.2		10.4	
			36.4	38.6	19.8			22.0
6	X	X	44.8	39.5	27.0		24.6	
			41.4	42.5	27.2			26.8

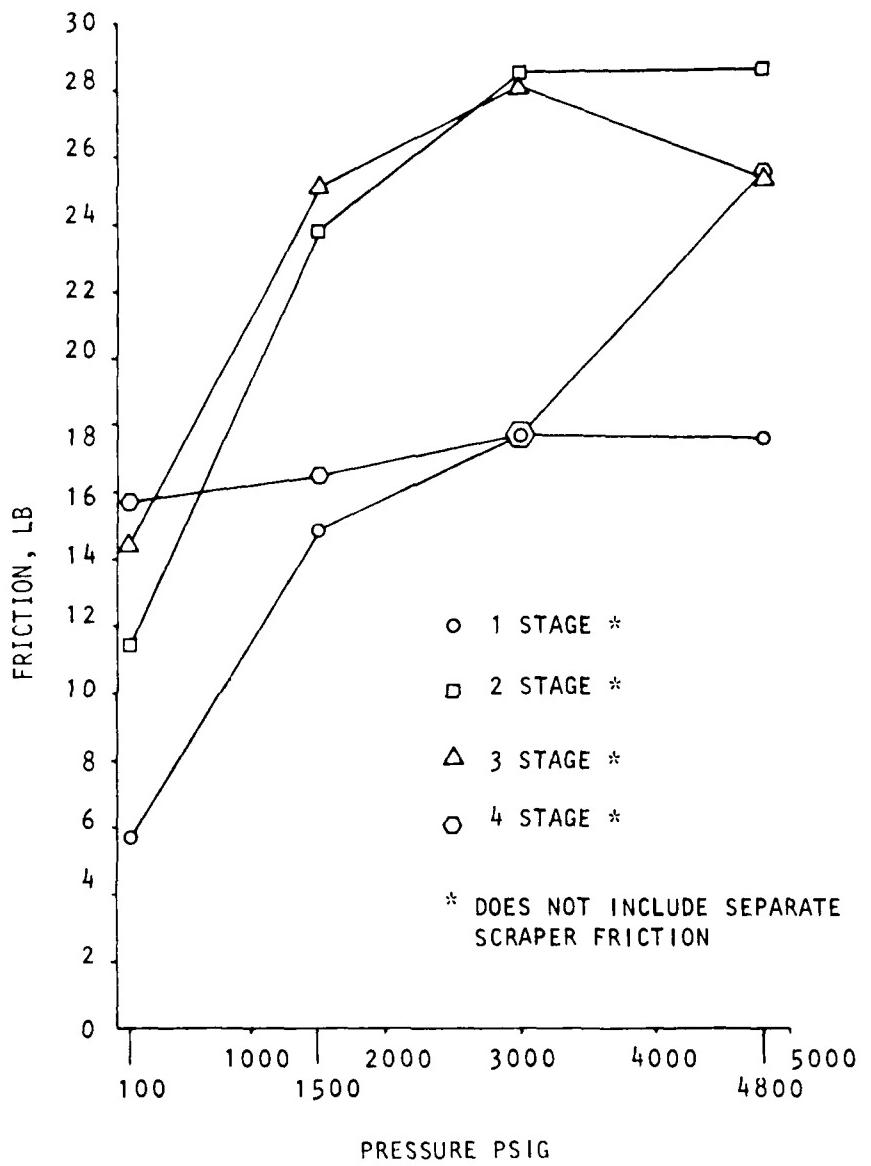


FIGURE 8. PRESSURIZED FRICTION OF TASK III SEALS

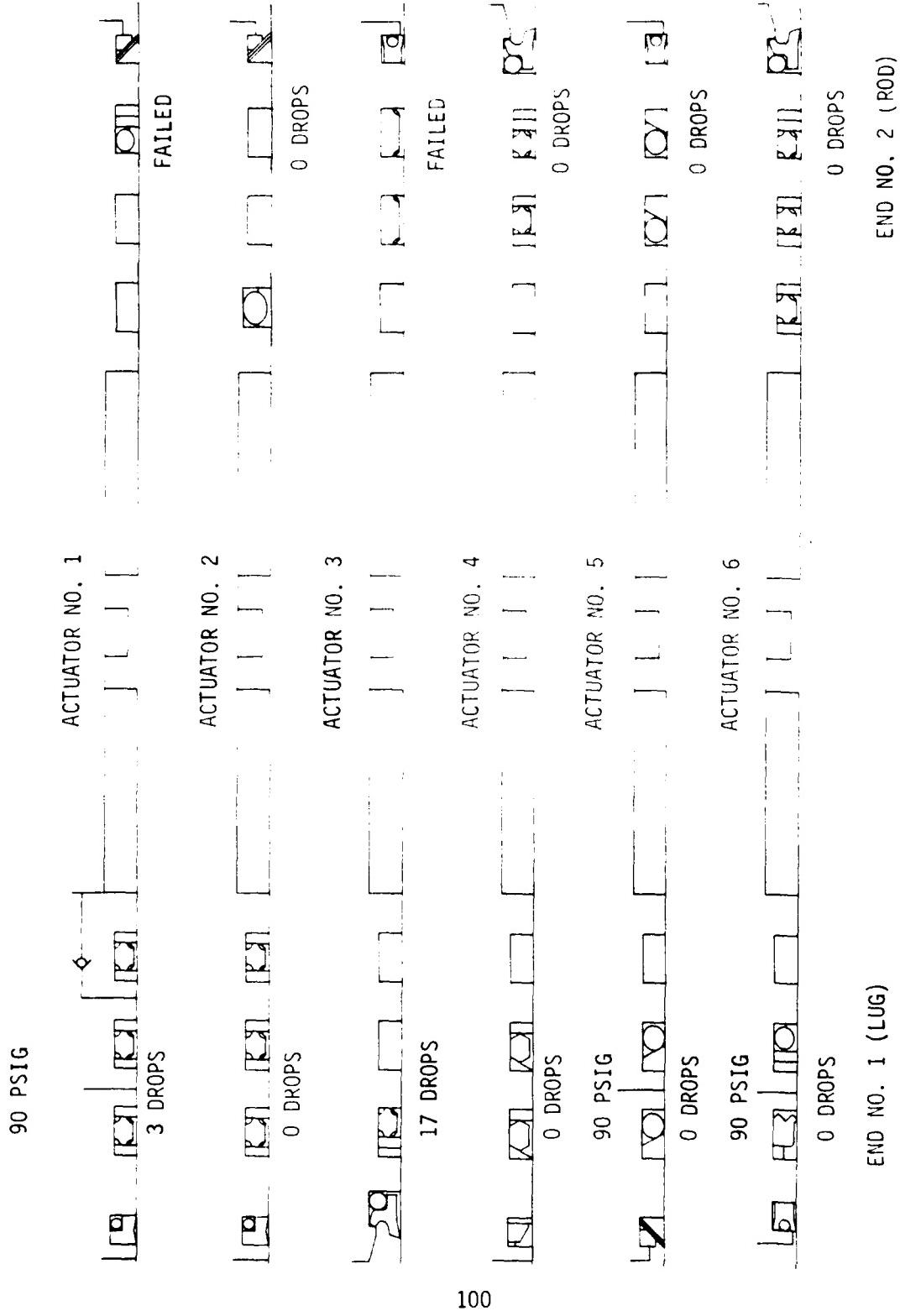


FIGURE 9. TASK III SEAL LEAKAGE

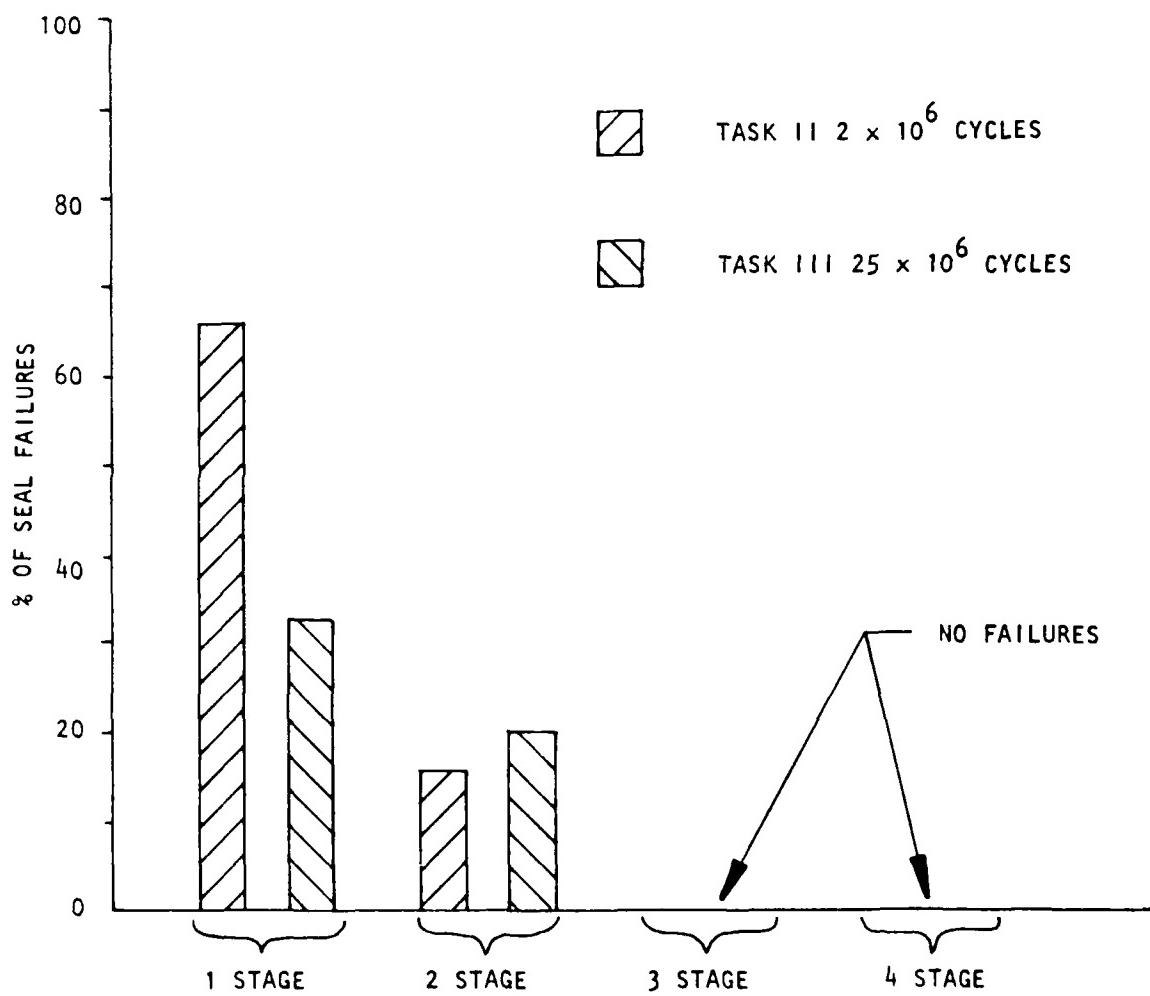


FIGURE 10. COMPARISON OF SEAL FAILURES BY STAGE

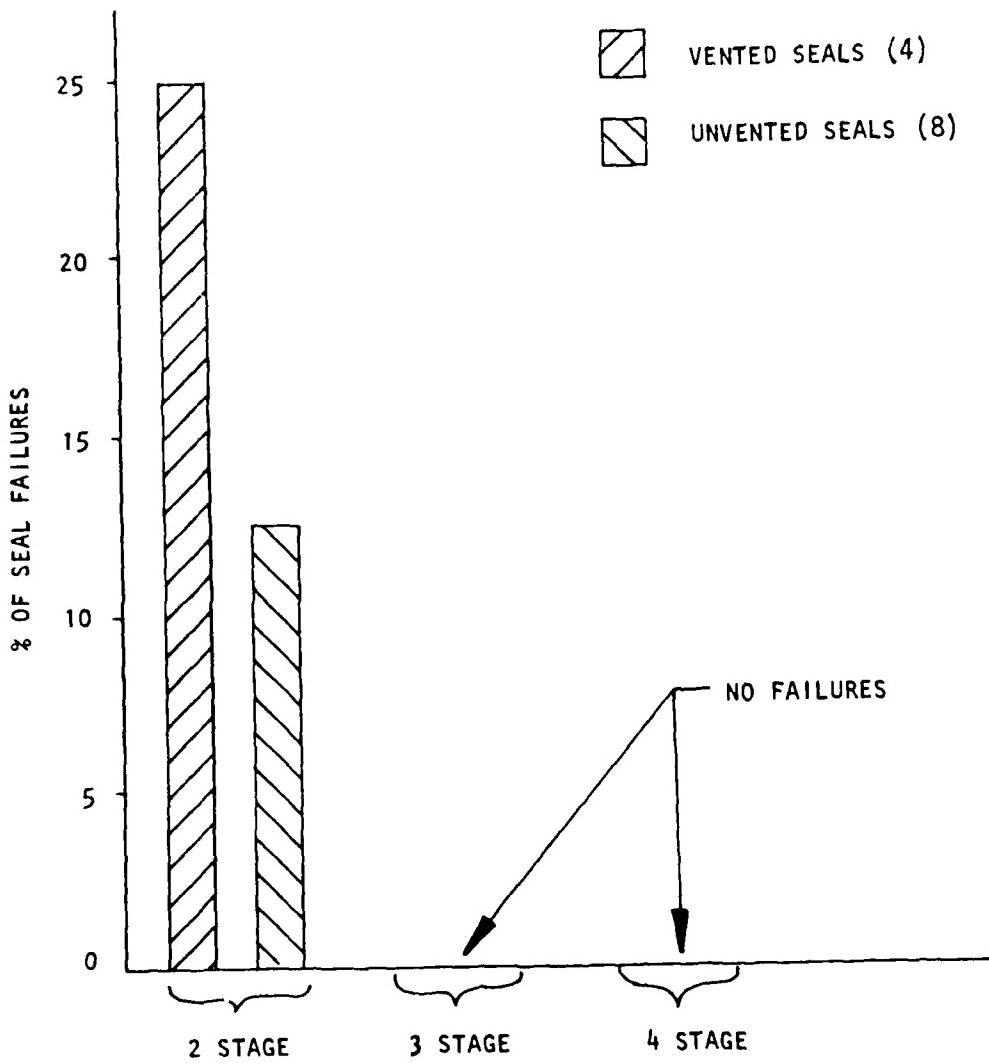


FIGURE 11. COMPARISON OF VENTED AND UNVENTED SEAL FAILURES

## CONCLUSIONS

### SURFACE FINISH

The Task III test has shown that plastic seals have good leakage performance when the surface finish is better than the 8-16 RMS finish that is usually specified for elastomeric seals. The rods used in the Task III test had surface finishes that ranged from 2 RMS to 6 RMS at the start of the test. After  $25 \times 10^6$  cycles, with daily applications of Arizona coarse road dust directly onto the rods, the surface finishes were in the range of 2 RMS to 12 RMS. The leakage of the seals on these rods during a 1620 long stroke (+/-1.75 in.) test at the end of the Task III test varied from zero leakage for 8 seals to a maximum of 1 drop per 324 cycles.

### MATERIALS

The Task III test has also shown the importance of selecting a seal material that has good wear resistance and is not abrasive. The glass-filled materials used in Task II were almost all deleted from the Task III tests since they showed rod abrasion on the chromium plated rods during only  $2 \times 10^6$  cycles. The Shamban backup rings and one of the Double Delta seals were changed from a material that had 15% glass to the same material with no glass to reduce abrasiveness. The new material, Shamban Composition 19, showed very good results in all except scraper applications although there was some liberation of MoS<sub>2</sub>. The Conover backup rings were changed from Revonoc 18158 to Revonoc 6200 to improve wear resistance. The Revonoc 6200 material showed very good results in all applications.

The Ekanol-filled TFE used in the Greene Tweed Enercap and the polymer-filled Tetrafluor Maxi Flex seal did not provide adequate life. The Enercap seal failed during the rotor feedback tests and the Maxi Flex seal was on the verge of failure at the end of the test.

The only glass-filled TFE in the Task III test was the single-stage Double Delta seal in Actuator No. 1, rod end. This seal, which used 15% glass and was tested on a Tungsten Carbide rod, was the first seal to fail in the test.

Most of the elastomers used in this test were O-rings per M83461/1-XXX, or specially shaped elastomers per MIL-P-83461. These elastomers performed well in this test. The O-ring used with the Dowty scraper was a proprietary compound that took a severe permanent set. The proprietary nitrile elastomer used with the Hercules scraper performed well in this test. The addition of aluminum bronze inserts in both ends of each actuator was apparently beneficial. Although there was some evidence of hard contact between the actuator rods and the end caps in some of the actuators, as shown by wearing away of the aluminum bronze, there were no failures of the chrome plating on the rod as had been the case in the Task II test.

### ROD COATINGS

The rod coatings tested in this program were Chromium plating and Tungsten Carbide which were applied by a detonation gun. The Chromium plated rods, used with aluminum bronze bearing surfaces, gave the lowest leakage and the longest seal life if the seal material was not abrasive. The Tungsten Carbide coated rod was almost indestructible, but every seal that was tested on the Tungsten Carbide coated rod for any length of time failed by excessive wear. The rods were examined with a 40X microscope and the Tungsten Carbide coating appeared to be significantly smoother than the Chromium plating. Since the measured surface roughness on the Tungsten Carbide coating was the same as the measured surface roughness on some of the Chromium plated rods, the seal failures may be caused by a lack of "wetability" on the part of the Tungsten Carbide coating.

### VENTED AND UNVENTED SEALS

Vented and unvented seals were tested during this program. The vented seal installations had a slightly higher failure rate than the unvented seal installations, as shown in Figure 11, but there was only one failure of each type, so the failure rate is somewhat misleading. Pressure buildup between stages in unvented installations was infrequent and sporadic. The maximum pressure observed between stages was 50% of the system pressure. There was no evidence of seal damage caused by pressure buildup between stages. Based upon the data from this test, it is not necessary to vent the cavity between seals in an actuator if the seal installations are self venting or protected by a backup ring on the upstream side. This type of installation is exemplified by the two-stage seal on the rod end of Actuator No. 4 in Figure 9. The 1st-stage seal has backup rings on both sides of the Plus Seal.

### SINGLE-STAGE VERSUS MULTI-STAGE SEALS

The advantage of multi-stage seals over single-stage seals has been clearly demonstrated by this test. The failure pattern of multi-stage seals in the Task III test has shown that the seal exposed to high pressure will have the most wear. The inside seal will fail and pressure will be applied to the next stage seal, which will fail and so on. This type of failure was demonstrated by the two-stage seal in the rod end of Actuator No. 3. The inside stage failed at 5,561,850 endurance plus 1,443,600 Rotor Feedback cycles; the second-stage did not fail until 5,561,850 endurance plus 10,391,670 Rotor Feedback cycles. The life increase from 7,005,450 cycles to 15,953,520 cycles shows a 127% increase in life that can be attributed to the addition of a second-stage seal.

Since none of the three- or four-stage seals tested in Task III failed, the further proof of this failure pattern was not as complete as desired, but the wear on the seals did provide supporting evidence. If the before and after dimensions of the Shamban backup rings on the downstream side are added and are averaged for the 1st-stage, 2nd-stage

and third-stage seals (no BU used in 4th stage), the change in ID is as shown below

	<u>1st Stage</u>	<u>2nd Stage</u>	<u>3rd Stage</u>	<u>4th Stage</u>
Delta I.D.	.01192	.00185	.0024	.0139

This data indicates that the 1st stage has experienced significantly more wear than the 2nd and third stages, which are almost equal. The fourth stage data, which represents scraper ID change instead of backup ring ID change, shows the most change, but this stage was exposed to daily applications of Arizona coarse road dust and more wear would be expected there.

The additional life provided by the multi-stage seals can also be seen in the failure data for the seals in the Task II and Task III tests as shown below.

No. Of Stages	No. of Samples		No. of Failures		% Failures	
	Task II	Task III	Task II	Task III	Task II	Task III
1	3	3	2	1*	66.7	33.3
2	7	5	1	1	14.3	20
3	2	2	0**	0	0	0
4	0	2	0	0	0	0

\* One single-stage seal was on the verge of failure, but it did not fail during the test.

\*\* The outer stage of one three-stage seal failed, but if the return line had a check valve installed, there would have been no system leakage.

The multiple stage installations have been much more reliable than the single-stage installations tested. The improvements in rod finish, rod clearances, groove angle, and seal materials have combined so favorably that it appears possible to design and build a hydraulic actuator that will last the life of the helicopter without removals due to leakage. A slight weight and cost penalty is exacted for these benefits, but the reduction in downtime and overhaul costs would be significant.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of this effort, it is recommended that:

### ROD SEALS

1. Rod seals in all new hydraulic actuators have a minimum of two unvented seals. If the actuator is to be used with a manual reversion system, vented seals should be used. If life, or leakage requirements are severe, three or more seals should be used. The space between seal stages should have a "catch basin" for wear particles.
2. The surface finish on rods for plastic seals be in the 2-8 RMS range. The rod surface should be ground in accordance with Process Specification 208-1-7 (Appendix B) or equivalent.
3. The end cap material that contacts the rod be relatively soft like the aluminum bronze used in this test.
4. Rod to bore clearances be reduced from those specified in MIL-G-5514 to prevent seal extrusion. The diametral rod-bore clearance specified for this test and recommended for future use is .001 - .003 inch.
5. The sides of the O-ring grooves be as near perpendicular to the rod as is economically possible. The sides of the O-ring grooves in this test were perpendicular to the rod within +/- 1/2°.
6. The edge of the O-ring groove be sharper than the .005-inch minimum break specified in MIL-G-5514 to help prevent extrusion. The minimum edge break specified for the test was .002 inch.
7. Plastic Seals be made from a nonabrasive material. Conover's Revonoc 6200 and Shamban's Compositions 19 and 99 have proven to be both nonabrasive and wear resistant. All plastic seals should have a positive interference with the rod. The seals in this test had positive interference with the rod of from .004 to .014 inch. Recommended seals are shown in Table 12. All seals should be used with backup rings.
8. Backup rings be uncut and of the same material as the plastic seal. The backup rings should be installed as shown in Figure 12. The outside seal should have both backup rings on the outside. The inside seals should have a backup ring on each side. If the Con-O-Hex seal is used, the triangular backup ring takes the place of one regular backup ring. All backup rings should have a positive interference with the rod. The trapezoid backup ring is recommended for use with O-rings.

9. O-rings always be the "dynamic" size, and be the largest cross-section possible. The .070 inch cross-section O-ring, or its equivalent in another seal, should never be used since this size seal takes too much compression set. O-ring squeeze should be 5% minimum except that the groove should not be so shallow that the backup ring will be mashed when the rod is against the side of the bore. O-ring squeeze should always be calculated using the worst possible combination of O-ring cross-section and stretch, rod bore, rod size and groove size. If worst-case conditions are used to assure proper squeeze, some wear can occur without causing leakage. The O-rings used in this test were almost exclusively .139 inch cross-section, but one .210-inch cross-section O-ring was used with Maxi-Flex seal.

The O-ring material should be per MIL-P-83461 if hydraulic fluid per MIL-H-5606 or MIL-H-83282 is used.

#### SCRAPERS

1. Plastic scrapers be used rather than metallic scrapers. The plastic scrapers produced less rod wear and provide better dirt exclusion than the metallic scrapers.

Scrapers must have a positive interference with the rod and with the scraper groove inside diameter at all operating temperatures so that contamination cannot enter the actuator. All of the plastic scrapers tested met this requirement when new, but the Conover scraper was the only scraper that met this requirement at the end of the test.

It is desirable to have a scraper that can also act as a seal. The Conover scraper and the Shamban D. C. Excluder both provided this service.

#### QUALIFICATION TESTS

1. All future actuator qualification tests for Helicopter Rotor Control Actuators include a realistic Rotor Feedback Test. The Rotor Feedback Cycles and Endurance Cycles should be applied in blocks of cycles at realistic operating temperatures. Each block of cycles should be followed by a full stroke test, preferably 1000 cycles, at 80°F +/- 20°F to show useable leakage data. It would be desirable to perform a 5-cycle test at low temperature, -40°F or -65°F, depending upon the fluid chosen, at the end of each block of cycles. Measurable leakage during any of these tests should be considered to be a failure of the actuator.

#### ADDITIONAL TESTS

1. Additional multiple seal tests be performed under the conditions stated above until all seals in the test fail, so that the true value of the multiple-stage seal can be demonstrated. This type of testing should concentrate on a single-seal design in any given test so that the increased life/stage can be measured.

2. Additional scraper tests be performed with all competing scrapers designed to fit a standard groove. At the present time many vendors use unique groove and test costs increase with each nonstandard groove required. Scrapers should be tested at realistic operating temperatures and must be tested in a setup that will allow measurement of the quantity of contaminant that bypasses the scraper.

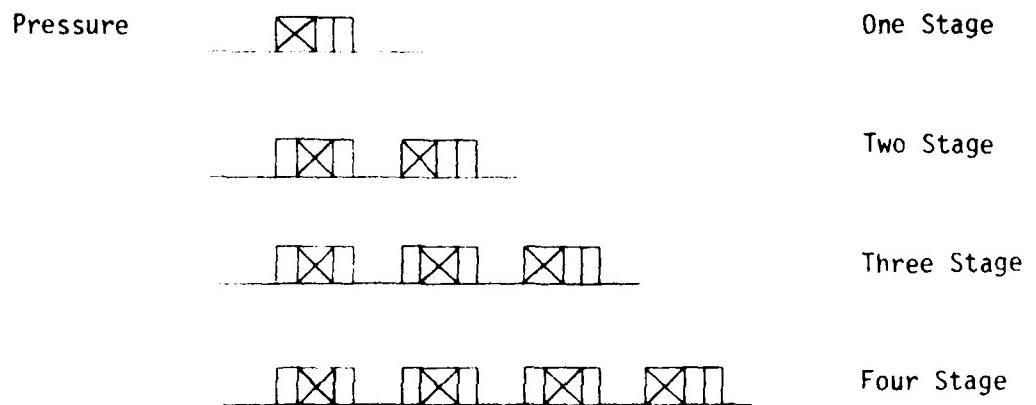


FIGURE 12. RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION OF BACKUP RINGS

TABLE 12. RECOMMENDED SEALS

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Material</u>
Press.	Con-O-Hex	C. E. Conover	Revonoc 6200
	Trapezoid Seal	C. E. Conover	Revonoc 6200
	Plus Seal	W. S. Shamban	Comp 19
	Double Delta with M83461/ 1-XXX O-ring	W. S. Shamban	Comp 19
	Hat Seal	W. S. Shamban	Comp 19
	Maxi-Flex* with M83461/ 1-XXX O-ring	Tetrafluor	Tetralon 720

\* Requires a two-piece groove

**APPENDIX A**  
**TASK I DATA**

TABLE A.1. SEAL EVALUATION PARAMETERS

**SEALING**

Sealing -	Predictable, uniform, high- and low-pressure sealing, static and/or dynamic.
Excellent -	One or more continuous elastomer sealing surfaces in contact with the rod surface.
Average -	One or more Teflon or other non-elastomer continuous sealing surface in contact with the rod surface.
Poor -	One or more interrupted sealing surface in contact with the rod surface.

**JUSTIFICATION -** The principal purpose of the program is to prevent leakage.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

WEAR

Wear	- Are the materials wear resistant yet nonabrasive.
Excellent	- No elastomer exposed to high pressure is in contact with the rod. Not abrasive.
Average	- Elastomer is exposed to high pressure and contacts the rod but is partially supported by non-elastomer. May be mildly abrasive.
Poor	- Elastomer is exposed to high pressure, contacts the rod, and may be abrasive.
NOTE:	Elastomer contacting rod may be acceptable at system return pressure (100 psi or less), five million cycle life has been demonstrated.

JUSTIFICATION - Seal tests have shown that elastomers exposed to both high pressure and rod motion have a shorter life than non-elastomers exposed to the same conditions. Wear resistant materials are necessary for long life.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

## FRICTION

- Friction - Minimize
- Excellent - Virgin Teflon in contact with rod. No elastomer contact with rod.
- Average - Blended Teflon or other non-elastomer in contact with rod. No elastomer contact with rod.
- Poor - Elastomer in contact with rod.

## JUSTIFICATION -

<u>Material</u>	<u>Static Friction Coefficient</u>	<u>Dynamic Friction Coefficient</u>	<u>Source</u>
Buna-N	1.35	1.20	Greene, Tweed Catalogue
Teflon	.15	.05	Shamban Catalog and "Journal of Teflon"
	.05	.04	Ba1 Seal Data
Teflon Blend	.12	.10	Ba1 Seal Data
Turcon (Teflon Blend)	40 percent of Buna-N O-ring (.54 calculated)	40 percent of Buna-N O-ring (.48 calculated)	Shamban Catalog

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

PRESSURE TRAP

Pressure Trap	- Does the configuration trap an unacceptable pressure level between seal stages.
Excellent	- Seal does not trap pressure.
Average	- Seal traps pressure but the pressure does not have an adverse effect on the seal.
Poor	- Seal traps pressure that can cause seal damage. Pressure must be relieved by an auxiliary vent.
JUSTIFICATION	- Some asymmetric seals can be damaged by high pressure on the downstream side. (Reverse Pressurization)

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

TEMPERATURE

Temperature	- Meets -65°F to +275°F requirement.
Excellent	- Exceeds -65°F to +275°F temperature range.
Average	- Meets -65°F to +275°F temperature range
Poor	- Does not meet -65°F to +275°F temperature range, but could be considered for use where that requirement is not strictly applicable.
JUSTIFICATION	- Temperature requirements should be met unless outstanding capability can be shown at a useable temperature range that is slightly deficient.

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B

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

## EXTRUSION GAP

Extrusion Gap	- How well does the design bridge the extrusion gap.
Excellent	- Virgin Teflon thicker than .17 in. or other material at (material shear stress)/4.0 or less (applied) at 275°F.
Average	- Virgin Teflon thicker than .145 in. or other material at (material shear stress)/3.38 or less (applied) at 275°F.
Poor	- Virgin Teflon thicker than .120 in. or other material at (material shear stress)/2.76 or less (applied) at 275°F (this should give the same performance as an MS28774 backup ring at 3000 psi).
JUSTIFICATION	- Extrusion can cause seal failure for a rod moved to the limit of its radial motion.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

INSTALLATION

Installation	- Ease of installation compared to an O-ring installation with two backup rings.
Excellent	- Easier to install than an O-ring with two backup rings. One-piece gland. No special tools.
Average	- Equivalent installation difficulty as an O-ring with two backup rings. One-piece gland. No special tools.
Poor	- Installation more difficult than an O-ring with two backup rings or uses a two-piece gland. Special tools may be required.
JUSTIFICATION	- Cascaded seals require more installation time than a single O-ring with two backup rings.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

SPACE

Space	- Space required compared to MIL-G-5514F gland for an O-ring with two backup rings.
Excellent	- Requires less space than two backup groove.
Average	- Requires same space as two backup groove.
Poor	- Requires more space than two backup groove.

JUSTIFICATION - Cascaded seals should occupy as little space as is practical.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

SEAL DEFLECTION

Seal Deflection	- Does the seal flex or work when pressure changes so that fatigue failures are likely.
Excellent	- After initial pressure application little or no deflection is required. Seal cross-section does not change its basic shape as pressure changes. Example: Metal rod seal.
Average	- After initial pressure application some deflection is required. Seal cross-section may undergo slight change in its basic shape as pressure changes. Example: GT Seal.
Poor	- After initial pressure application the seal cross-section changes shape to conform to seal gland. Example: O-ring.
JUSTIFICATION	- The 25 million cycle requirement mandates that seal deflection be minimized.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

ORIENTATION

Orientation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Can the seal be installed backwards or improperly? Can the proper orientation be easily recognized?</li></ul>
Excellent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Seal is symmetrical or if not improper orientation is not possible.</li></ul>
Average	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Seal can be installed improperly but improper orientation can be observed by visual inspection after installation.</li></ul>
Poor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Seal can be installed improperly. Orientation is difficult to check visually and may require partial disassembly to verify.</li></ul>
JUSTIFICATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Improper installation of nonsymmetrical seals will cause leakage failure.</li></ul>

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

COMPLEXITY

Complexity	- Few parts, few interfaces, simple gland requirements.
Excellent	- One or two pieces to install in a one-piece gland.
Average	- Three separate pieces to install in a one-piece gland.
Poor	- More than three separate pieces to install or uses a two-piece gland.
JUSTIFICATION	- A two-piece gland complicates and penalizes a design. A complex seal is more easily damaged than a simple seal during installation.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

COMPATIBILITY

Compatibility	- Are all of the materials compatible with both MIL-H-5606 and MIL-H-83282.
Excellent	- All materials are compatible with both fluids.
Average	- All materials are compatible with one fluid and marginal with the other.
Poor	- Materials are not compatible with either fluid.
JUSTIFICATION	- The seals must be tested in both MIL-H-5606 and MIL-H-83282.

NOTE: Fluid compatibility will be estimated if it is unknown.

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

## PRODUCIBILITY

- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| Producibility | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Is it producible? Is there an excessive number of close tolerances that must be held?</li> </ul>   |
| Excellent     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Rod, Rod bore, and groove surfaces and tolerances are more liberal than MIL-G-5514F. Seal tolerances are more liberal than MS28775.</li> </ul>           |
| Average       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Rod, rod bore, and groove surfaces and tolerances are equivalent to those in MIL-G-5514F. Seal tolerances are equivalent to those in MS28775.</li> </ul> |
| Poor          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Rod, rod bore, and groove surfaces and tolerances stricter than MIL-G-5514F. Seal tolerances stricter than MS28775.</li> </ul>                           |

- JUSTIFICATION
- MIL-G-5514F and MS28775 are recognized standards in Aerospace Industry and provide a good baseline for purposes of comparison.

For A ~ 214 seal MIL-G-5514F specifies & MS28775 specifies

	+.001		
Rod bore	-.000		ID +/- .006
		16	
Rod	+.000 -.002		T +/- .004
		32	
Groove	+.002 -.000		

TABLE A.1. CONTINUED

PRESSURE LEVEL

Pressure Level	- Is the configuration suitable for 8000 psi?
Excellent	- Seal has been tested at 8000 psi and has demonstrated its capability.
Average	- Seal has been tested at 3000 psi and appears to be good for 8000 psi.
Poor	- Seal has been tested at 3000 psi but appears to be marginal for 8000 psi.
JUSTIFICATION	- All seals tested will be exposed to 8000 psi for 25 percent of the test cycles.

TABLE A.2. ROD FINISH EVALUATION PARAMETERS

COST TO PREPARE

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Excellent    | - Cost is less than that necessary to produce a $\frac{16}{\vee}$ on a chromium-plated rod.                  |
| Average      | - Cost is approximately the same as that necessary to produce a $\frac{16}{\vee}$ on a chromium-plated rod.  |
| Poor         | - Cost is greater than that necessary to produce a $\frac{16}{\vee}$ on a chromium-plated rod.               |
| UNACCEPTABLE | - Cost is significantly greater than that necessary to produce a $\frac{16}{\vee}$ on a chromium-plated rod. |

TABLE A.2. CONTINUED

RELATIVE CORROSION RESISTANCE

Excellent	- Corrosion resistance is better than a chromium plated rod.
Average	- Corrosion resistance is approximately the same as a chromium-plated rod.
Poor	- Corrosion resistance is less than a chromium-plated rod.
UNACCEPTABLE	- Corrosion resistance is inadequate for normal environmental exposure.

TABLE A.2. CONTINUED

POTENTIAL FOR REDUCING LEAKAGE

- |           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Excellent | - Surface cracks are smaller and less numerous than a normal $\frac{1}{16}$ $\checkmark$ chromium-plated rod.                     |
| Average   | - Surface cracks are approximately the same size and number as those in a normal $\frac{1}{16}$ $\checkmark$ chromium-plated rod. |
| Poor      | - Surface cracks are larger and/or more numerous than those in a normal $\frac{1}{16}$ $\checkmark$ chromium-plated rod.          |

TABLE A.2. CONTINUED

WEAR RESISTANCE

- |           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Excellent | - Provides better wear resistance than a chromium-plated rod.               |
| Average   | - Provides approximately the same wear resistance as a chromium-plated rod. |
| Poor      | - Provides less wear resistance than a chromium-plated rod.                 |

TABLE A-3. SEALS SELECTED FOR TASK II TEST

ACTUATOR NO.	END NO.	STAGE NO.	SEAL CONFIGURATION R4	SEAL DESIGNATION Batt Seal	SEAL MATERIAL
					(ELASTOMER)
1	2	1	R3	Double Delta	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-Ring)
2	1	1,2	R16	Plus Seal	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 Elastomer)
2	2	1	R19	Hat Seal	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 Elastomer)
2	2	2	R18	Double Delta with two backups	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)
3	1	1,2	R18	Double Delta with two backups	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)
3	2	1,2,3	R5	Foot Seal	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)
4	1	1	R10	Excluder	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)
4	1	2,3	R21	Double Delta Staged Backups	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)
4	2	1	R7	Trapezodial Seal	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 Elastomer)
4	2	2,3	R13	Hex Seal	Filled Teflon (Proprietary Compound)

TABLE A-3. CONTINUED

ACTUATOR NO.	END NO.	STAGE NO.	SEAL CONFIGURATION	SEAL DESIGNATION	SEAL MATERIAL (ELASTOMER)
5	1	2,3	R7	Trapezoidal Seal	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 Elastomer)
5	2	1	R2	GT "T" Ring	Filled Teflon (Proprietary Elastomer)
5	2	2	R22	Rubber Spring Actuated Seal	Hytrex (Proprietary Elastomer)
6	1	1,2	R13	Hex Seal	Filled Teflon (Proprietary Elastomer)
6	2	1	R3	Double Delta	Filled Teflon (MIL-P-83461 O-ring)

**APPENDIX B**  
**TASK II DATA**

TABLE R-1. TASK II SFALS

ACT NO.	LUG NO.	ROD END	GROOVE A	GROOVE B	GROOVE C	PART NUMBER	SEAL MANUFACTURER	NAME & MANUFACTURER
1	X	X				Double Delta S30650-214-14	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with glass, etc Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
			X	O-Ring 183461/1-214			Parker	ML-P-83461
			X	Backup Ring (2) S33012-214-14			W. S. Sharban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
1	X	X				Bal Seal 2A1H506-(032)	Bal Seal Eng. Co.	Graphite-Carbon Glass Teflon
2	X	X	X	X		Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler
2	X	X	X	X		Double Delta S30650-214-14	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
			X	O-Ring 183461/1-214			Parker	ML-P-83461
			X	Backup Ring (2) S33012-214-14			W. S. Sharban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
	X					Hat Seal S33050-214P-14	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler

TABLE B-1. CONTINUED

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE				SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C	D			
3	X	X		Rod Seal			Tetrafluor		Glass filled TFE
				TF-1009-214					
			X	O-Ring			Parker		MIL-P-83461
				M83461/1-214					
			X	Backup Ring (2)			Conover		Revonoc 18158
				CEC5065-214	Uncut				
3	X	X		Varipak M S61200			American Variseal Corp		Turcite 42, glass reinforced PTFE
				Cam Ring S61202					
			X	O-Ring			Parker		Turcite 57, bronze reinforced PTFE
				M83461/1-214					
			X	Backup Ring (2)			C. E. Conover		Revonoc 18158
				CEC5065-214	Uncut		& Co.		

Table B-1. CONTINUED

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C	D		
4	X	X	X	X	X	Double Delta S30650-214-14	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler MIL-P-83461
			X	X	O-Ring M83461/1-214		Parker	
			X	X	Backup Ring (2) S33012-214-14		W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler Turcon with bronze
			X	X	Excluder S30395-9G-8		W. S. Shamban	
			X	X	O-Ring M83461/1-121		Parker	MIL-P-83461
4	X	X	X	X	X	Con-O-Hex CEC6001-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158 Revonoc 6200 Proprietary Nitrile Revonoc 18158
						Backup Ring CEC5065-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	
						Trapezoid Seal CEC5056-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158 MIL-P-83461 (Elastomer)
5	X	X	X	X	X	Trapezoid Seal CEC5056-214	C. E. Conover	Revonoc 18158 MIL-P-83461 (Elastomer)

Table B-1. CONTINUED

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL PART NUMBER	NAME & MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
5	X	X				RSA Seal, 3694- -00998-0122-0304	Greene Tweed	Hytrell
			X	G. T. Ring 7214FT-000-P3			Greene Tweed	Proprietary Nitrile Compound
6	X	X	X	X	Con-0-Hex CEC6001-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158 Revonoc 6200 Proprietary Nitrile	
			X	X	Backup Ring CEC5065-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158	
6	X	X			Double Delta S30650-214-14	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and Molybdenum Disulfide	
			X	O-Ring M83461/1-214		Parker	MIL-P-83461	

TABLE B-2. TASK II SEAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

#1 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	2A1H506-0321	Bal Seal Eng. Co.	No	This seal was removed for leakage after 1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. The seal appeared to be in good condition. The sealing lips had been mashed flat with the adjacent surfaces. The seal ID showed light wear, but the seal cavity had many seal wear particles.

Single-Stage  
Seal Installation

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#2 Rod End

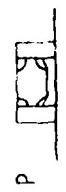
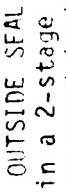
CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P Plus Seal	Shamban	Yes	No leakage in $2.4 \times 10^6$ cycles. In a 2-stage unvented installation, the Plus Seal extruded approx .15 inch under the backup ring and had minor axial wear on the I.D. There was no visible extrusion of the backup ring. Elastomer was in excellent condition.
P 	S30775-214P Plus Seal	Shamban	Yes	Faint axial wear on ID of plus seal, but no extrusion. Elastomer was in excellent condition. The chromium rod had been discolored and polished by the seals.
P 	S33012-214-14 Backup on inside modified as a spacer instl			OUTSIDE SEAL in a 2-stage unvented instl modified as spacers

TABLE B-2. CONTINUEN

#2 Lug End

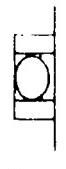
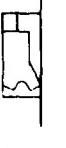
CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-14	Shamban	Yes	One drop total rod leakage in 2.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles in a 2-stage vented installation. The outside backup ring extruded approx. .03-inch. The double Delta seal inside backup ring and O-ring were in excellent condition.
INSIDE SEAL in a 2-Stage Vented Instl. (90 psi.)	S33012-214-14 Backup ring			
P 	S33050-214P-14	Shamban	Yes	Turcon parts were in excellent condition. Elastomer was in good condition but had a 120-degree circumferential crack on the IN in the lip just inside of the flat section.
OUTSIDE SEAL in a 2-stage vented instl. (90 psi)				

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#3 Lug End

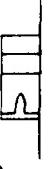
CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	#3 Lug End
P 	TF-1009-214 Rod Seal CEC 5065-214 Qty 2, Backup Ring modified as spacers INSIDE STAGE in a 2-Stage unvented instl.	Tetrafluor Yes	This seal instl. leaked 18 drops at the rod in 2.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. This seal instl. was exceptionally clean and free of wear particles. The outside backup ring had approx. an .03 inch extrusion (The spacers were accidently installed as Backup Rings)	Comments
P 	N83461/1-214 Parker O-Ring	Yes	The O-ring shows some wear from passing over a damaged area on the rod, but it shows no sign of nibbling. It had taken a slight permanent set. The 2 backup rings had fused together. The outside ring shows very light extrusion. The inside backup ring has a slightly concave shape where it contacted the O-ring.	The rod showed light wear but a fragment of the chrome plate had flaked off.

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED  
#3 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S61200 Varipak M	American Variseal	Conditionally Yes	This seal instl. leaked only 18 drops at the rod in $2.4 \times 10^6$ cycles, but the bronze particles worn off of the cam ring might cause problems in some applications. The OD & ID lips on the Varipak M are now almost flat surfaces.
INSIDE STAGE of a 2-stage unvented instl.	S61202 Cam Ring			
P 	M83461/1-214 Parker O-Ring		Yes	The O-ring has been nibbled slightly and shows some wear. It has taken a permanent set. The two backup rings had fused together and were coated with bronze particles.  The rod shows moderate wear and scoring.
OUTSIDE STAGE of a 2-stage unvented instl	CEC5065-214 Conover Backup rings Qty. 2			

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

## #4 Lug End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-14 Double Delta	Shamban	Conditionally Yes	This seal instl had 7 drops total rod leakage in $2.4 \times 10^6$ cycles. Inside backup ring is in excellent condition. Double delta shows minor wear but is in good condition. O-ring has taken a permanent set but is in good condition. The outside backup ring is in good condition, but has extruded approx. .06 inch.
INSIDE STAGE OF a 3-stage unvented seal instl.	M83461/1-214 O-ring	Parker	The seals look good but the chrome finish on the rod was moderately worn with light axial scratches	
CENTER STAGE of a 3-Stage Unvented Seal Instl.	S33012-214-14 Backup ring Qty. 2	Shamban	Conditionally Yes	Both backup rings are in good condition. No extrusion is visible. The double delta seal shows minor wear but is in good condition. The O-ring has taken a permanent set but is in good condition.
	S30650-214-14 Double Delta	Shamban	Conditionally Yes	
	M83461/1-214 O-ring	Parker	The seals look good but the chrome finish on the rod was moderately worn with light axial scratches	
	S33012-214-24 Backup Ring Qty. 2	Shamban		

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#4 Lug End  
Continued

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30395-9G-8 Excluder	Shamban	Conditionally Yes	The excluder is in good condition. The wear pattern is on the outside edge as desired. Bronze particles have separated from the Turcon and are present in the seal cavity. The O-ring has taken a permanent set but is in good condition.
OUTSIDE STAGE of a 3-Stage Unvented Seal Instl.	M83461-121 O-Ring	Parker	The seals look good but the chrome finish on the rod was moderately worn with light axial scratches	

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#4 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	Bob Brent/ Conover	Yes, but outside stage failed	This seal leaked 69.9 cc in 2.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles because the outside seal failed. For the last 1.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles, return pressure was removed from the outside seal and rod leakage was 9.23 cc. The seal cavity was clean but wear particles from the 18158 Revonoc were present in the fluid collection grooves. The inside backup ring showed wear, but no extrusion. The special cap strip showed slight wear, but was in good condition. The hex shaped elastomer was in excellent condition. The outside triangular backup was in good condition but had approx. an .02 inch extrusion.
P	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	Bob Brent/ Conover	Yes, but outside stage failed	The inside backup was flattened on the OD prior to instl so that it would act as a spacer. It showed slight wear but was in good condition. The hex shaped elastomer was in excellent condition. The outside triangular backup was in excellent condition.
P	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	Bob Brent/ Conover	Yes, but outside stage failed	CENTER STAGE in a 3-Stage Vented Instl.

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED  
#4 Rod End  
Continued

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P  OUTSIDE STAGE in a 3-Stage Vented Instl.	CEC5056-214 Trapezoid Seal	G. K. Fling /Conover	No	The trapezoid shaped elastomer failed in a delamination manner. The trapezoid shaped backup showed minor wear but no extrusion and was in good condition

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#5 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	3694-00998- 0122-0304 RSA Seal	Greene Tweed	No. Friction was excessive	This seal inst]. was removed for leakage after 1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. It was discovered that the chrome plating on the rod had flaked. The seal ID showed heavy wear from passing over the damaged rod
P 	7214FT-000-P3	Greene Tweed	No. Friction was excessive	The inside backup ring was in good condition and showed only light wear. The elastomer showed heavy wear on the outside edge by the rod. The outside backup showed light wear but was extruded approx. .02 inch.

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#5A Lug End

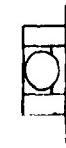
CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-14 Double Delta	Shamban	Yes	This seal instal leaked 24 cc in 2.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. This installation was very clean. The inside backup ring was in excellent condition. The double delta seal was in good condition with light wear, but had approx. a .02 inch extrusion. The O-ring had taken a slight permanent set but was in good condition. The outside backup ring was in good condition but had approx. a .04 inch extrusion.
	M83461/1-214 O-Ring	Parker		
	S33012-214-14 Backup Ring Qty. 2	Shamban		

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#5A Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC5056-214 Trapezoid Seal	G.K.Fling /Conover	Yes	<p>This seal instl. leaked 1.83 cc in <math>2.4 \times 10^6</math> cycles. This was the only seal instl that used an elastomer that was exposed to high pressure and the moving rod surface. The trapezoid shaped elastomer had a partial failure that did not affect the sealing surface. A small piece of elastomer had separated from the back of the seal. There was light nibbling close to the rod. The trapezoid shaped backup had experienced a considerable amount of wear on one side and had extruded approx .05 inch.</p> <p>INSIDE STAGE of a 2-Stage Unvented Instl.</p>
P 	CEC5056-214 Trapezoid Seal	G.K.Fling /Conover	Yes	<p>The elastomer had some circumferential cracking at approx. 50% axial depth on the ID. There was some very light nibbling. The backup ring was in good condition. There was no extrusion, but there was minor wear on the I.D.</p> <p>OUTSIDE STAGE of a 2-Stage Unvented Instl.</p> <p>These seals were cycled <math>1 \times 10^6</math> cycles on the lug end of Act. No. 5 and <math>1.4 \times 10^6</math> cycles on the rod end of Act. No. 5A. The leakage rate was lowest on the tungsten carbide rod in 5A.</p>

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#6 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-14 Double Delta	Shamban	No	The seal failed the leakage requirement after 1.9 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. The backup rings were flattened prior to instl. to serve as spacers. They were in good condition. The outside lip of the delta seal had been worn away over a 60-degree continuous arc. The double delta had extruded approx. .05 inch in two places on either side of the arc. The elastomer had come into contact with the rod in that arc and approx. 20% of the outside thickness of the elastomer had been worn away. The rod was in good condition.
	M83461/1-214 O-Ring	Parker		
	CEC5065-214 Backup Ring (Spacer) Qty. 2	Conover		

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

## #6 Lug End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	Bob Brent /Conover	Yes	The seal instl leaked 2 drops in 2.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles. The seal cavity was very clean. The inside backup ring was in excellent condition with no visible wear. The special cap was in good condition with light wear. The hex-shaped elastomer was in excellent condition. The triangular-shaped backup ring was in good condition but had approx. a .03 inch extrusion.
INSIDE STAGE of a Two Stage Unvented Instl.	CEC5065-214 Backup Ring			
P 	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	Bob Brent /Conover	Yes	The inside backup ring was flattened prior to instl. so that it could be used as a spacer. It was in excellent condition with no visible wear. The special cap was in good condition but showed a slight accumulation of contamination under its thickest section. The hex-shaped elastomer was in excellent condition. The outside triangular-shaped backup ring was in excellent condition.
OUTSIDE STAGE of a Two Stage Vented Instl	CEC5065-214 Backup Ring modified as a spacer			

TABLE B-2. CONTINUED

#6 Rod End

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CFC5058-214	Conover	Yes	This seal instl. was very clean. This was a replacement seal and leaked 13.7 cc in 444,537 cycles at 8000 psig. The cap strip was in good condition and showed slight wear. The O-ring had taken a permanent set but was in good condition. The two backup rings had fused together and were in good shape, but the one on the outside had extruded approx .04 inch.

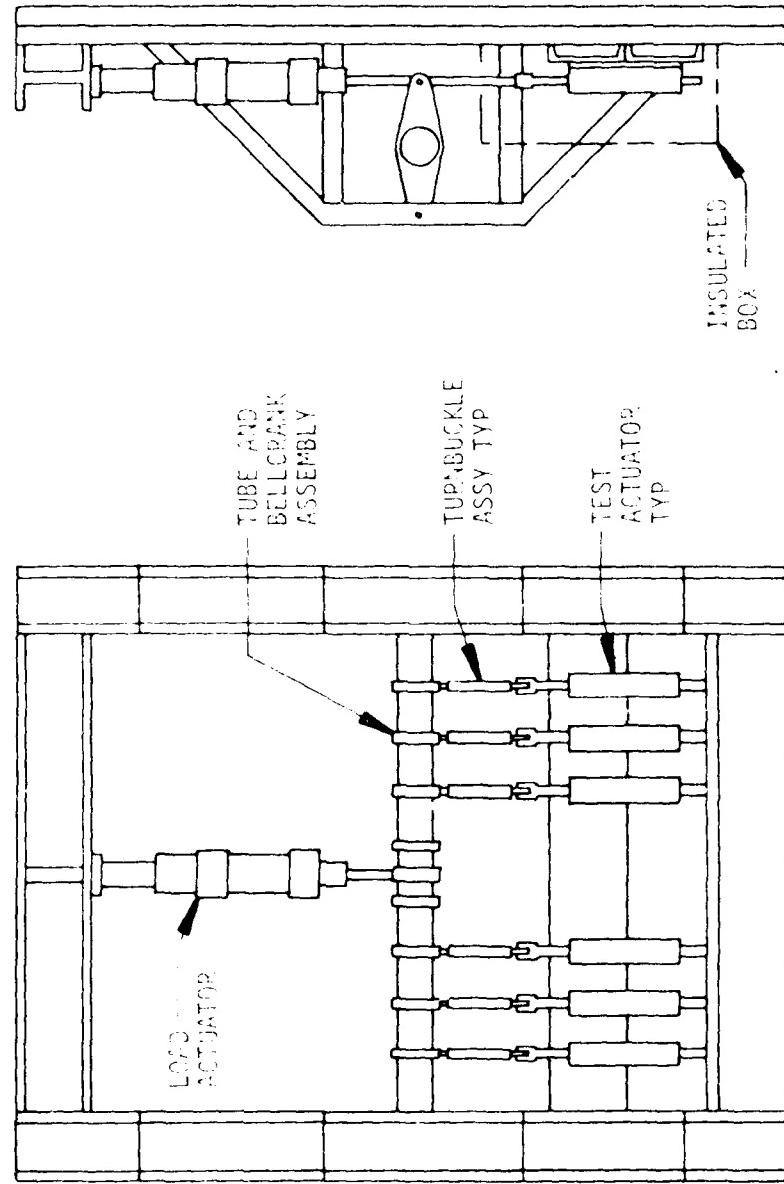


FIGURE B-1. SEAL EVALUATION TEST FIXTURE

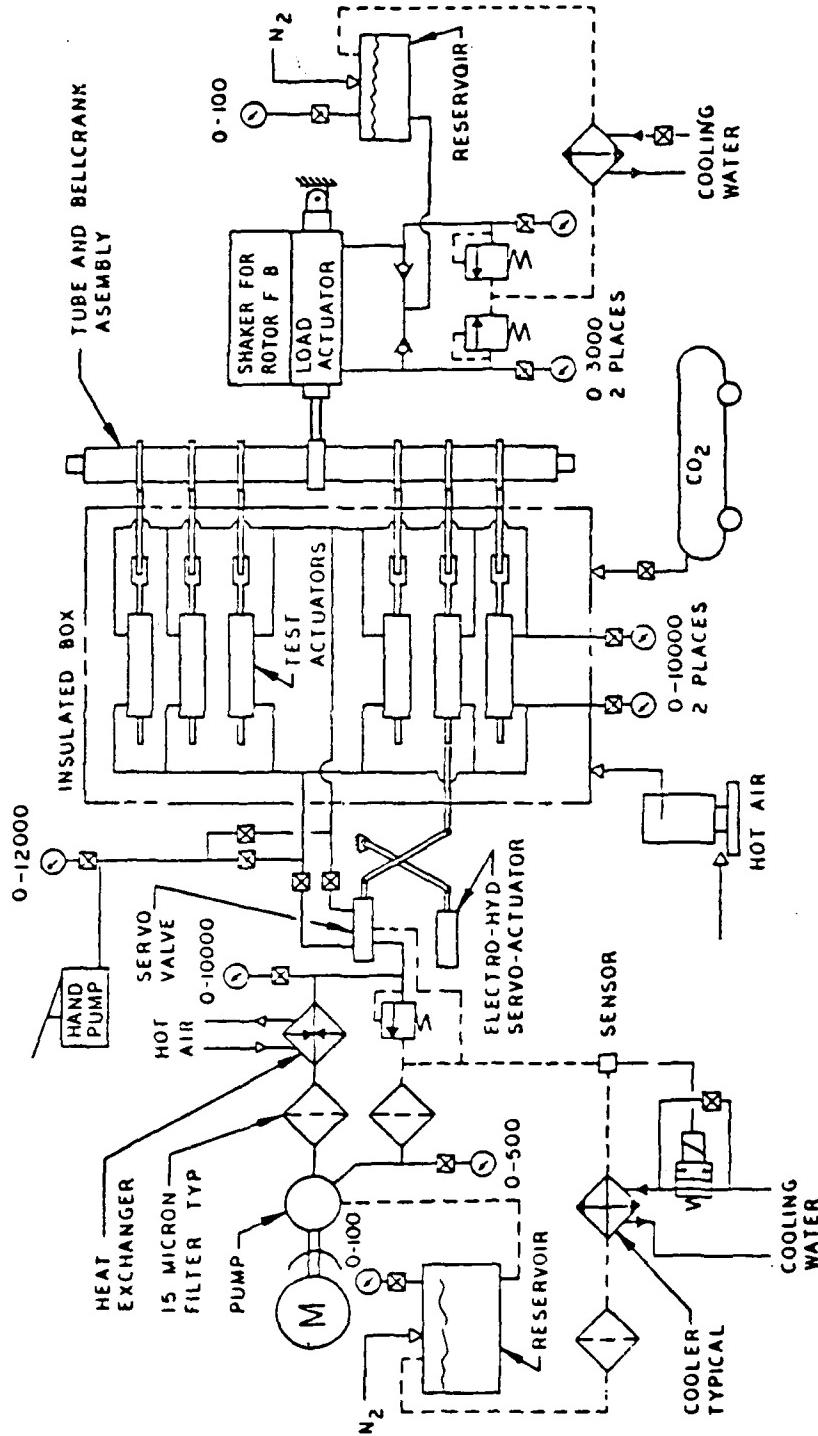


FIGURE B-2. SPECIMEN AND LOAD HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS

PROCESS SPECIFICATION  
208-1-7

STEEL PARTS,  
UNPLATED AND CHROME PLATED,  
GRINDING OF

1. SCOPE - This specification establishes the requirements and procedures for grinding of unplated and chrome plated steel parts.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 The applicable provisions of the following documents are incorporated herein by reference:

SPECIFICATIONS

MILITARY

MIL-I-6868	Inspection Process, Magnetic Particles
MIL-C-16173	Corrosion Preventive Compound, Solvent Cutback, Cold Application

VSD

CVA 1-372	Heat Treatment of Steels
CVA 9-96	Corrosion Preventives, Temporary for Metallic Parts Application of
CVA 13-23	Nital Etching for Carbon and Low Alloy Steels
208-13-40	Peening, Shot and Glass Bead

2.2 In the event this specification does not meet or exceed the requirements of any applicable government specification, the government specification shall take precedence unless a deviation has been granted.

3. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

3.1 MATERIALS

3.1.1 GRINDING COOLANTS - Water soluble, commercial grade.

3.1.2 CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMPOUND - MIL-C-16173, Grade II.

3.2 EQUIPMENT

PROCESS SPECIFICATION. CONTINUED

3.2.1       Ovens for baking and stress relieving, controlled in accordance with CVA 1-372.

3.2.2       Grinding Wheels.

4.            REQUIREMENTS

4.1           GRINDING EQUIPMENT

4.1.1        GRINDING MACHINES - Grinding machines shall be capable of maintaining grinding speed, work speed (spindle or traverse), cross feed and down feed in increments necessary to avoid surface degradation of the part. Provisions shall be made to supply a constant application of coolant to the working surface of the wheel.

4.1.2        COOLING - The machine shall be capable of continuously supplying coolant to the work area at a rate of 2 gallons per minute per inch of wheel width. The coolant nozzle shall be of a configuration which shall flood the entire width of the wheel with coolant and shall direct the coolant at the point of contact between the grinding wheel and the work piece in the direction of motion of the grinding wheel.

4.1.2.1      GRINDING COOLANTS - A suitable coolant shall be used which does not have an adverse effect on the part being ground. Recirculated coolants shall be either gravity separated of contaminants or continuously filtered to minimize recycling grinding residue.

4.2           GRINDING WHEELS

4.2.1        MARKING - Grinding wheels shall be labeled or numbered as to abrasive type and grade, grit size, bond type, density and wheel hardness.

4.2.2        CHARACTERISTICS - Unless otherwise specified, aluminum oxide grinding wheels having a grit size of 46 to 90, a grade or hardness designation between G and K, a structural density between 6 and 12, and a vitrified bond shall be used for all grinding operations.

4.3           PROCESSING

4.3.1        CLEANING - Protective coatings and other foreign materials shall be removed from parts prior to grinding to preclude contamination of coolant and wheels. Coolants and grinding residuals that have a deleterious effect on the part shall be removed after grinding. Cleaning materials shall not corrode or otherwise degrade the surfaces of the part. Where process delay time is such that corrosion might occur, parts shall be adequately protected after cleaning.

PROCESS SPECIFICATION. CONTINUED

4.3.2 WHEEL DRESSING AND TRUING - Wheel dressing and truing shall be performed as required in the specific grinding requirements.

- (a) The dressing or truing operation shall simulate the actual grinding as far as wheel speed and use of coolant are concerned.
- (b) The edges of the wheel shall be rounded off with a hard stone or precision tool to prevent chipping the wheel edges.
- (c) The nib in the diamond shall be turned frequently to present a sharp edge for dressing.
- (d) The cross feed of the nib shall be 7 to 15 inches per minute when dressing the wheel.
- (e) Each time the wheel is dressed, the dressing infeed shall total 0.003 inch, accomplished in controlled infeeds of 0.0005 inch per pass plus four multidirection sparkout passes after the last infeed pass.

4.3.3 GRINDING

- (a) The grinding process shall be controlled so as to result in low stress grinding.
- (b) Dry grinding or grinding with the side of the grinding wheel is prohibited.
- (c) Parts shall be traversed for high spots in order to avoid inadvertent violation of the down feed requirements of this specification.
- (d) There shall be no contact between a rotating grinding wheel and a non-rotating cylindrical part.
- (e) Parts shall meet all previous operation requirements before grinding is attempted.
- (f) Finish ground parts and parts in process where processing delay time is such that surface corrosion might occur shall be protected with MIL-C-16173, Grade II corrosion preventive compound per CVA 9-96.

PROCESS SPECIFICATION. CONTINUED

5. PROCEDURES

5.1 GRINDING PROCESS - The grinding process shall be performed in accordance with Table I to result in metallurgically sound parts. All feeds, speeds, and stock removal parameters are actual and not necessarily machine or indicator readings.

5.2 POST GRINDING PROCESSING

5.2.1 UNPLATED STEEL PARTS

- (a) Nital etch parts in accordance with CVA 13-23.
- (b) Stress relieve parts in accordance with CVA 1-372.
- (c) Vapor blasting or dry blasting using 120 grit aluminum oxide at 40 psi pressure may be used to remove the scale produced by the baking operation. This method of scale removal also removes 0.00006 to 0.00015 inch of base metal.
- (d) Magnetic particle inspect in accordance with MIL-I-6868.
- (e) Parts heat treated to 260,000 psi and above and those required to be shot peened in accordance with the Engineering drawing shall be shot peened in accordance with 208-13-40 after they have been nital etched, stress relieved and magnetic particle inspected.

5.2.2 CHROME PLATED STEEL PARTS

- (a) Bake parts for 3 hours at 375°F +25°F.
- (b) Magnetic particle inspect in accordance with MIL-I-6868.

6. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

6.1 QUALIFICATION - Vought Quality Assurance shall determine and control qualification of Vought personnel, equipment and grinding process. A Quality Assurance program shall be developed and implemented to ensure that all requirements of this specification are met.

6.2 PROCESS CONTROL

6.2.1 WORK INSTRUCTIONS - Detailed instructions (shop planning) shall be written for each part number for use by the operator and inspector. They shall incorporate all parameters required for a controlled operation, as directed in this specification.

PROCESS SPECIFICATION. CONTINUED

6.3 INSPECTION

6.3.1 FINAL INSPECTION

6.3.1.1 After grinding, all parts shall be inspected as follows:

- (a) Visually inspect for cracks, chatter marks, or other obvious discrepant conditions.
- (b) Dimensionally inspect in accordance with the applicable Engineering drawing. In cases where the final part is chrome plated, the following additional data shall be taken:
  - (1) Measure and record unplated steel part dimensions after completion of final grinding operation performed prior to plating.
  - (2) After grinding, measure and record final plated part dimensions.
  - (3) Compare (1) and (2) to assure compliance with required chrome plate thickness.
  - (4) Compliance with chrome plating thickness requirements shall be verified using suitable nondestructive instruments, such as Accudern, Magnegage, Dermitron, etc.
- (c) Nital etch inspect for grinder burns (unplated parts) in accordance with CVA 13-23.
- (d) After each finish grind operation, prior to and following chrome plate, magnetic particle inspect for cracks in accordance with MIL-I-6868.

TABLE I. Grinding Parameters

GRINDING METHOD	RECOMMENDED GRINDING WHEEL CHARACTERISTICS			MAX. WHEEL SPEEDS	WORK SPEED RANGE	CROSS FEED OR TRANSVERSE (IN) FEED	MAXIMUM DOWN FEED	MIN. STOCK LEFT FOR FINISH
	GRIT	GRADE	STRUCTURE					
SURFACE (FLAT)	A1203	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
BARE STEEL	46/80	G - K	6 - 12	6500	30 - 100	1/8 - 1/2	.001"	.0005"
CYLINDRICAL								
BARE STEEL	46/80	G - K	6 - 12	6500	30 - 100	1/8 - 1/4*	.001"	.0005"
INTERNAL								
RARE STEEL	46/80	G - K	6 - 12	6500	30 - 200	1/8 - 1/4*	.0005"	.0002"
SURFACE (FLAT)								
CHROME PLATED	46/90	G - K	6 - 12	6500	30 - 200	1/8 - 1/4	.0005"	.0002"
CYLINDRICAL								
CHROME PLATED	46/120	G - K	6 - 12	6500	30 - 200	1/8 - 1/4*	.0005"	.0002"
INTERNAL								
CHROME PLATED	46/120	G - K	6 - 12	12000	30 - 300	1/8 - 1/4	.0005"	.0002"
								.001"

THESE CHARACTERISTICS REFER TO THE INDUSTRY STANDARD DESIGNATORS FOR GRINDING WHEELS.

Examples:    32\*\*    A    100    H    9\*\*    V    RG\*\*  
               Type Abrasive    Grade    Grain Size    Structure    Bond    Bond Type  
               (Verified)

\* Per Part Revolution

\*\* May vary with manufacturer (code symbol not standardized)

## TASK III TEST PLAN

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The objectives of this program are to investigate multiple cascaded seals and to develop new and improved seals and seal configurations for hydraulic systems and actuators, thereby favorably impacting hydraulic system reliability, maintainability, safety and cost by significantly reducing leakage. The test plan for all Vought Corporation testing will be included in this report and will be divided into the following sections:

#### I. Acceptance Tests

#### II Seal Development Tests

### 2.0 REFERENCES

2.1 Contract No. DAAK51-78-C-0028.

2.2 Report No. 2-51700-C/8R-3527, Hydraulic System Seal Development Task II Test Report, Vought Corporation.

### 3.0 LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

3.1 List of Tables

3.1.1 Measured Critical Dimensions and Finishes

3.1.2 Leakage and interstage pressure data.

3.1.3 Rod seal description

3.2 List of Figures.

3.2.1 Seal Evaluation Test Figure Sketch.

3.2.2 Specimen and Loading Actuator Hydraulic Schematic.

3.2.3 Rod Seal Configurations to be Tested.

3.2.4 Critical Dimensions and Finishes.

3.2.5 Pressurized Friction Test Set-Up.

### 4.0 TEST PLAN

4.1 Seal Development Program.

#### 4.1.1 Test Requirements and Objectives.

Requirements for these tests are established by Section F of Reference 2.1. The purpose of this program is to test seals, seal combinations and rod finishes to determine the best rod seals and finishes for use in actuators designed for a 3,000 psig or an 8,000 psig hydraulic system. To accomplish this Vought will evaluate the best known seal combinations, as indicated by Reference 2.2 and approved by the Contracting Officer under adverse but controlled, test environments.

#### 4.1.2 Test Specimens

The seals will be tested in six double ended cylinders that were designed and manufactured especially for this program. Both ends of each cylinder have multiple rod seal grooves. The space between each set of grooves is equipped with a port so that pressure and/or leakage can be monitored. The rod seals to be tested and the ports are identified in Figure 3.2.3. The scrapers shown in this figure were the best performers in recent contamination tests at Vought at the time this test plan was written. The scraper tests were performed under Contract No. F33615-78-C-2027, Project 3145, Dynamic Seals for Advanced Hydraulic Systems.

#### 4.1.3 Test Set-Up.

The housings of the six specimen actuators will be grounded to a test fixture with each piston rod tied to a common output. The output bellcrank will in turn be loaded by a load actuator so that realistic loads will be imposed on the test specimens during each stroking cycle. A shaker will replace the load actuator to simulate rotor feedback loads. A sketch of the general arrangement of the test fixture is shown in Figure 3.2.1. A schematic of the hydraulic system used in cycling the test specimen actuators is shown in Figure 3.2.2.

#### 4.1.4 Test Procedures

4.1.4.1 Inspection. The critical dimensions of each actuator not measured in Reference 2.2 will be measured and recorded (scraper groove dimensions). All critical dimensions recorded will be shown in the final report.

#### 4.1.4.2 Friction.

**4.1.4.2.1**      Unpressurized Friction. Each seal assembly will be checked for static and dynamic unpressurized friction prior to final cylinder assembly. For this test the cylinder will be assembled with rod seals in one end only and with no piston seals. The rod/piston will be moved 5 times in each direction. The static and dynamic friction in each direction will be recorded.

**4.1.4.2.2**      Pressurized Friction. Each seal assembly will be checked for breakout friction at 100, 1500, 3000 and 4800 psig. For this test the cylinder will be assembled with the Shamban Double Delta Seal in one end and the test seal configuration in the other end. The set-up for this test is shown in Figure 3.2.5. Friction shall be measured as follows.

- a. Pressurize both ends to 100 psig.
- b. Slowly decrease the pressure at End 1 until the rod moves. Record the delta pressure.
- c. Repeat a.
- d. Slowly decrease the pressure at End 2 until the rod moves. Record the delta pressure.
- e. Repeat a through d for a total of 5 sets of data.
- f. Repeat a through e with the test pressure at 1500 psig.
- g. Repeat a through e with the test pressure at 3000 psig.
- h. Repeat a through e with the test pressure at 4800 psig.
- j. Repeat a through h for all seal configurations.
- k. Subtract tare breakout pressure and calculate the average breakout friction at each pressure level.

**4.1.4.3**      Acceptance Test.

**4.1.4.3.1**      Static Leakage. Apply static pressures of 5 psig, 90 psig, and 3000 psig to both cylinder ports for 5 minutes. There shall be no leakage from the external rod seal. Each seal vent shall be opened (one at a time) and the leakage checked for 3 minutes after a two minute wait. Temperature shall be 80 degrees F. +/- 20 degrees F.

**4.1.4.3.2**      Dynamic Leakage and Operation. Each cylinder will be cycled through at least 25 complete cycles with 3000 psig fluid to demonstrate satisfactory operation and leakage characteristics. Leakage at external rod seals shall not exceed 1 drop per 25 cycles. All leakage values will be recorded.

4.1.4.3.3      Proof Test.

4.1.4.3.3.1    3000 psig Proof Test. Apply 4500 psig to both cylinder ports for five minutes. There shall be no evidence of external leakage.

4.1.4.3.3.2    8000 psig Proof Test. Apply 12,000 psig to both cylinder ports for five minutes. There shall be no evidence of external leakage.

4.1.4.4        Development Testing. The cylinders will be placed in a test fixture (Figure 3.2.1) that uses a load actuator to simulate the actual cylinder loading. The fixture will be equipped with an insulated box so that the ambient temperature for the cylinders can be varied and controlled from test cell ambient to 275 degrees F. The actuators will be controlled by a servo-valve that is driven by an electro-hydraulic actuator through a scissors linkage.

Any seals that exhibit an external leakage of more than 1 drop per 25 cycles at full load and stroke, 1 drop per 50 cycles at 50% load and stroke, 1 drop per 250 cycles at 10% load and stroke, or 1 drop per hour at 2% load and stroke will be replaced with alternate seals at the first opportunity. If the seals in both ends of a cylinder fail that cylinder will be removed from the test. The total number of cycles to failure will be recorded for each seal. Leakage will be measured at the start and end of each day. The cylinders will be cycled at the rates shown in Paragraph 4.1.4.4.1.2. This rate will be reduced if seal temperatures become excessive or if max. fluid temperature cannot be met.

During all development tests the following parameters will be periodically monitored and their results recorded.

- specimen actuator cycles
- actuator strokes
- loads
- gland rod seal area temperatures
- specimen actuator fluid temperatures
- pump suction (pressure and temperature)
- pump discharge (pressure and temperature)
- pump case drain (pressure and temperature)
- specimen actuator rod end leakage
- specimen actuator pressures between seals
- elapsed test time
- specimen actuator pressures

4.1.4.4.1      3000 psig Tests.

4.1.4.4.1.1    High Temperature, 3,000 psig Test, MIL-H-5606. Cycle the actuators through  $2.5 \times 10^6$  input cycles. Ambient temperature shall be 60 degrees F to 275 degrees F as required to obtain a fluid temperature at the test actuators of 225 degrees F +/- 25 degrees F. This cycling shall be performed in 5 blocks. Block definition is shown in 4.1.4.4.1.2. At

the start of each day 9 ML of AC coarse Arizona road dust will be placed on each rod to simulate a soil laden environment. Cycling will be started with the insulated box at test cell ambient temperature so that the dust will not be blown from the rods by the hot air that is used for heat. After 5 to 10 minutes of cycling, the hot air will be introduced into the insulated box to allow the fluid temperature to stabilize at 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F.

4.1.4.4.1.2     Block Definition.

<u>Input Cycles</u>		<u>Description</u>	<u>Approximate Rate</u>
500	cycles	Full stroke and load	9 - 15 cpm
2500	cycles	50% stroke and load	18 - 30 cpm
7000	cycles	10% stroke and load	60 - 90 cpm
490000	cycles	2% stroke and load (+/- .04 in)	240 - 500 cpm

During the 2% cycling a .15 Hz, +/- 1-inch stroke shall be superimposed by electronically combining the two signals to prevent artificially overheating the seal.

4.1.4.4.1.3     Performance Test. Rerun tests of paragraph 4.1.4.3.1 and 4.1.4.3.2.

4.1.4.4.1.4     Fluid Change. The entire test set-up, including the lines and cylinders, shall have all MIL-H-5606 fluid removed by draining. After all of the MIL-H-5606 fluid has been removed, the entire test set-up shall be filled with MIL-H-83282 hydraulic fluid. The system will be cycled until it is free of air.

4.1.4.4.1.4.1     Performance Test. Rerun tests of paragraphs 4.1.4.3.1 and 4.1.4.3.2.

4.1.4.4.1.5     High Temperature, 3,000 psig Test, MIL-H-83282. Cycle the actuators through  $2 \times 10^6$  input cycles. Ambient temperature shall be 60 degrees F. to 275 degrees F. as required to obtain a fluid temperature at the test actuators of 225 degrees F +/- 25 degrees F. This cycling shall be performed in 4 blocks. Block definition is shown in 4.1.4.4.1.2. At the start of each day 9 ML of AC coarse Arizona road dust will be placed on each rod to simulate a soil laden environment. Cycling will be started with the insulated box at test cell ambient temperature so that the dust will not be blown from the rods by the hot air that is used for heat. After 5 to 10 minutes of cycling the hot air will be introduced into the insulated box to allow the fluid temperature to stabilize at 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F.

4.1.4.4.1.6     Performance Test.

4.1.4.4.1.6.1 Static Leakage. Apply static pressures of 5 psig, 90 psig, 3,000 psig and 8,000 psig to both cylinder ports for 5 minutes. There shall be no leakage from the external rod seal. Each seal vent shall be opened (one at a time) and the leakage will be checked for 3 minutes after a two minute wait. Temperature shall be the test cell ambient temperature.

4.1.4.4.1.6.2 Dynamic Leakage and Operation. Each cylinder will be cycled through at least 25 complete cycles with 8,000 psig fluid to demonstrate satisfactory operation and leakage characteristics. Leakage at the external rod seal shall not exceed 1 drop per 25 cycles. All leakage values will be recorded.

4.1.4.4.2 High Temperature, 8,000 psig Test, MIL-H-83282. Cycle the actuator through 500,000 input cycles. Ambient temperature shall be 60 degrees F. to 275 degrees F. as required to obtain a fluid temperature at the test actuators of 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F. This cycling shall be performed in one block. Block definition is shown in 4.1.4.4.1.2. At the start of each day 9 ML of AC coarse Arizona road dust will be placed on each rod to simulate a soil laden environment. Cycling will be started with the insulated box at test cell ambient temperature so that the dust will not be blown from the rods by the hot air that is used for heat. After 5 to 10 minutes of cycling, the hot air will be introduced into the insulated box to allow the fluid temperature to stabilize at 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F.

4.1.4.4.3 Performance Test. Rerun tests of paragraph 4.1.4.4.1.6.1 and 4.1.4.4.1.6.2.

B

4.1.4.5 Rotor Feedback Test. Replace the load actuator with an electromechanical shaker and apply  $20 \times 10^6$  output feedback cycles at a rate of  $16 \pm 3$  CPS.. System pressure for this test shall be MIL-H-83282 hydraulic fluid at 3000 psig. Ambient temperature in the insulated box shall be 60 degrees F. to 275 degrees F. as required to obtain a fluid temperature at the test actuators of 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F. The amplitude of the feedback cycles will be .010 +/- .005 in. The output of the actuators will be 800 +/- 200 pounds. At the start of each day 9 ML of AC coarse Arizona road dust will be placed on each rod to simulate a soil laden environment. Cycling will be started with the insulated box at test cell ambient temperature so that the dust will not be blown from the rods by the hot air that is used for heat. After 5 to 10 minutes of cycling, the hot air will be introduced into the insulated box to allow the fluid temperature to stabilize at 225 degrees F.

Rod position shall be varied sinusoidally at .15 Hz +/- .05 Hz with a 2-inch double amplitude to simulate helicopter loads and to reduce rod wear.

4.1.4.6 Performance Test. For those actuators that survive all cycling tests, rerun tests of paragraph 4.1.4.3.1 and 4.1.4.3.2.

4.1.5      Disassembly and Final Inspection. Following all tests the cylinders will be disassembled and all seal conditions evaluated and recorded. Photographs will be taken to show each seal configuration that is tested. The data on Tables 3.1.1 and 3.1.3 will be recorded.

5.0            TEST PARAMETERS

Unless otherwise specified the test parameters shall be as follows.

5.1            Test Fluid.

Fluid shall be filtered by a non-bypassing 3 or 5 micron absolute filter in the pressure line immediately downstream of the pump.

5.2            Temperature.

Unless otherwise specified the ambient temperature shall be 175 degrees +/- 100 degrees F. (as required to control the fluid temperature). Test fluid temperatures at the test actuator shall be 225 degrees F. +/- 25 degrees F.

5.3            Pressures.

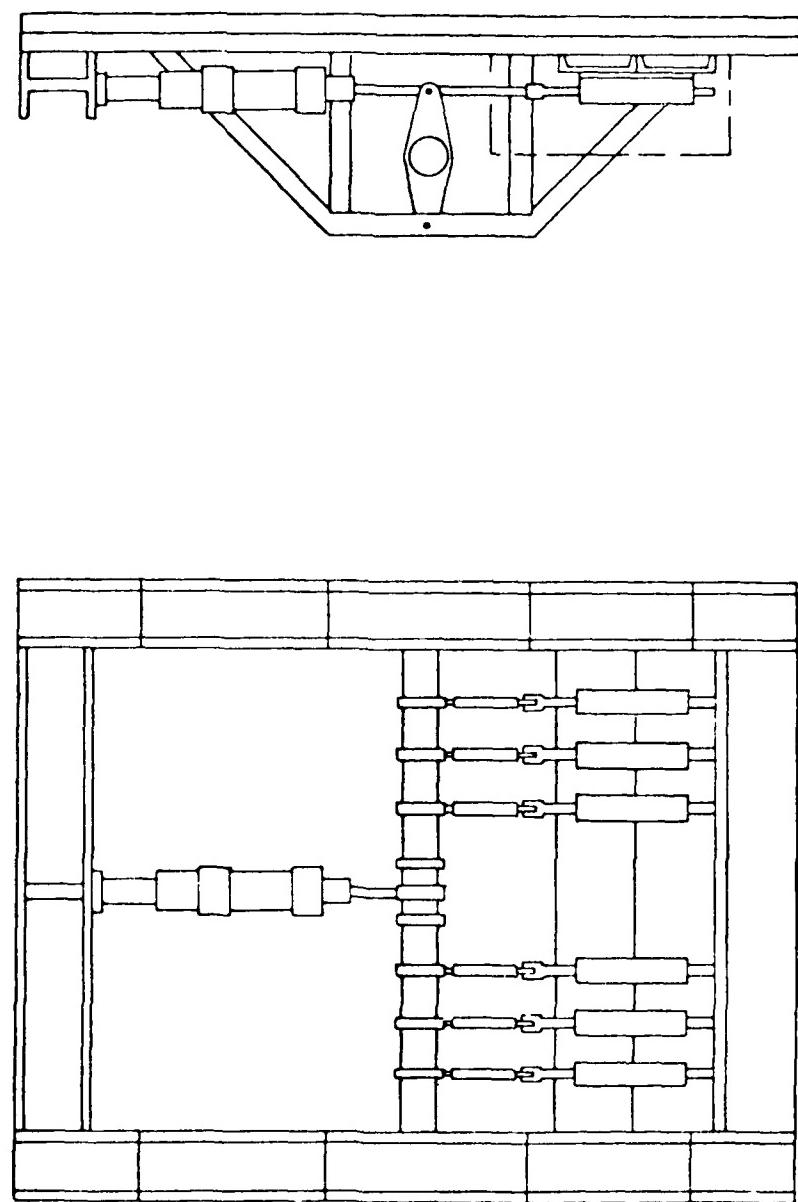
Test pressures are specified for each test

5.4            Tolerances.

Temperature - as specified for each test.

Pressure      - +/- 2% of the full scale reading.

FIGURE 3.2.1. SEAL EVALUATION TEST FIGURE SKETCH



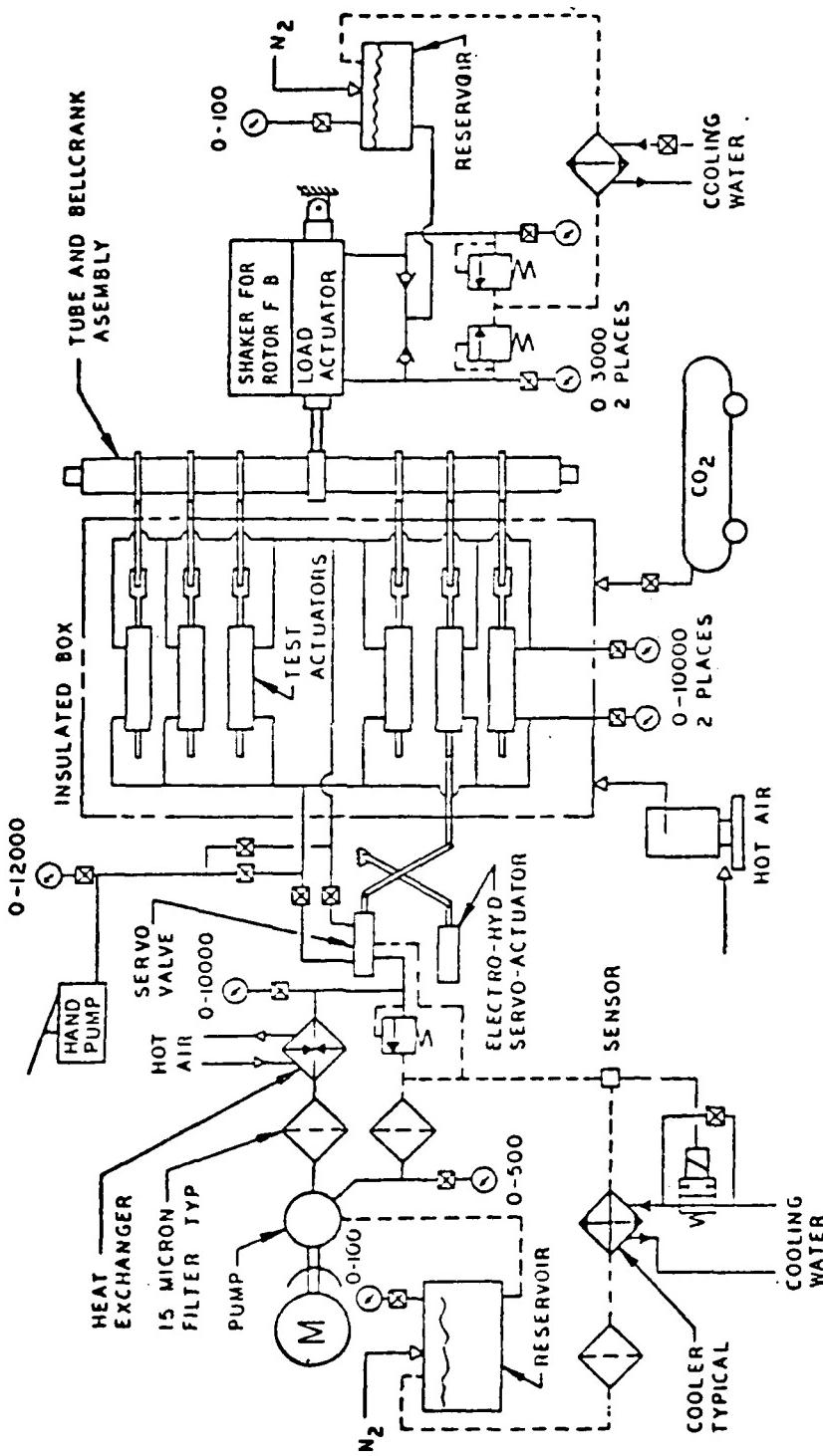
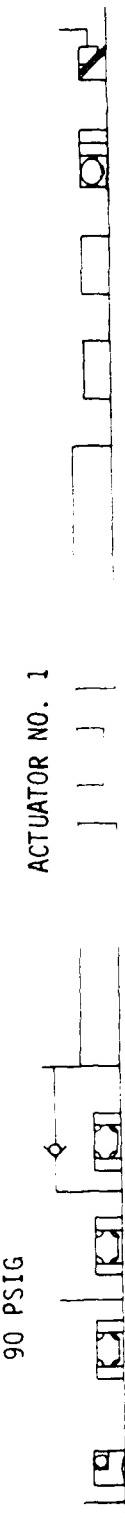


FIGURE 3.2.2. SPECIMEN AND LOAD HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS

90 PSIG



ACTUATOR NO. 1

ACTUATOR NO. 2



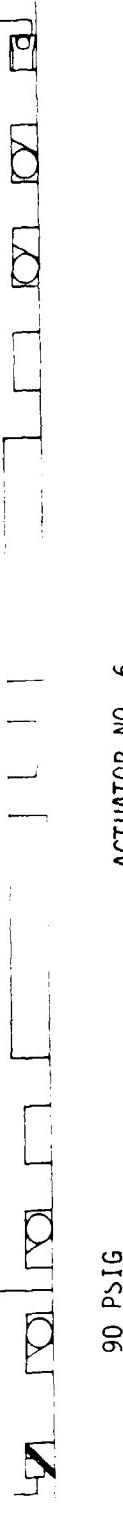
ACTUATOR NO. 3



ACTUATOR NO. 4



ACTUATOR NO. 5



ACTUATOR NO. 6



END NO. 1 (LUG)

END NO. 2 (ROD)

FIGURE 3.2.3. ROD SEAL CONFIGURATIONS TO BE TESTED

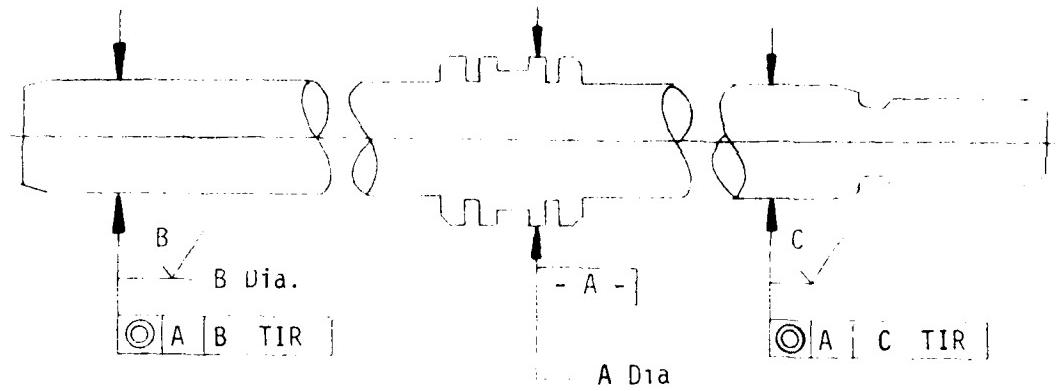


FIGURE 3.2.4A ROD CRITICAL DIMENSIONS

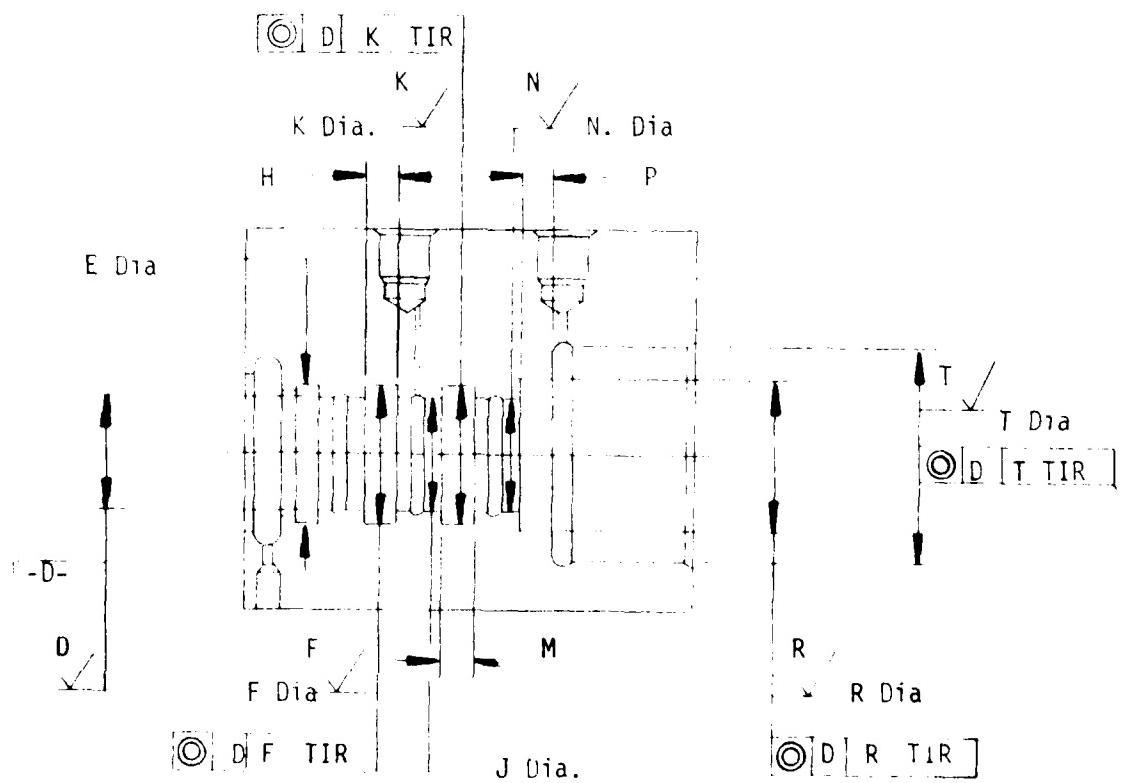
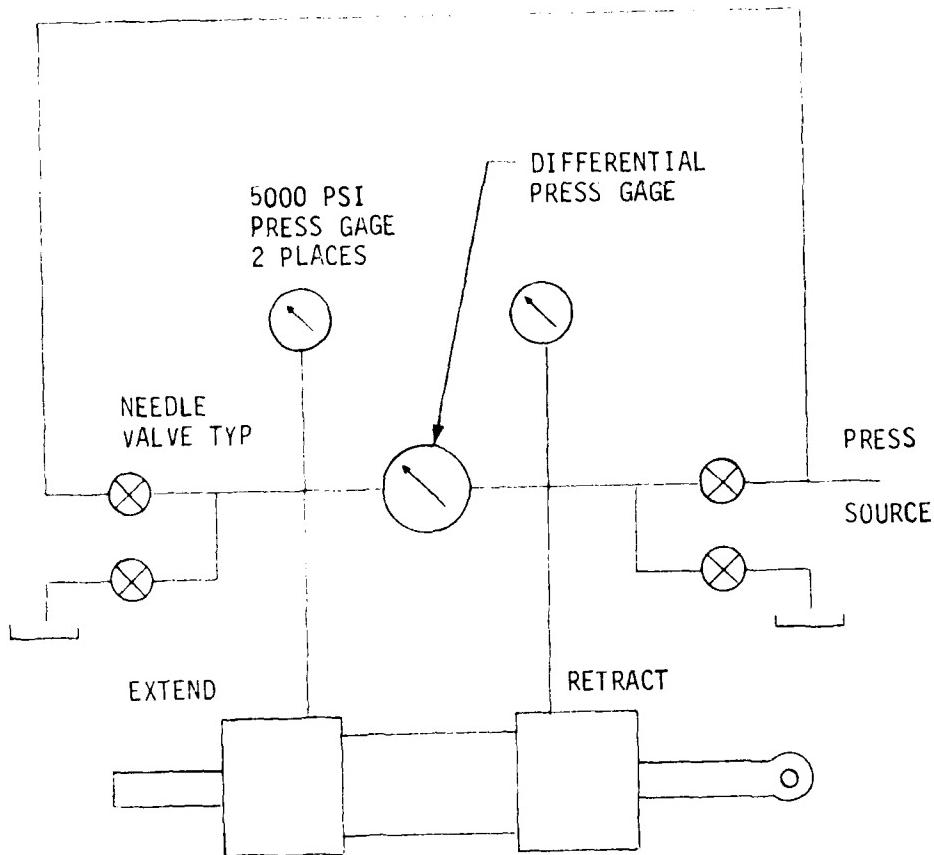


FIGURE 3.2.4B. END CAP CRITICAL DIMENSIONS



PRESSURIZED FRICTION SET-UP

FIGURE 3.2.5

TABLE 3.1.1  
MEASURED CRITICAL DIMENSIONS AND FINISHES

Actuator No. \_\_\_\_\_

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP MEASUREMENT
A DIA			
B DIA			
B RMS			
B TIR			
C DIA			
C RMS			
C TIR			
D DIA			
D RMS			
E DIA			
F DIA			
F RMS			
F TIR			
H			
J DIA			
K DIA			
K RMS			
K TIR			
M			
N DIA			
N RMS			
P			
R DIA			
R RMS			
R TIR			
T DIA			
T RMS			
T TIR			

TABLE 3.1.1A

MEASURED CRITICAL DIMENSIONS AND FINISHES AFTER TEST  
Actuator No.

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP MEASUREMENT
B Dia.			
B RMS Finish			
C Dia.			
C RMS Finish			
D Dia.			
N Dia.			

TABLE 3.1.2  
LEAKAGE AND INTERSTAGE PRESSURE DATA  
ACTUATOR NUMBER

DATE	TIME	OVER NIGHT LKG.	NUMBER OF CYCLES	END NUMBER 1 (LUG) LEAKAGE		END NUMBER 2 (ROD) LEAKAGE	
				LONG STROKE	END OF DAY CC DROPS	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT B	PRESSURE (MAX) PORT C

TABLE 3.1.3  
ROD SEAL DESCRIPTION

ACT NO.	UG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
1	X		X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
						Back-up Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.
			X	X	X	Excluder S32925-9P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.
			X			O-Ring M83461/1-121	Parker	MIL-P-83461
						Double Delta S30650-214-14	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler
			X			O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
			X			Back-Up Ring (2) S33157-214-14	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with glass and proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler
			X			Seal Guard S-34-20	Hercules	Bronze with a Nitrile Load Ring

TABLE 3.1.3  
ROD SEAL DESCRIPTION

#2

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
2	X		X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
			X	X	X	Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.
				X		Excluder S32925-9P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.
				X		O-Ring M83461/1-121	Parker	MIL-P-83461
2		X		X		Maxi-Flex Seal TF831M-7214	Tetrafluor	Tetralon 720
				X		O-Ring M83461/1-318	Parker	MIL-P-83461
					X	Seal Guard S-34-20	Hercules	Bronze with a Nitrile Load Ring

TABLE 3.1.3  
ROD SEAL DESCRIPTION

#3

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C			
3	X		X			Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.
							Dowty Seals Limited	Acetal Resin
			X			Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Nitrile
						X	O-Ring 100-218-0074	
								Ekanol filled TFE Proprietary Nitrile
						X	Polypak 18701000Z4651D53	Parker Packing Polymyte

TABLE 3.1.3  
POD SEAL DESCRIPTION

11

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	A	B	C	D	STAN. NAME & PART NUMBER P	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
4	X		X	X			Con-O-Hex CFC 6001-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 6200 Proprietary Nitrile
			X	X			Backup Ring CFC 5110-214	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 6200
			X				Scraper CFC 5001-998-55 and Spacer	C. E. Conover & Co.	Revonoc 18158
			X	X			Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Sharban	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler. Elastomer per MIL-P-8346
4	X		X	X			Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Sharban	Mineral Filled TFE Comp 18016
			X	X			Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Howdy Seals Limited	Acetal Resin
			X				O-Ring 100-218-0074	Howdy Seals Limited	Nitrile

TABLE 3.1.3  
NON SEAL DESCRIPTION

#C

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROUP A	GROUP B	NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	TYPE MATERIAL
5	X	X	X	X	Trapezoid Backup Seal CEC 5056f-214	C. F. Conover	Revonoc 6200
					O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
			X	X	Seal Guard S-34-20	Hercules	Bronze with a nitrile load Ring.
			X	X	Trapezoid Backup Seal CEC 5056f-214	C. F. Conover	Revonoc 6200
			X	X	O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461
			X	X	Polypak 187010007 4651D53	Parker	Polymyte

TABLE 3.1.3  
ROD SEAL DESCRIPTION

31

ACT NO.	LUG END	ROD END	GROOVE			PART NUMBER	SEAL NAME & PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
			A	B	C				
6	X		X			Double Delta S30650-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.	
		X				O-Ring M83461/1-214	Parker	MIL-P-83461	
		X				Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.	
		X				Hat Seal S33051-214-99	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler	
		X				Polypak 18701000Z4651D53	Parker	Polymyte	
		X	X	X	X	Plus Seal S30775-214P-19	W. S. Shamban	Turcon with Proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> Filler.	
	X	X	X	X	X	Backup Ring (2) S33157-214-19	W. S. Shamban	Elastomer per MIL-P-83461.	
		X				Wiper/Scraper 120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Acetal Resin	
	X					O-Ring 100-218-0074	Dowty Seals Limited	Nitrile	

TABLE B-3  
MEASURED CRITICAL DIMENSIONS AND FINISHES  
BEFORE AND (AFTER) TASK II TEST

Actuator No. 1

DIMENSION*	PISTON & ROD -12 S/N 007 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5 S/N 001 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -2 S/N 001 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.488	---	---
B DIA	.998 ( .9975)	---	---
B RMS	6 (4)	---	---
B TIR	.000	---	---
C DIA	.997 ( .9972)	---	---
C RMS	2 (4)	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0004 (1.0005)	1.0006 (1.0004)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	NA	NA
F DIA	---	1.241	1.241
F RMS	---	32	32
F TIR	---	.0002	.0002
H	---	.305	.3118
J DIA	---	1.0005	1.0007
K DIA	---	1.241	1.241
K RMS	---	32	32
K TIR	---	.0002	.0001
M	---	.304	.3106
N DIA	---	1.0006 (1.0005)	1.0003 (1.00115)
N RMS	---	16	16
P	---	.312	.3084
R DIA	--	1.241	1.3965
R RMS	---	32	32
R TIR	---	.0002	Not Recorded
T DIA	---	1.930	1.930
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0002	Not Recorded

\* See Figures 3.2.4A and 3.2.4B in Task III Test Plan.

TABLE B-3. Continued

## Actuator No. 2

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 007 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5 S/N 008 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5 S/N 003 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.488	---	---
B DIA	.9975 ( .998)	---	---
B RMS	6 (8)	---	---
B TIR	.000	---	---
C DIA	.997 ( .9972)	---	---
C RMS	6 (8)	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0004 (1.00075)	1.0005 (1.0004)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	NA	NA
F DIA	---	1.241	1.241
F RMS	---	16	32
F TIR	---	.0001	.0002
H	---	.3041	.3058
J DIA	---	1.0006	1.0008
K DIA	---	1.241	1.241
K RMS	---	32	32
K TIR	---	.0002	.0002
M	---	.3041	.304
N DIA	---	1.0004 (1.00075)	1.0005 (1.0004)
N RMS	---	32	16
P	---	.307	.3084
R DIA	--	1.241	1.2412
R RMS	---	32	32
R TIR	---	.0003	.0002
T DIA	---	1.930	Not Recorded
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0002	.0002

TABLE B-3. Continued

## Actuator No. 3

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 002 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5 S/N 004 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5 S/N 005 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.488	---	---
B DIA	.9975 ( .9975)	---	---
B RMS	6 (6)	---	---
B TIR	.000	---	---
C DIA	.9980 ( .9972)	---	---
C RMS	6 (8)	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0003 (1.0004)	1.0004 (1.0010)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	NA	NA
F DIA	---	1.241	1.241
F RMS	---	32	32
F TIR	---	.0002	.0002
H	---	.3041	.306
J DIA	---	1.0006	1.0006
K DIA	---	1.241	1.241
K RMS	---	32	32
K TIR	---	.0002	.0002
M	---	.3048	.304
N DIA	---	1.0006 (1.0004)	1.0005 (1.0006)
N RMS	---	16	16
P	---	.3094	.311
R DIA	--	1.2412	1.2415
R RMS	---	32	32
R TIR	---	.0002	.0002
T DIA	---	1.930	1.930
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0002	.0002

TABLE B-3. Continued

## Actuator No. 4

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 003 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -6 S/N 001 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5 S/N 006 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.489	---	---
B DIA	.9977 ( .9970)	---	---
B RMS	4 (16)	---	---
B TIR	.001	---	---
C DIA	.998 ( .9975)	---	---
C RMS	4 (4)	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0007 (1.0006)	1.0004 (1.0008)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	1.275	NA
F DIA	---	1.242	1.2413
F RMS	---	16	32
F TIR	---	Not Recorded	.0002
H	---	.310	.305
J DIA	---	1.0006	1.0006
K DIA	---	1.241	1.2413
K RMS	---	16	32
K TIR	---	.0001	.0002
M	---	.3084	.3059
N DIA	---	1.0004 (1.00055)	1.0005 (1.0004)
N RMS	---	16	16
P	---	.3143	.3075
R DIA	--	1.2412	Not Recorded
R RMS	---	16	32
R TIR	---	.0001	.0002
T DIA	---	1.930	1.930
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0001	.0001

TABLE B-3. Continued

## Actuator No. 5

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 004 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5 S/N 007 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5 S/N 008 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.4888	---	---
B DIA	.998	---	---
B RMS	4	---	---
B TIR	.000	---	---
C DIA	.998	---	---
C RMS	4	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0004 (1.0032)	1.0003 (1.00075)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	NA	NA
F DIA	---	1.2415	1.2415
F RMS	---	32	32
F TIR	---	.0003	.0002
H	---	.3065	.3063
J DIA	---	1.0005	1.0005
K DIA	---	1.2413	1.243
K RMS	---	32	32
K TIR	---	.0003	.0002
M	---	.3051	.3065
N DIA	---	1.0006 (1.00055)	1.0006 (1.0004)
N RMS	---	16	16
P	---	.3135	.3136
R DIA	--	1.2412	1.2416
R RMS	---	32	32
R TIR	---	.0003	.0002
T DIA	---	1.930	1.930
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0003	.0003

TABLE B-3. Continued

## Actuator No. 6

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 005 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5 S/N 009 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5 S/N 010 MEASUREMENT
A DIA	1.4885	---	---
B DIA	.998 (.9980)	---	---
B RMS	4 (4)	---	---
B TIR	.000	---	---
C DIA	.998 (.9976)	---	---
C RMS	4 (4)	---	---
C TIR	.000	---	---
D DIA	---	1.0006 (1.00055)	1.0004 (1.00078)
D RMS	---	16	16
E DIA	---	NA	NA
F DIA	---	1.242	1.243
F RMS	---	32	32
F TIR	---	.0001	.0002
H	---	.3055	.3051
J DIA	---	1.0007	1.0007
K DIA	---	1.242	1.243
K RMS	---	32	32
K TIR	---	.0001	.0002
M	---	.3083	.304
N DIA	---	1.0008 (1.00065)	1.0007 (1.00083)
N RMS	---	16	16
P	---	.3111	.3078
R DIA	--	1.2416	1.2415
R RMS	---	32	32
R TIR	---	.0001	.0002
T DIA	---	1.930	1.930
T RMS	---	32	32
T TIR	---	.0001	.0002

APPENDIX C  
TASK III DATA

TABLE C-1. TASK III SEAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER / SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal  S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)	W. S. Sharban	Yes 3 drops total rod leakage	Cap Strip and backup rings are in good condition. Outside backup ring has approximately .01 in. extrusion. Elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. The seal survived the entire test.
FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A FOUR-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 1 LUG, GROOVE "A"				
		Inside Bu I.D.	Cap I.D.	Outside Bu I.D.
		New .9903	.982	.9903
		Used .994	.994	1.0042
		New .998	<u>Rod Dia</u> 3 RMS	<u>Rod Finish</u> 4-7 RMS
		Used .9974-.9978		

FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A FOUR-STAGE  
VENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 1 LUG, GROOVE "A"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Shamban	Yes 3 drops total rod leakage	Cap strip and backup rings are in very good condition. Elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.
<b>SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A FOUR STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 1 LUG GROOVE "B"</b>				
S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)			Inside Bu I.D.	Cap I.D.
		New	<u>.9903</u>	<u>.9982</u>
		Used	.994	.9903
				Outside Bu I.D.
				<u>.9903</u>
				.994
<b>Rod Dia</b>				
		New	<u>.998</u>	<u>3 RMS</u>
		Used	.9974-.9978	4-7 RMS
<b>Rod Finish</b>				

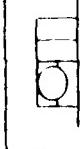
TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 plus Seal	W. S. Sharban Yes 3 drops total Rod Leakage	Cap strip and backup rings are in very good condition. Elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.
S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)			
THIRD-STAGE SEAL IN A FOUR- STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 1 LUG, GROOVE "C"	Inside Bu I.D. <u>.9903</u>	Cap I.D. <u>.9782</u>	Outside Bu I.D. <u>.9903</u>
	New .994	New .9903	Used .994
	Rod Dia <u>.998</u>	Rod Dia <u>.9974-.9978</u>	Rod Finish <u>3 RMS</u>
			4-7 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S32925-9P-19	W. S. Sharban	No -- Excessive Wear	Both I.D. crowns of the Excluder show contact and wear, with the most wear under the O-ring. Contaminant was trapped in the "V" groove.
M83461/1-121	Parker			<u>Excluder I.O.</u>
O-Ring			New .9903 Used 1.0042	The wear exhibited by this excluder would prevent it acting as a seal or as an effective scraper. The contaminant trapped by the Excluder scratched the rod.
FOURTH-STAGE SEAL/SCRAPER IN A FOUR-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION. NO. 1 LUG GROOVE "D".				Rod Dia      Rod Finish New .998      3 RMS Used .9974-.9978 4-7 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIED	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-14 Double Delta	W. S. Sharban	No. The Seal Failed	This seal failed during the rotor feedback test. The failure occurred after 5.5 x $10^6$ endurance cycles and 474,000 rotor feedback cycles.
	M83461/1-214 O-ring	Parker		
	S33157-214-14 Backup Ring (2)	W. S. Sharban		The outside lip of the double delta had been worn away and the O-ring wear area had a polished appearance.

SINGLE-STAGE SEAL INSTALLATION  
NO. 1 ROD, GROOVE "C".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S-34-20 Seal Guard	Hercules No	The scraper was in good condition but it had allowed a significant quantity of dirt to bypass it on the rod.

SCRAPER FOR A SINGLE-STAGE  
SEAL INSTALLATION  
NO. 1 ROD, GROOVE "D".

TABLE C-1: CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Sharban Yes, zero leakage during entire test	Cap strip and inside backup ring are in very good condition. The outside backup ring has approx. .04 in. extrusion, but is in good condition. The elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. The seal survived the entire test.
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)		
			Inside Cap Outside Bu I.D. I.D. Bu I.D.
			<u>.994</u> <u>.9982</u> <u>.994</u>
		New .994	1.0042
		Used .994	
			Rod Dia <u>.998</u>
			Rod Finish <u>.9973-.9979</u>
			2 RMS
			2-3 RMS

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CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	ANTI-FACOPY PERFORMANCE	ANTI-FACOPY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P- <u>2-57</u>	S3075-214P-1q plus Seal	W. S. Sharhan	Yes, zero leakage during test	Cap strip and backup rings are in very good condition with no extrusion. Elastomer has minor deflection away from pressure.	Inside Cap Rn I.D. I.D. <u>.994</u> <u>.994</u> New Used
	S33157-214-1q Backup Ring (2)			Outside Rn I.D. <u>.994</u>	Outside Rn I.D. <u>.994</u> .994

AD-A103 201

VOUGHT CORP DALLAS TX  
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT. (U)

JUN 81 K E WHITFILL

F/6 1/3

UNCLASSIFIED

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USAAVRADCOM-TR-81-D-17 NL

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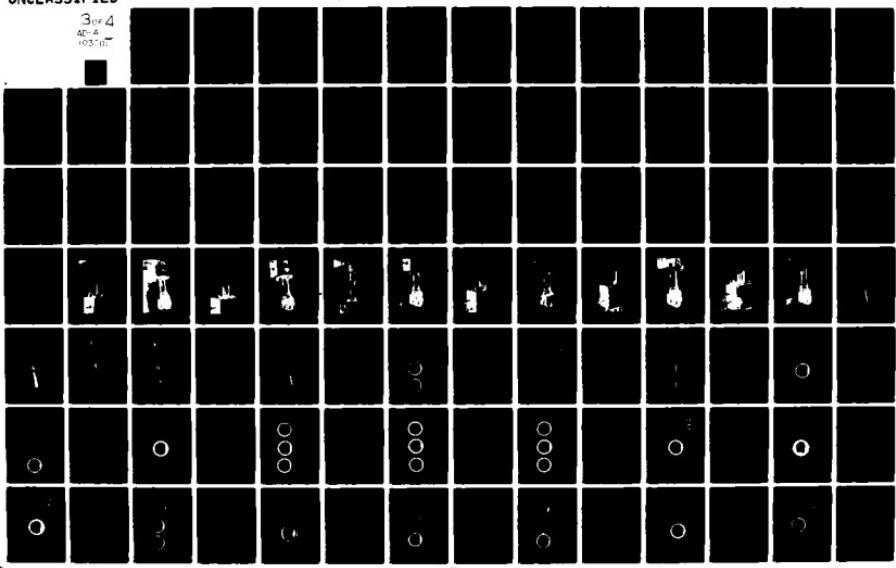


TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PAPT SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS																				
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Sharban	Yes, zero leakage during test	Cap strips and backup rings are in very good condition. Elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure.																				
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)																							
THIRD-STAGE SEAL IN A FOUR-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 2 LUG, GROOVE "C".																								
<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Inside Ru I.D.</th> <th>Cap I.D.</th> <th>Outside Bu I.D.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>.994</u></td> <td><u>.982</u></td> <td><u>.994</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.994</td> <td>.994</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.994</td> <td>.994</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Rod Dia</th> <th>Rod Finish</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>.998</u></td> <td><u>? RMS</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.9973-.9979</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>2-3 RMS</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Inside Ru I.D.	Cap I.D.	Outside Bu I.D.	<u>.994</u>	<u>.982</u>	<u>.994</u>	New	.994	.994	Used	.994	.994	Rod Dia	Rod Finish	<u>.998</u>	<u>? RMS</u>	New	.9973-.9979	Used	2-3 RMS
Inside Ru I.D.	Cap I.D.	Outside Bu I.D.																						
<u>.994</u>	<u>.982</u>	<u>.994</u>																						
New	.994	.994																						
Used	.994	.994																						
Rod Dia	Rod Finish																							
<u>.998</u>	<u>? RMS</u>																							
New	.9973-.9979																							
Used	2-3 RMS																							

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS				
P  S32925-9P-19 Excluder	W. S. Shamban	No, Excessive Wear	Both ID crowns of the Excluder show contact and wear with the most wear under the O-ring. Contaminant was trapped in the "Y" groove.				
1183461/1-121 O-ring	Parker		<p><u>Excluder I.D.</u></p> <table> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.9903</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>1.0042</td> </tr> </table> <p>The wear exhibited by this Excluder would prevent it acting as a seal or as an effective scraper. The contaminant trapped by the excluder scratched the rod. The rod under the scraper had a blue appearance as if it had been overheated.</p>	New	.9903	Used	1.0042
New	.9903						
Used	1.0042						

FOUR-STAGE SEAL/SCRAPER IN A  
FOUR-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION.  
NO. 2 LUG, GROOVE "D".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	TF831M-7214 Maxi-Flex	Tetrafluor	No. Seal was on the verge of failure despite zero 1kg during the test.
M83461/1-318	Parker O-ring		No. Seal was worn through on approximately 200° of the outside lip. The cap strip has extruded approx. .06 in. on the entire downstream circumference. The O-ring is abraded over an area approx. .20 in. wide on the downstream side. The seal survived the entire test with zero measurable leakage.

SINGLE-STAGE SEAL INSTALLATION  
NO. 2 ROD, GROOVE "A"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS										
P 	S-34-20 Seal Guard	Hercules	No.	The scraper was in good condition but it had allowed a significant quantity of contamination to bypass it on the rod.										
<u>SCRAPER FOR A SINGLE STAGE SEAL INSTALLATION NO. 2 ROD, GROOVE "D".</u>														
<u>Scraper I.D.</u> <table> <tr> <td>New</td> <td><u>.994</u></td> <td>Rod Dia</td> <td><u>.998</u></td> <td>Rod Finish</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.998</td> <td><u>2 RMS</u></td> <td>.9976-.9978</td> <td>3-5 RMS</td> </tr> </table>					New	<u>.994</u>	Rod Dia	<u>.998</u>	Rod Finish	Used	.998	<u>2 RMS</u>	.9976-.9978	3-5 RMS
New	<u>.994</u>	Rod Dia	<u>.998</u>	Rod Finish										
Used	.998	<u>2 RMS</u>	.9976-.9978	3-5 RMS										

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

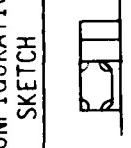
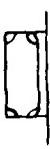
CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Sharban	Yes; 17 drops leakage during the test.	The cap strip and inside backup ring were in very good condition. The outside backup ring was in good condition but had approx. .02 in. extrusion. This seal survived the entire test.
S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)				
<b>SINGLE-STAGE SEAL INSTALLATION NO. 3 LUG, GROOVE "C".</b>				
			Inside Bu I.D. <u>.982</u>	Cap I.D. <u>.9903</u>
			New Used	Outside Bu I.D. <u>.9903</u> 1.0042
				Rod Dia <u>.9975</u>
				Rod Finish <u>6 RMS</u>
			New Used	5-11 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P		120-218-1709 Wiper/Scraper	Dowty Seals Limited	Yes
		100-218-0074 O-ring	Dowty Seals Limited	
<u>Scraper I.D.</u>				
		New	.982	
		Used	.998	
This scraper could not be removed without damage from a one-piece gland, and it was difficult to install in a one-piece gland.				
<u>SCRAPER FOR A SINGLE-STAGE SEAL INSTALLATION NO. 3 (LUG) GROOVE D</u>				
		New	<u>Rod Dia .9975</u>	<u>Rod Finish 6 RMS</u>
		Used	.9972-.9973	5-11 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	DESIGNER / SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	595-21400 - 160-PX1 Enercap	Greene Tweed No	The cap strip cracked through axially and the downstream side wore away. This seal did not survive the test. The approximate failure point for this seal was after 16,248,240 cycles. The elastomer was in good condition.
<u>Cap Strip I.D.</u>			
		.982	
	New		Could not be measured
	Used		because of cracks in the cap strip.
<u>Rod Dia</u>			
	New	.9975	Rod Finish
	Used	.9972-.9976	3 RMS
			3-5 RMS

FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 3 ROD, GROOVE "B"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

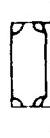
CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	595-21400- 160-PX1 Enercap	Greene Tweed No.	The cap strip cracked through axially and the downstream side wore away. This seal did not survive the test. This seal failed after 16,248,240 cycles. The elastomer was in good condition.
<u>SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 3 ROD, GROOVE "C"</u>			
		<u>Cap Strip I.D.</u> .982	New Used Could not be measured because of crack in the cap strip.
		<u>Rod Dia</u> <del>.9975</del> .9977-.9976	<u>Rod Finish</u> 3 RMS 3-5 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

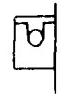
CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	18701000Z 4651053 Polypak	Parker Packing	Yes	Scraper was in good condition but allowed some dirt to pass. This scraper survived the entire test.
<hr/>				
SCRAPER FOR A TWO-STAGE SEAL UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 3 POD, GROOVE "D"				
<hr/>				
		<u>Scraper I.D.</u>		
		<u>.982</u>		
		New .994		
		Used		
<hr/>				
		<u>Rod Dia</u>		<u>Rod Finish</u>
		<u>.9975</u>		<u>3 RMS</u>
		New .9972-.9976		3-5 RMS
<hr/>				

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P		CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	C. E. Conover & Co.	Yes, zero leakage during test
		CEC5110-214 Backup Ring		This seal produced no visible wear particles. The inside backup ring, cap and elastomer look very good. The outside triangular backup has approx .02 in. extrusion. This seal survived the entire test.
			Inside Cap Bu I.D. I.D.	Outside Cap Bu I.D.
		New .9903	.9903	.9982 .998
		Used .9903		.9998+.9998+
			Rod Dia	Rod Finish
		New .9975		3 RMS
		Used .9973-.9975		3-4 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC6001-214 Con-O-Hex	C. E. Conover & Co.	Yes; zero leakage during the test	This seal produced no visible wear particles. Both backup rings, the cap, and the elastomer were in very good condition. This seal survived the entire test.
SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A THREE-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 4 LUG, GROOVE "C"				
			Inside Bu I.D. <u>.9907</u>	Cap I.D. <u>.9982</u>
			New Used	Outside Bu I.D. <u>.994</u> .986
			Rod Dia <u>.9975</u>	Rod Finish <u>3 RMS</u>
			New Used	3-4 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC5091-998-55	C. E. Conover	Yes	This scraper did not allow contaminant to bypass on the rod. It produced the least visible rod wear of all scrapers tested.
<b>THIRD-STAGE SEAL/SCRAPER IN A THREE-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 4 LUG, GROOVE "D"</b>				
		Scraper I.D.		
		New	.982	Rod Dia
		Used	.9903	3 RMS
		Scraper I.D.		Pod Finish
		New	.9975	3 RMS
		Used	.9973-.9975	3-4 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

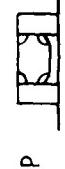
CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER NUMBER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Sharban Yes; zero leakage during test	Backup rings are in good condition. Outside backup ring has approx. .04 in. extrusion. Cap strip is in very good condition. Elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)		
			Inside Cap Outside Bu I.D. I.D. Bu I.D. <u>.9903</u> <u>.9982</u> <u>.9903</u>
			New .994 .994 1.0042 Used
			Rod Dia Rod Finish <u>.9975</u> <u>3 RMS</u> New .9972-.9973 2-4 RMS Used

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Sharban Yes; zero leakage during test	Both backup rings and the cap strip are in very good condition. The elastomer has minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)		
SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 4 ROD, GROOVE "C"			
		Inside Cap Outside	
		Bu I.D. I.D. Bu I.D.	
		<u>.9982</u> <u>.9903</u> <u>.9903</u>	<u>.9903</u>
	New	.9903	.9903
	Used		.9903
		Rod Dia	Rod Finish
		<u>.9975</u>	<u>3 RMS</u>
	New	.9972 - .9973	2-4 RMS
	Used		

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	120-218-1709 Wiper/Scraper Limited	Dowty Seals Yes	The scraper was in good condition, but had allowed the passage of a small amount of dirt on the rod. The O-ring had taken a permanent set. This scraper survived the entire test.
	100-218-0074 O-ring		
<b>SCRAPER FOR A TWO-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 4 ROD, GROOVE "D"</b>			
		Scraper I.D. New .982 Used .994	This scraper could not be removed without damage from a one-piece gland and it was difficult to install in a one-piece gland.
			Rod Dia New .9975 Used .9972-.9973
			Rod Finish 3 RMS 2-4 RMS.

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC5056C-214 Trapezoid Backup Ring	G. K. Flings/ C. E. Conover zero leakage during test	The O-ring was in very good condition with no nibbling. The trapezoidal backup ring was in very good condition with no visible wear particles. This seal survived the entire test
<hr/>			
M83461/1-214 O-Ring	Parker		
		<u>O-Ring I.D.</u>	<u>Backup I.D.</u>
		New .982	.9903
		Used .994	1.0042
<hr/>			
FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 5 LUG, GROOVE "B".			
		<u>Rod Dia</u>	<u>Rod Finish</u>
		.998	.9 RMS
		Used .9976-.9979	5-9 RMS

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

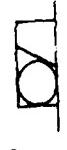
CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER NUMBER	MANUFACTORY SUPPLIER		PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC5056C-214 Trapezoid Backup Ring	G. K. Flings/ C. F. Conover	yes, Zero leakage		The O-ring was in very good condition with no nibbling. The trapezoidal backup ring was in very good condition with no visible wear particles. This seal survived the entire test.
	M83A61/1-214 O-Ring	Parker			
				O-Ring I.D.	Backup I.D.
				New .986	.9903
				Used .994	.998
				Rod Dia	Rod Finish
				New .998	4 RMS
				Used .9976-.9979	5-9 RMS

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE  
VENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 5 LUG, GROOVE "C".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P	S-34-20 Seal Guard	Hercules	No	The Scraper was in good condition but it had allowed contamination to bypass it on the rod. The rod had a frosted appearance.
SCRAPER FOR A TWO-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 5 LUG, GROOVE "D"				
Rod Dia                    Rod Finish				
.998                    4 RMS				
.9976-.9979            5-9 RMS				

TABLE C-1. CONDITION

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS																		
P  CEC5056C-214 Trapezoid Backup Ring	G. K. Fling/ C. E. Conover	Yes; zero leakage during test	The O-ring was in very good condition with no nibbling. The trapezoidal backup ring was in very good condition with no visible wear particles. This seal survived the entire test.																		
M83461/1-214 O-ring	Parker		<table> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>0-Ring I.D.</th> <th>Backup I.D.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.986</td> <td>.9903</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.998</td> <td>1.0042</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Rod Dia</th> <th>Rod Finish</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.9978</td> <td>6 RMS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.9972-.9976</td> <td>8-10 RMS</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		0-Ring I.D.	Backup I.D.	New	.986	.9903	Used	.998	1.0042		Rod Dia	Rod Finish	New	.9978	6 RMS	Used	.9972-.9976	8-10 RMS
	0-Ring I.D.	Backup I.D.																			
New	.986	.9903																			
Used	.998	1.0042																			
	Rod Dia	Rod Finish																			
New	.9978	6 RMS																			
Used	.9972-.9976	8-10 RMS																			

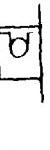
FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 5 ROD, GROOVE "B"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	CEC5056C-214 G. K. Fling/ Conover Trapezoid Backup Ring	Yes; zero leakage during test	The O-ring was in very good condition with no nibbling. The trapezoid backup ring was in very good condition with no visible wear particles. This seal survived the entire test.
M83461/1-214 O-ring		O-Ring I.D. New .982 Used .994	Backup I.D. .9903 .998

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 5 ROD, GROOVE "C"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	Parker Packing	Yes	Scraper was in good condition, but allowed some contamination to pass. This scraper survived the entire test
<u>Scraper I.D.</u>			
		New  .982	
		Used .994	
<u>Rod Dia</u>			
		New  .9978	Rod Finish
		Used .9972-.9976	 8-10 RMS

SCRAPER FOR A TWO-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 5 ROD, GROOVE "D".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30650-214-19	W. S. Sharban	Yes; zero leakage during test	The cap strip and both back-up rings are in very good condition. The O-ring is in good condition but has slight deformation. This seal survived the entire test
	S33157-214-19			
	Backup Ring (2)			
<hr/>				
FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 6 LUG, GROOVE "B"				
<hr/>				
Rod Dia		Rod Finish		
New	.9977	3 RMS		
Used	.9973-.9975	3 RMS-4 RMS		
<hr/>				

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

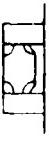
CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS																				
P 	S33051-214-99 Hat Seal	W. S. Shamban	Yes; zero leakage during test	The cap strip and elastomer are in very good condition. This seal survived the entire test.																				
<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Cap I.D.</th> <th>Elastomer I.D.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>.994</td> <td>.982</td> </tr> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>LT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.994+</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>LT .982</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Rod Dia</th> <th>Rod Finish</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>.997</td> <td>.995</td> </tr> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>3 RMS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.9973-.9975</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>3 RMS-4 RMS</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Cap I.D.	Elastomer I.D.	.994	.982	New	LT	Used	.994+		LT .982	Rod Dia	Rod Finish	.997	.995	New	3 RMS	Used	.9973-.9975		3 RMS-4 RMS
Cap I.D.	Elastomer I.D.																							
.994	.982																							
New	LT																							
Used	.994+																							
	LT .982																							
Rod Dia	Rod Finish																							
.997	.995																							
New	3 RMS																							
Used	.9973-.9975																							
	3 RMS-4 RMS																							

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE  
VENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 6 LUG, GROOVE "C"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER SKETCH	DESIGNER / SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	187010002 4651053 Scraper	Parker Packing  Yes	This scraper allowed very little contamination to bypass on the rod. The scraper was in good condition and survived the entire test.
<hr/>			
		Scraper I.D.	
		New .982 Used .998	
<hr/>			
		Pod Dia	Pod Finish
		.9977 3 RMS New .9973-.9975 Used .9975	3 RMS-4 RMS
<hr/>			
SCRAPER FOR A TWO-STAGE VENTED INSTALLATION NO. 6 LUG, GROOVE "D".			

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIERS	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal  S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)	W. S. Sharban Yes; zero leakage during test	The inside backup ring was in very good condition. The Plus Seal was in good condition but had approx. .02 in. extrusion. The outside backup ring was in good condition, but had approx. .01 in. extrusion. The elastomer was in good condition, but had minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.

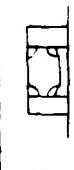
	Inside Bu I.D.	Cap I.D.	Outside Bu I.D.
New	.9903	.9982	.9903
Used	.9904	.9903	.998

	Rod Dia	Rod Finish
New	.9975	3 RMS
Used	.9973-.9975	3-10 RMS

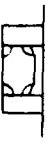
FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A THREE-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO 6 ROD, GROOVE "A"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal	W. S. Shamban	Yes; zero leakage during test	Both backup rings and the cap were in very good condition. The elastomer was in good condition but had minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)			
				Inside Cap Outside Bu I.D. I.D. Bu I.D. <u>.9903</u> <u>.9982</u> <u>.9903</u>
				New .994 .9903 .994 Used
				Rod Dia Rod Finish <u>.9975</u> <u>.9975</u> 3 RMS New Used 3-10 RMS

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A THREE-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION.  
NO. 6 P.D., GROOVE "B"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Plus Seal  S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)	W. S. Shamban Yes; zero leakage during test	Both backup rings and the cap were in very good condition. The elastomer was in good condition but had minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test.

Inside Bu I.D.	Cap I.D.	Outside Bu I.D.
.9903		.9903
New .994	.992	
Used	.9903	.994

Rod dia	Rod Finish
.9975	3 RMS
New .9973-.9975	3-10 RMS
Used	

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A THREE-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION.  
NO. 6 ROD, GROOVE "B"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

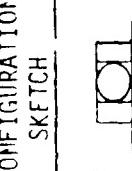
CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS																									
P 	S30775-214P-1a Plus Seal	W. S Shamban	Yes; zero leakage during test	Both backup rings and the cap were in very good condition. The elastomer was in good condition but had minor deformation away from pressure. This seal survived the entire test																									
	S33157-214-19 Backup Ring (2)			<table> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Inside</th> <th>Cap</th> <th>Outside</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th>Bu I.D.</th> <th>I.D.</th> <th>Bu I.D.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.9903</td> <td>.9903</td> <td>.9903</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.9903</td> <td>.994</td> <td>.994</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Rod Dia</th> <th>Rod Finish</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>New</td> <td>.9975</td> <td>3 RMS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Used</td> <td>.9973-.9975</td> <td>3-10 RMS</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Inside	Cap	Outside		Bu I.D.	I.D.	Bu I.D.	New	.9903	.9903	.9903	Used	.9903	.994	.994		Rod Dia	Rod Finish	New	.9975	3 RMS	Used	.9973-.9975	3-10 RMS
	Inside	Cap	Outside																										
	Bu I.D.	I.D.	Bu I.D.																										
New	.9903	.9903	.9903																										
Used	.9903	.994	.994																										
	Rod Dia	Rod Finish																											
New	.9975	3 RMS																											
Used	.9973-.9975	3-10 RMS																											

THIRD-STAGE SEAL IN A THREE-STAGE  
UNVENTED INSTALLATION  
NO. 6 ROD, GROOVE "C"

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	120-218-1709	Dowty Seals Limited	Yes	This scraper allowed a small amount of contamination to bypass on the rod. This scraper survived the entire test.
	100-218-0074	O-ring		
		SCRAPER FOR A THREE-STAGE UNVENTED INSTALLATION NO. 6 ROD, GROOVE "D"		
		Scraper I.D.		
		New .982		
		Used .9903		
		Pad Dia	Pad Finish	
		.9975	.9 RMS	
		Used .9973-.9975	3-10 RMS	

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKFTCH	NUMBER	DESIGNED/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	TF830-214-2 Backup Ring (2)	Tetrafluor	No; seal failed on tungsten carbide rod	The seal failed after 4,650,540 cycles of rotor feedback. The O-ring was worn away and rolled over approx. 150° of outer surface. The worn area had a polished look. The backup rings had medium local wear caused by the O-Ring getting on top.
	M83461/1-214 O-Ring	Parker		No seal measurements were taken.

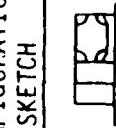
SINGLE-STAGE SEAL (1ST REPLACEMENT)  
ACT. NO. 1, ROD, GROOVE "C".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUEN

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P S-34-20 Seal Guard	Hercules	No	The scraper was in good condition, but it had allowed contamination to bypass it on the rod.
<u>SCRAPER FOR THE 1ST REPLACEMENT SEAL IN ACT NO. 1, ROD, GROOVE "D"</u>			

Scraper I.D.  
New Not measured  
Used Could not be measured because of distortion at disassembly.

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION SKETCH	PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S30775-214P-19 Pls Seal	W. S. Sharban	No; seal failed on tungsten carbide rod	The seal failed after 15,462,330 rotor feedback cycles and 1620 long stroke cycles. The outer lip of the cap was worn away over a 90° arc. The elastomer was exposed to the rod and worn heavily in the same area.

SINGLE-STAGE SEAL (2ND REPLACEMENT)  
ACT NO. 1 ROD, GROOVE "C"

No seal measurements were taken.

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ NUMBER	SATISFACTORY/ SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY/ PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	S-34-20 Seal Guard	Hercules	No	The scraper was in good condition, but it had allowed contamination to bypass it on the rod.

SCRAPER FOR THE 2ND REPLACEMENT  
SEAL IN ACT. NO. 1 ROD, GROOVE "D".

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART SKETCH	DESIGNER/ SUPPLIER NUMBER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P <u>10</u>	API 0103-214P-'1 Fluorocarbon Orni Seal	No; excessive leakage	This seal was tested for 15,462,330 rotor feedback cycles and 1620 long stroke cycles. Leakage was <u>43.56 cc.</u>

FIRST-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE UNVENTED  
REPLACEMENT INSTALLATION  
ACT. NO. 3 POD, GROOVE "A".

Seal I.D.  
.982

New  
Used

TABLE C-1. CONTINUED

CONFIGURATION PART NUMBER	DESIGNER/SUPPLIER	SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE	COMMENTS
P 	AR141337 Rod Seal	Fluorocarbon No	This seal was tested for 15,462,330 rotor feedback cycles and long stroke cycles. Leakage was excessive and the elastomer cracked and nibbled. The backup rings were in good condition.
CFC5056-214 Backup Ring (2)	C. E. Conover	Yes	

226

SECOND-STAGE SEAL IN A TWO-STAGE UNVENTED  
REPLACEMENT INSTALLATION  
ACTUATOR NO. 3 ROD, GROOVE "C"

New	Seal	Inside	Outside
	.1.D.	.1.D.	.1.D.
	<u>.9903</u>	<u>.9903</u>	<u>.9903</u>
Used	LT.982	LT.982	LT.982
	.994	.994	.994

TABLE C-2. MEASURED CRITICAL DIMENSIONS AND FINISHES  
BEFORE AND (AFTER) TASK III TEST

Actuator No. 1

DIMENSION**	PISTON & ROD -12 S/N 007 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5C S/N 001 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5A S/N 003 MEASUREMENT
B Dia	.998		
Lug End	(.9974-.9978)		
B RMS	3 (4 - 7)		
C Dia	.9975		
Rod End	(.9972-.9975)		
C RMS	2 (3 - 12)		
D Dia		.9998	.9998
Outside Seal		(1.0126)	(1.0036)
N Dia		1.0005	1.0004
Inside Seal		(1.0007)	(1.0025)

ROD CLEARANCE	START OF TEST	END OF TEST	DIAMETRAL WEAR
Lug End Inside Seal	.0025	.0031	.0006
Outside Seal	.0018	.0148	.013*
Rod End Inside Seal	.0029	.0051	.0022*
Outside Seal	.0023	.0062	.0039*

\* Almost exclusively end cap wear

\*\* See Figure 3.2.4A and 3.2.4B in Task III Test Plan.

TABLE C-2. CONTINUED

Actuator No. 2

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 001 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5C S/N 002 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -2A S/N 001 MEASUREMENT
B Dia	.998		
Lug End	(.9973 - .9979)		
B RMS	2 (2 - 4)		
C Dia	.998		
Rod End	(.9976 - .9978)		
C RMS	2 (3 - 5)		
D Dia		.9996	.9995
Outside Seal		(.9995)	(1.0008)
N Dia		1.0005	1.00115
Inside Seal		(1.0005)	(1.0007)

ROD CLEARANCE	START OF TEST	END OF TEST	DIAMETRAL WEAR
Lug End Inside Seal	.0025	.0030	.0005
Outside Seal	.0016	.0020	.0004
Rod End Inside Seal	.00315	.00345	.0003
Outside Seal	.0015	.0032	.0017*

\*Almost Exclusively End Cap Wear

TABLE C-2. CONTINUED

## Actuator No. 3

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 002 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5D S/N 004 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5B S/N 005 MEASUREMENT
B Dia	.9975		
Lug End	(.9972 - .9973)		
B RMS	6 (5 - 11)		
C Dia.	.9975		
Rod End	(.9972 - .9975)		
C RMS	3 (3 - 5)		
D Dia		.9996	.9996/.9997
Outside Seal		(1.0013)	(.9995)
N Dia		1.0004	1.0006
Inside Seal		(1.0004)	(1.0003)

ROD CLEARANCE	START OF TEST	END OF TEST	DIAMETRAL WEAR
Lug End Inside Seal	.0029	.0032	.0003
Outside Seal	.0021	.0040	.0019*
Rod End Inside Seal	.0031	.0033	.0002
Outside Seal	.0020	.0020	- 0 -

\*Almost exclusively End Cap Wear

TABLE C-2. CONTINUED

## Actuator No. 4

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 003 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -6C S/N 001 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5D S/N 006 MEASUREMENT
B Dia Lug End	.9975 (.9973-.9975)		
B RMS	3 (3-4)		
C Dia Rod End	.9975 (.9972-.9973)		
C RMS	3 (2-4)		
D Dia Outside Seal		.9996 (.9996)	.9996 (.9996)
N Dia Inside Seal		1.00055 (1.0008)	1.0004 (1.0007)

ROD CLEARANCE	START OF TEST	END OF TEST	DIAMETRAL WEAR
Lug End Inside Seal	.00305	.00340	.00035
Outside Seal	.00210	.00230	.0002
Rod End Inside Seal	.0029	.0035	.0006
Outside Seal	.0021	.0023	.0002

TABLE C-2. CONTINUED

Actuator No. 5

DIMENSION	PISTON & ROD -1 S/N 004 MEASUREMENT	LUG END CAP -5A S/N 007 MEASUREMENT	ROD END CAP -5B S/N 008 MEASUREMENT
B Dia	.998		
Lug End	(.9976-.9979)		
B RMS	4 (5-9)		
C Dia	.9978		
Rod End	(.9972-.9976)		
C RMS	6 (8-10)		
D Dia Outside Seal		1.0017 (1.0005)	.9997 (.9997)
N Dia Inside Seal		1.0013 (1.0014)	1.00075 (1.0008)

ROD CLEARANCE	START OF TEST	END OF TEST	DIAMETRAL WEAR
Lug End Inside Seal	.0033	.0038	.0005
Outside Seal	.0037	.0039	.0002
Rod End Inside Seal	.00295	.0033	.00035
Outside Seal	.0019	.0021	.0002

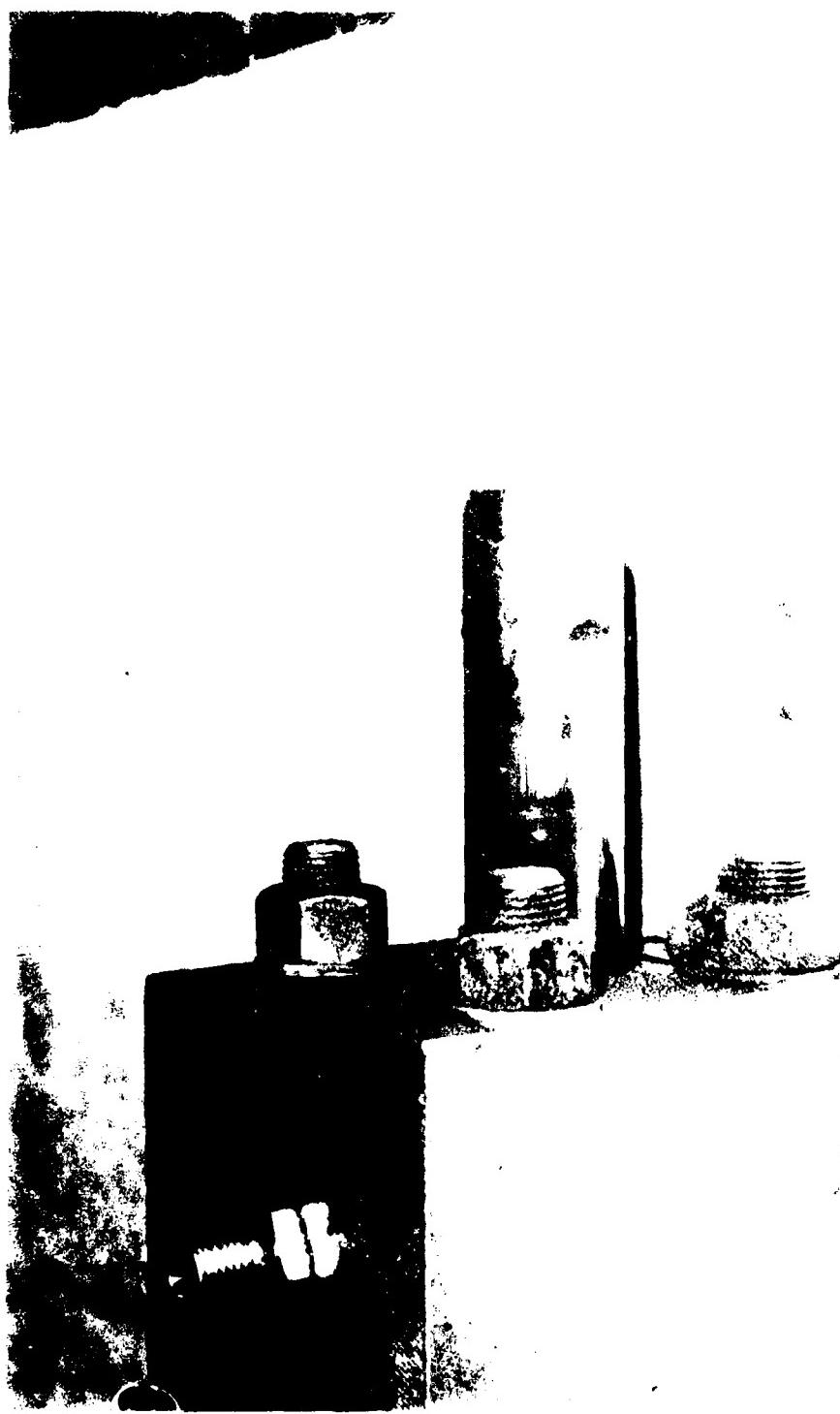
TABLE C-2. CONTINUED

## Actuator No. 6

<u>DIMENSION</u>	<u>PISTON &amp; ROD -1 S/N 005 MEASUREMENT</u>	<u>LUG END CAP -5B S/N 009 MEASUREMENT</u>	<u>ROD END CAP -5A S/N 010 MEASUREMENT</u>
B Dia	.9977		
Lug End	(.9973-.9975)		
B RMS	3		
	(3-4)		
C Dia	.9975		
Rod End	(.9972-.9976)		
C RMS	3		
	(4-10)		
D Dia		.9997	.9995
Outside Seal		(.9995)	(.9999)
N Dia		1.00065	1.00083
Inside Seal		(1.0006)	(1.0008)

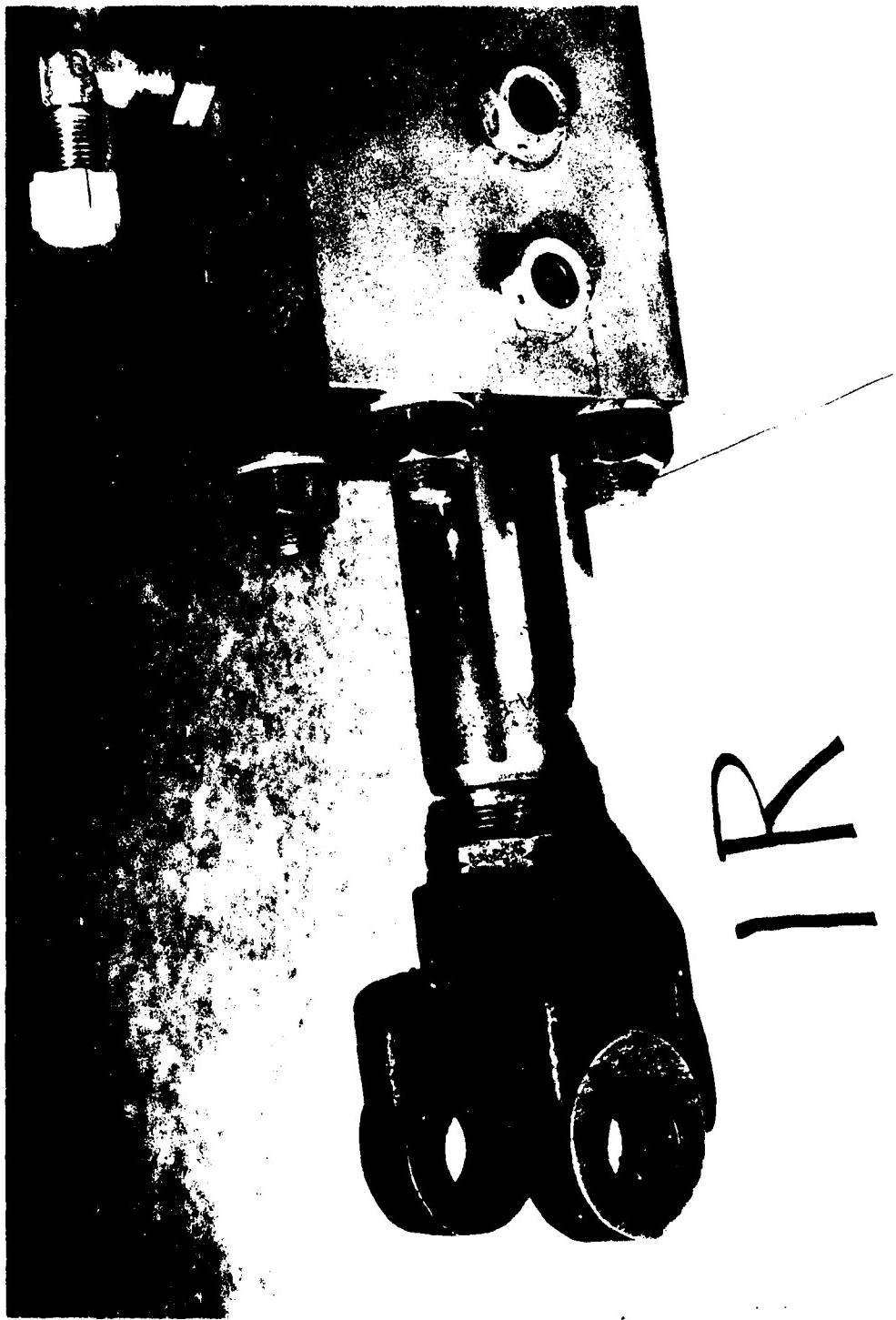
<u>ROD CLEARANCE</u>	<u>START OF TEST</u>	<u>END OF TEST</u>	<u>DIAMETRAL WEAR</u>
Lug End Inside Seal	.0029!	.00315	.0002
Outside Seal	.0020	.0024	.0004
Rod End Inside Seal	.00333	.00363	.0003
Outside Seal	.0020	.0026	.0006

ACTUATOP NO. 1, LUG END PON AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III: TEST



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ACTUATOR NO. 1, ROD END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

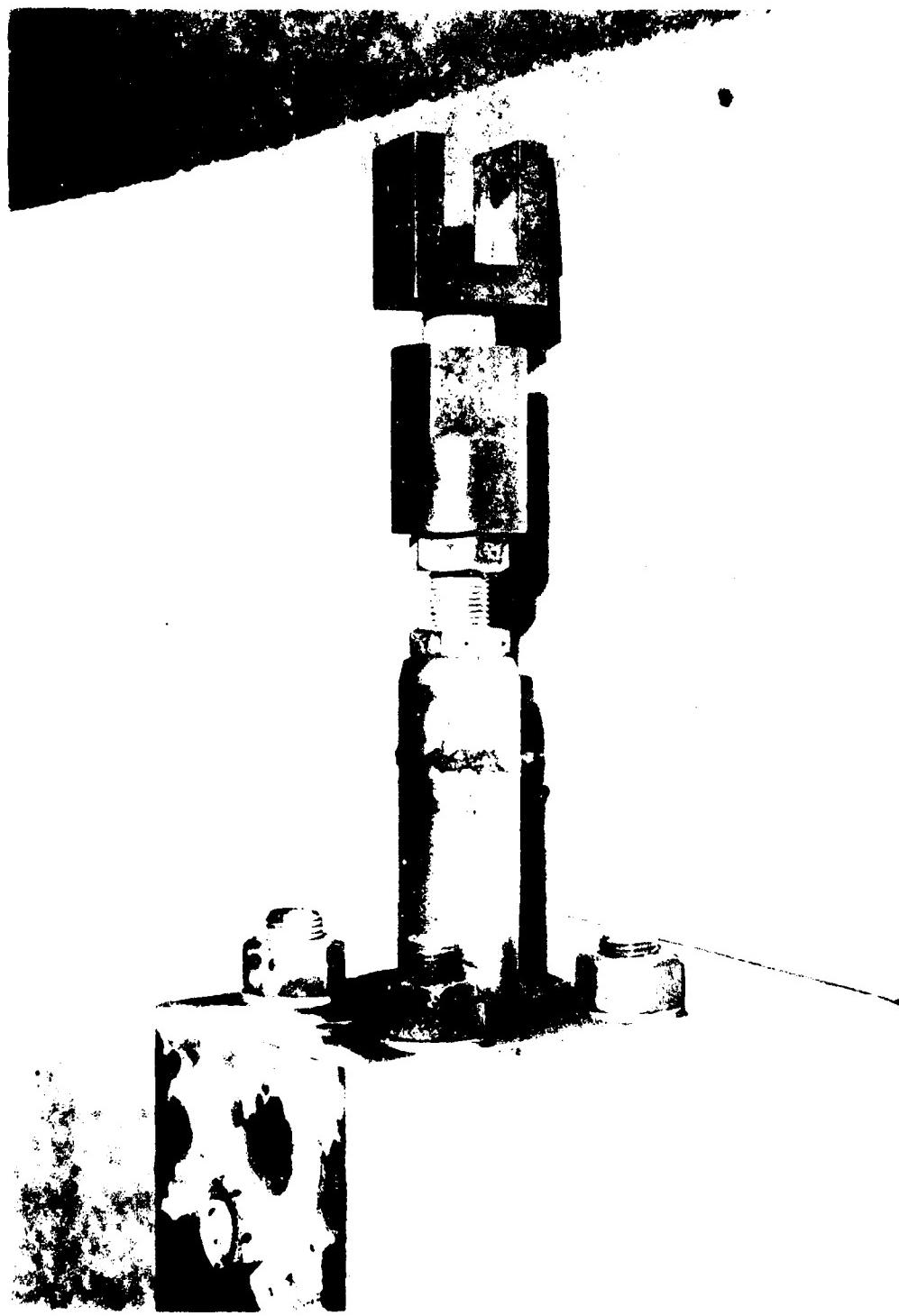


ACTIVATOR NO. 2, LUG END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

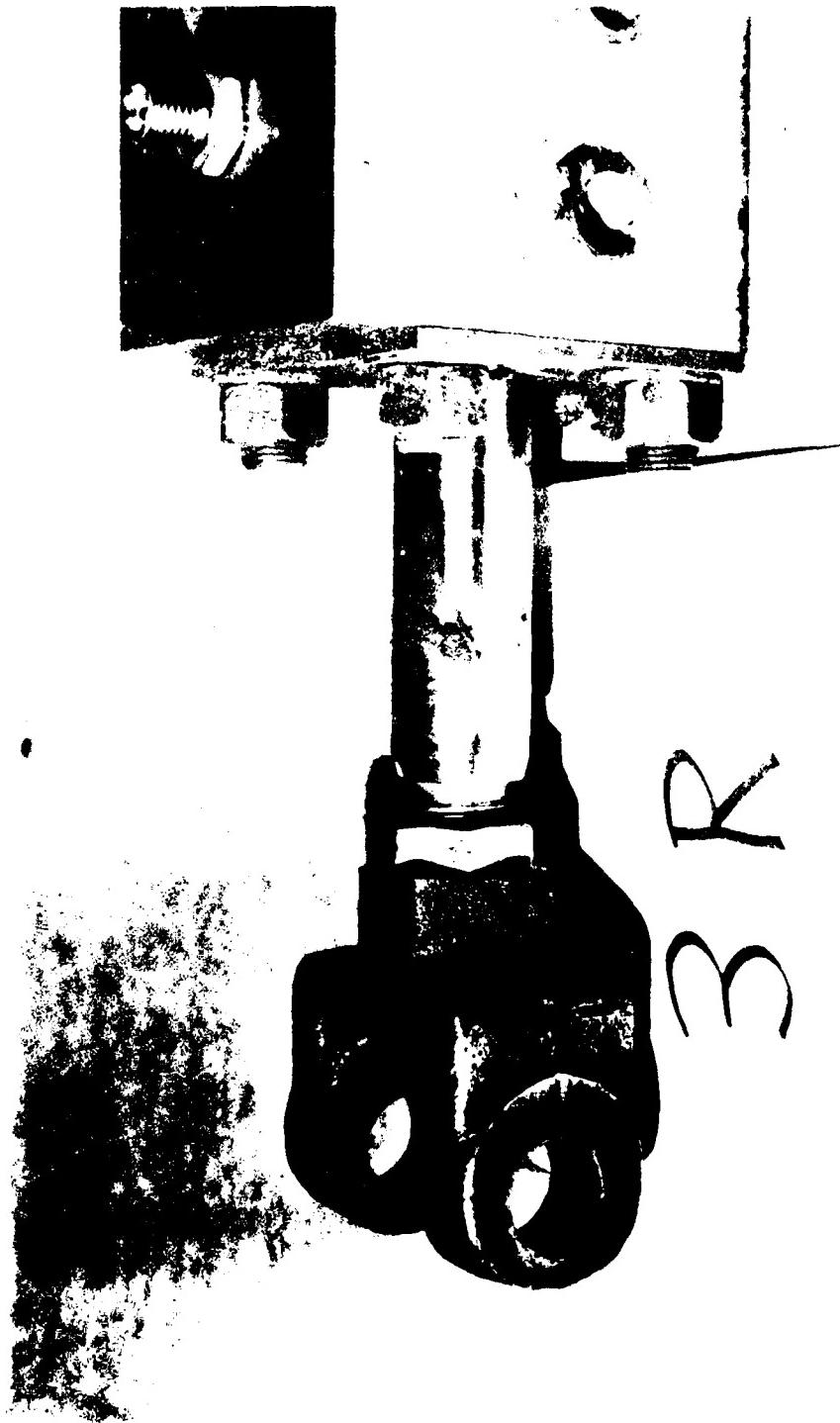




ACTUATOR NO. 2, POD END POD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

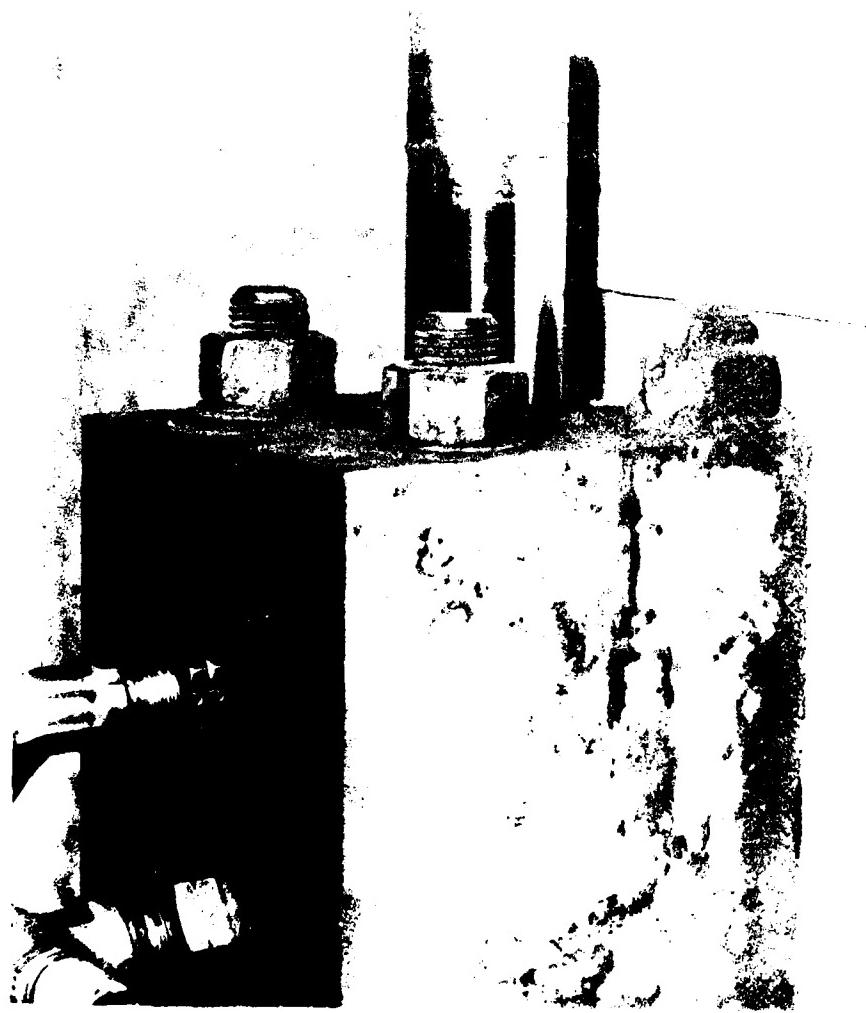


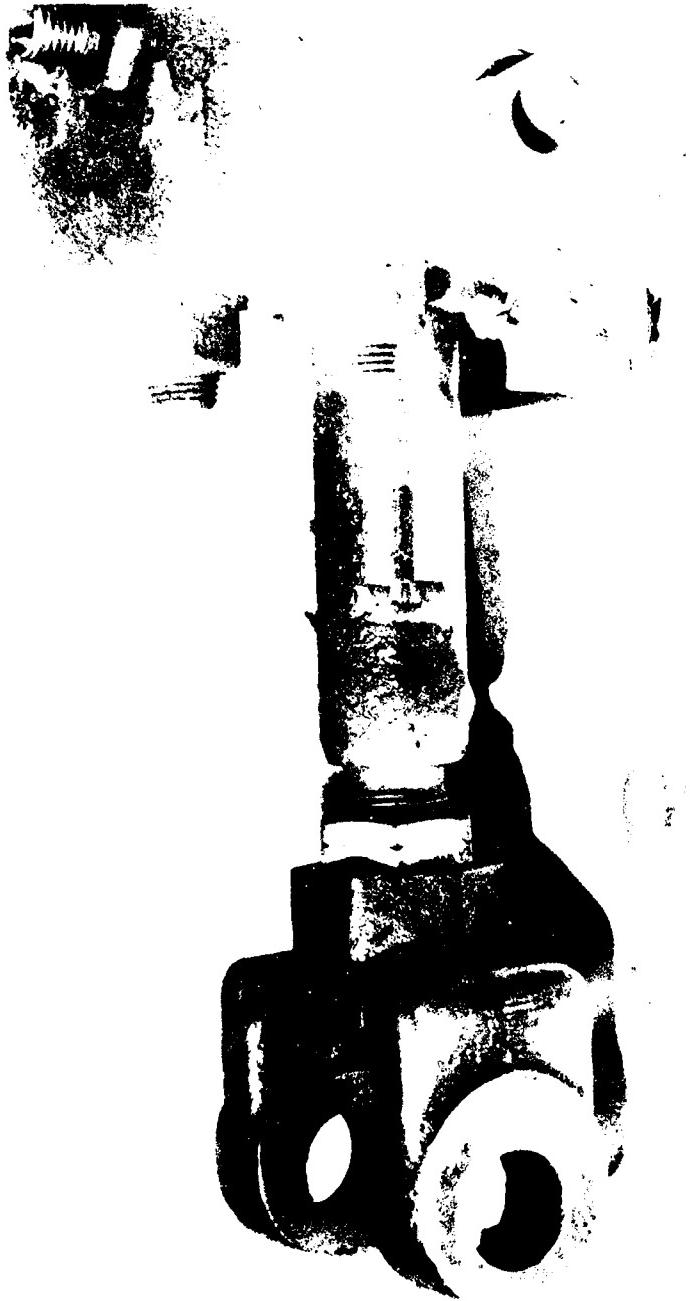
ACTUATOR NO. 3, LUG END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS



ACTUATOR NO. 3, ROD END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

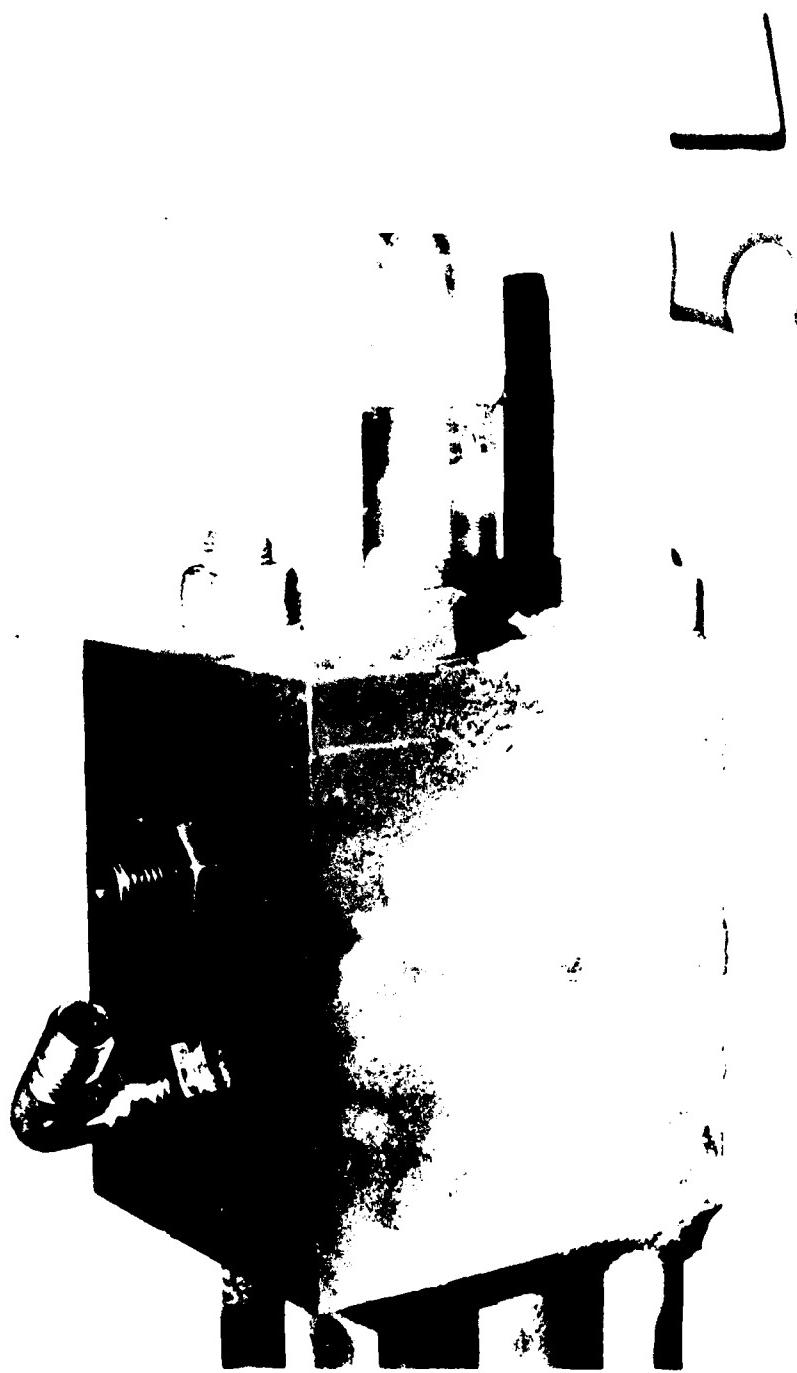
ACTUATOR NO. 4, LUG END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS





ACTUATOR NO. 4, ROD END POD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

ACTUATOR NO. 5, LUG END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

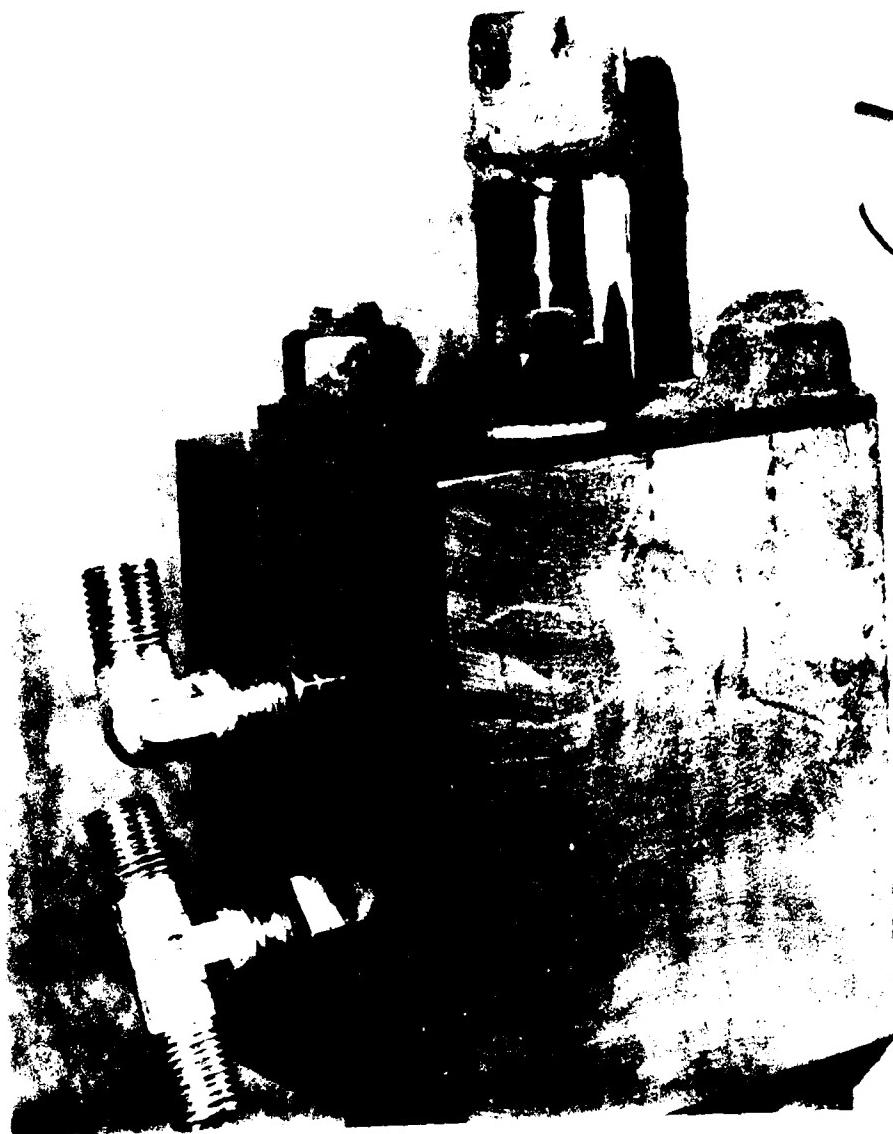




ACTUATOR NO. 5, ROD END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

ACTUATOR NO. 6, LUG END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

6 L



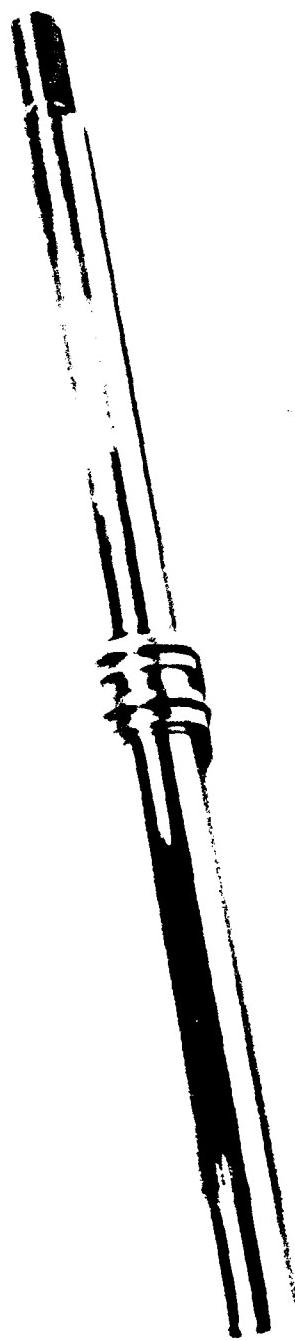


244

ACTUATOR NO. 6, ROD END ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS

6 R

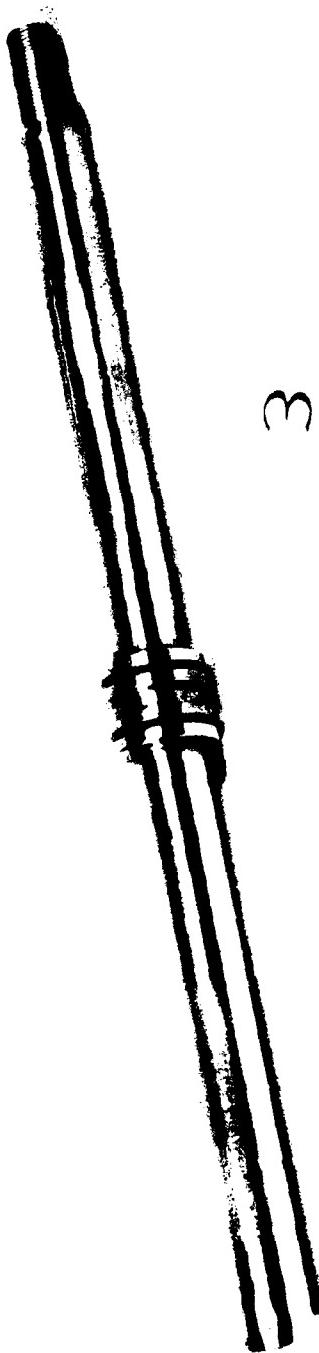
ACTUATOR NO. 1, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE RIGHT).





ACTUATOR NO. 2, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE RIGHT).

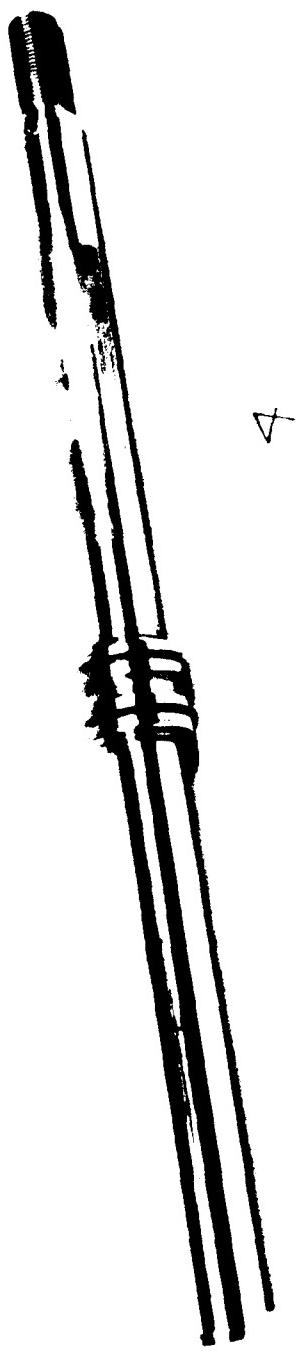
2



3

247

ACTUATOR NO. 3, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE RIGHT).

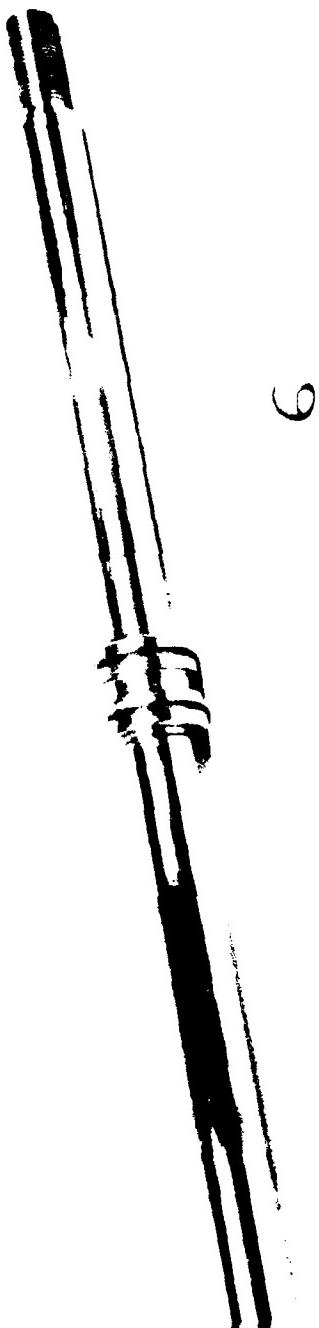


ACTUATOR NO. 4, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE PIGHT).



ACTUATOR NO. 5, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE RIGHT).

ACTUATOR NO. 6, PISTON AND ROD AT CONCLUSION OF TASK III TESTS (ROD END IS ON THE RIGHT).



250

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 4  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 3 drops

GLAND A B C D  
GLAND A B C D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME P1us Seal  
SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamhan  
SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

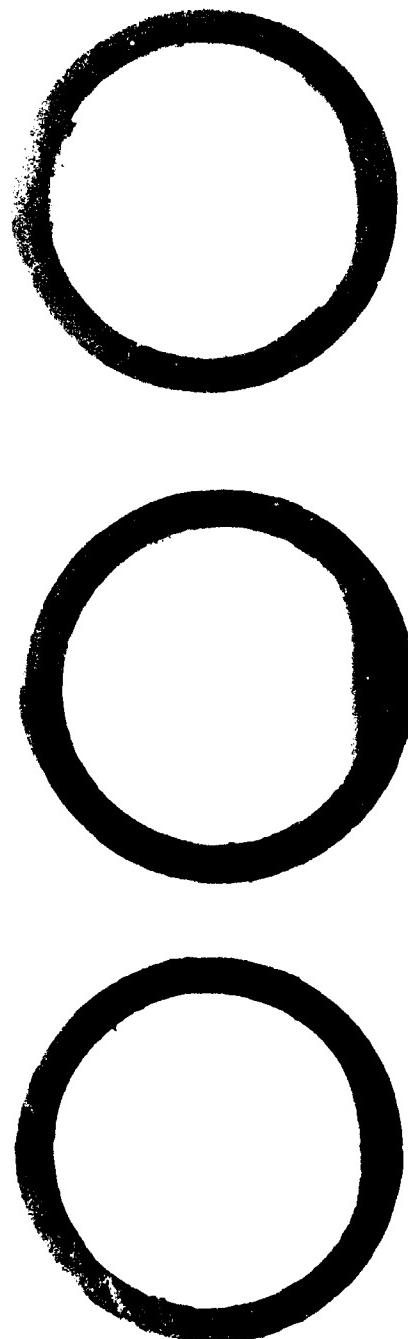
Backup Ring (2)

W. S. Shamhan  
S33157-214-19

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler, Flastone  
per Mil-P-83461

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

PLUS SEAL (ACT NO. 1, LUG END, GROOVE A)



112-A

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	1
POD END	
LUG END	X
TOTAL STAGES	4
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	3 Drops

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

SEAL MFG. W. S. Sharban

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> Filler,  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83451

Backup Ring (2)

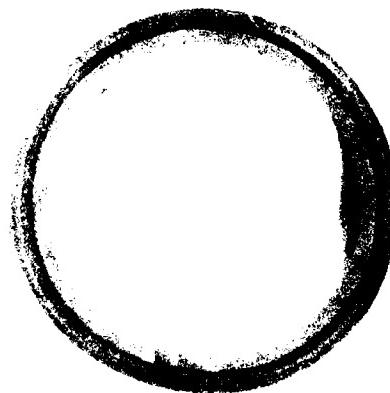
W. S. Sharban

S33157-214-19

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> Filler

1LB

ILB



PLUS SEAL (ACT NO. 1, LUG END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

GLAND A      B      C      D

LIG END X

GLAND A      B      C      D

TOTAL STAGES 4

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 3 Drops

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME P1us Seal

Backup Ring

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamban

W. S. Shamban

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

S33157-214-19

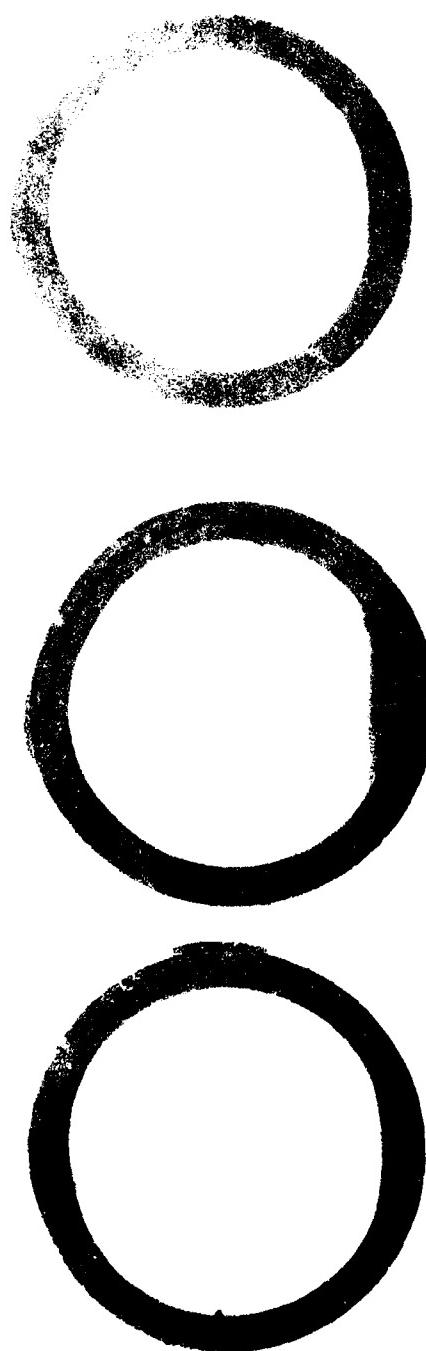
MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler Elastomer  
per MIL-P-83461

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

1LC

PLUS SEAL (ACT NO. 1, LUG END, GROOVE C)

LLC



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	1
RJD END	
LUG END	X
TOTAL STAGES	4
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	3 Drops

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME D. C. Excluder

0-Ring

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamban

Parker

SEAL P/N S32925-9P-19

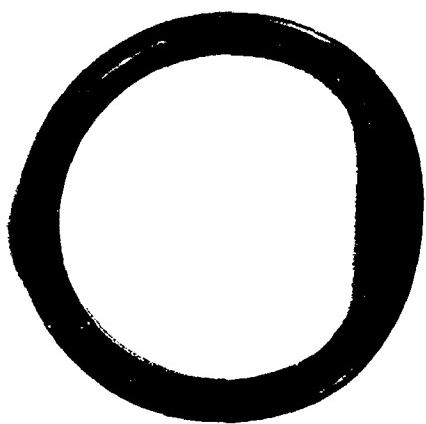
M83461/1-121

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

MIL-P-83461

1 LD

ILD



D. C. EXCLUDER (ACT. NO. 1, LUG END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

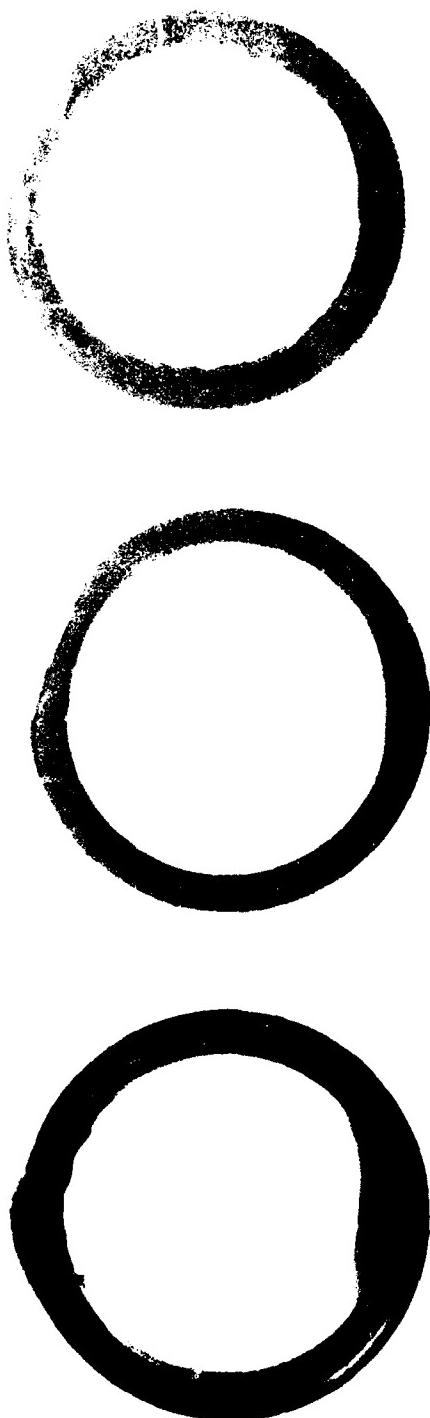
ACTUATOR NO. 1  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 1  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 65 cc - Failed at 6,035,850 cycles  
(474000 Rotor Feedback Cycles)

SEAL DATA  
SEAL NAME Double Delta  
SEAL MFG. U. S. Shamhan  
SEAL P/N S30650-214-14  
MATERIAL Turcon with glass and  
proprietary MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

SEAL DATA  
SEAL NAME O-Ring  
SEAL MFG. Parker  
SEAL P/N M83461/1-214  
MATERIAL MIL-P-83461

Backup Ring (2)  
W. S. Shamhan  
S33157-214-14  
Turcon with glass  
and proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

IRC



DOUBLE DELTA (ACT. NO. 1, ROD END, GROOVE C)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1  
POD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 1

GLAND A    B    C    D  
GLAND A    B    C    D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 65 cc - Seal Failed at 6,035,850 cycles  
(474000 Rotor Feedback cycles)

SEAL DATA

261

SEAL NAME Seal Guard  
SEAL MFG. Hercules  
SEAL P/N S-34-20  
MATERIAL Bronze with a  
nitrile load ring

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

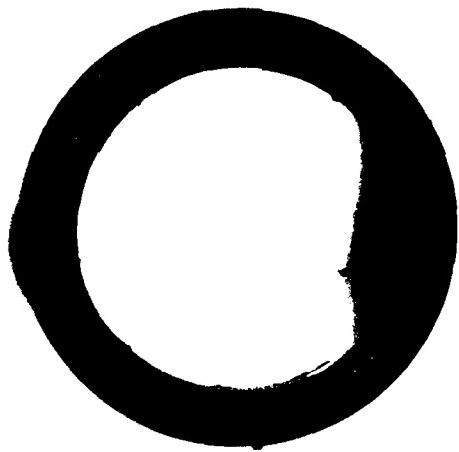
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

1 RD

J R D



SEAL GUARD (ACT. NO. 1, ROD END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

LUG END X

TOTAL STAGES 4

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No Measurable Leakage

GLAND A

GLAND A

GLAND B

GLAND C

GLAND D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamban

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

Backup Ring (2)

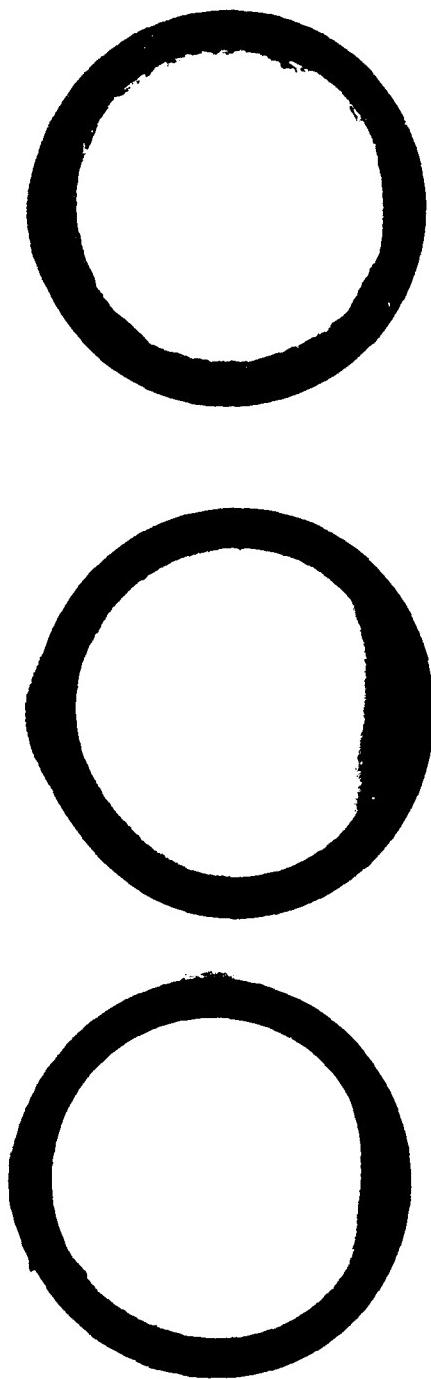
W. S. Shamban

S33157-214-19

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

2 LA

PLUS SFAL (ACT. NO. 2, LIG END, GROOVE A)



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 4

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No Measurable Leakage

SEAL DATA

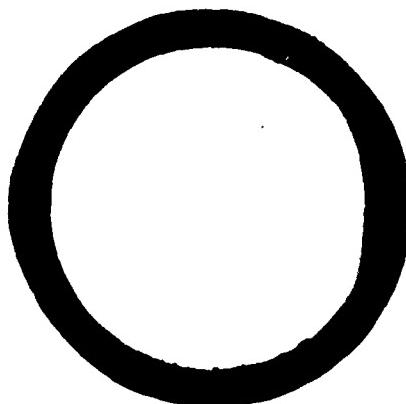
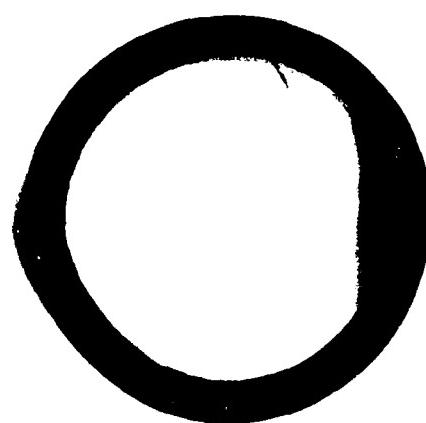
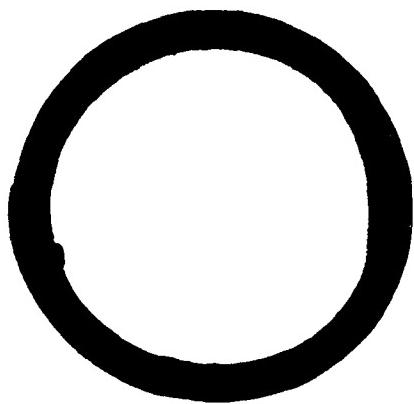
<u>SEAL NAME</u>	<u>Plus Seal</u>	<u>Backup Ring (2)</u>
SEAL MFG. <u>W. S. Shamhan</u>		<u>W. S. Shamhan</u>
SEAL P/N <u>S30775-214P-19</u>		<u>S33157-214-19</u>

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

2LB

2 L B



PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 2, LUG END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

GLAND A B C D

LUG END X

GLAND A B C D

TOTAL STAGES 4

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No Measurable Leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

Backup Ring (2)

SEAL MFG. W. S. Sharban

W. S. Sharban

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

S33157-214-19

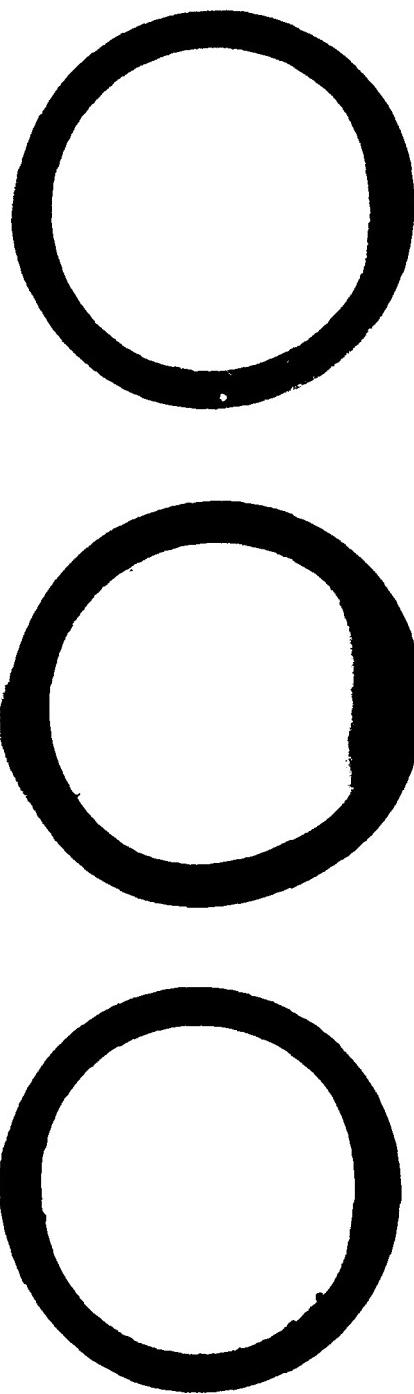
MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
 $\text{MoS}_2$  filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

Turcon with proprietary  
 $\text{MoS}_2$  filler

2 LC

PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 2, LUG END, GROOVE C)

2LC



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 4

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE NO Measurable Leakage

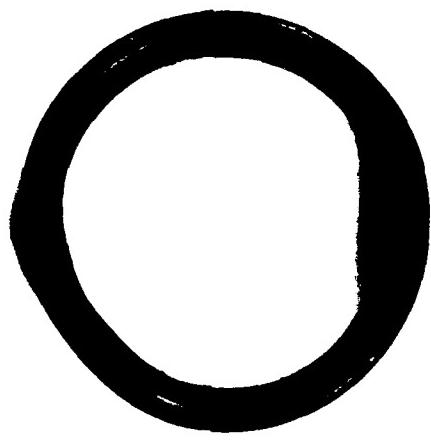
<u>SEAL DATA</u>	
<u>SEAL NAME</u>	<u>D. C. Excluder</u>
<u>SEAL MFG.</u>	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>
<u>SEAL P/N</u>	<u>S32925-9P-19</u>
<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>Turcon with proprietary MoS<sub>2</sub> filler</u>

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<u>GLAND</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>
<u>GLAND</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>

2LD

2LD



D. C. EXCLUDER (ACT. NO. 2, LUG END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 1

GLAND A B C D  
GLAND A B C D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage, but the seal was on the  
verge of failure

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Maxi-Flex  
SEAL MFG. Tetrafluor  
SEAL P/N TF831M-7214  
MATERIAL Tetralon 720

O-Ring

Parker

M83461/1-318

MIL-P-83461

2 PA

ZRA



MAXI-FLEX (ACT. NO. 2, ROD END, GROOVE A)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 2

ROD END X

LUG END       

TOTAL STAGES 1

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

GLAND A      B      C      D

GLAND A      B      C      D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Seal Guard

SEAL MFG. Hercules

SEAL P/N S-34-20

MATERIAL Bronze with a  
Nitrile Load Ring

2 RD

2 R D



SEAL GUARD (ACT. NO. 2, ROD END, GROOVE D)

15  
B

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

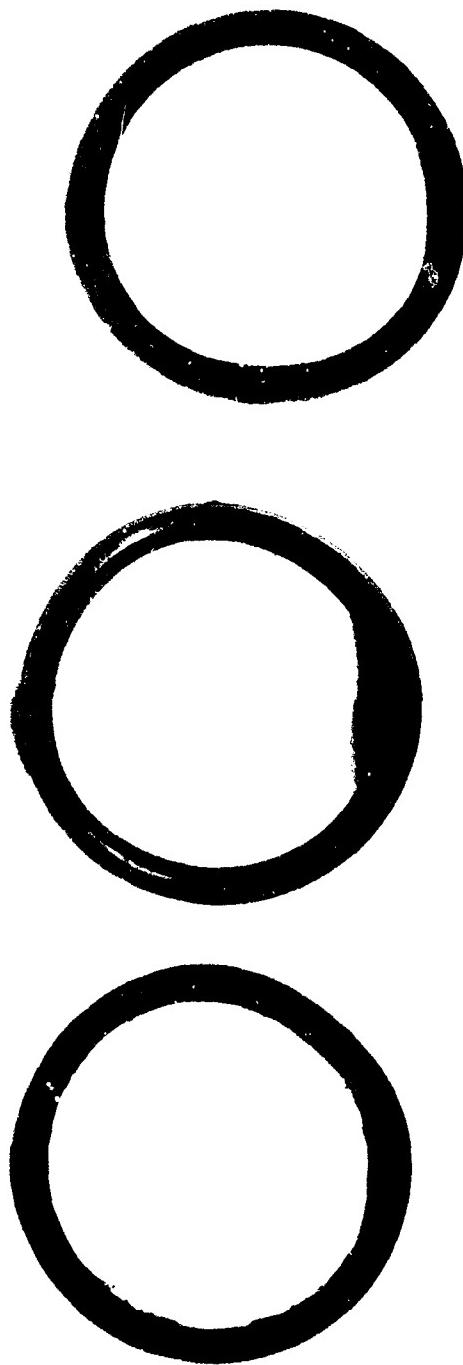
ACTUATOR NO. 3  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 1  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 1.13 cc (17 drops)

GLAND	A	B	C	D
GLAND	A	B	C	D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	<u>Pius Seal</u>	<u>Backup Ring (2)</u>
SEAL MFG.	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>
SEAL P/N	<u>S30775-214P-19</u>	<u>S33157-214-19</u>
MATERIAL	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
	Elastomer per MIL-P-8346I	Elastomer per MIL-P-8346I

3 L C



PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 3, LUG END, GROOVE C)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	3
ROD END	
LUG END	X
TOTAL STAGES	1
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 1.13 cc (17 Drops)	

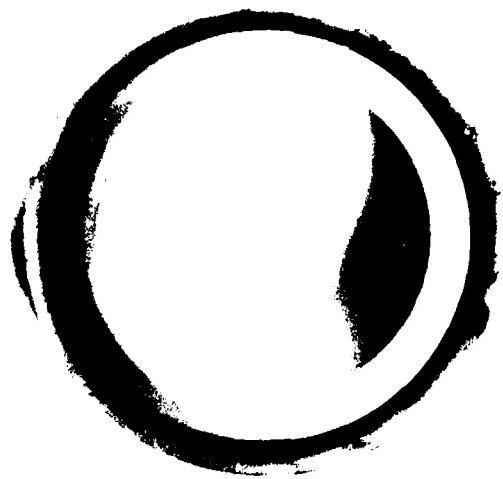
SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	Wiper/Scraper
SEAL MFG.	Dowty Seals Ltd.
SEAL P/N	120-218-1709
MATERIAL	Acetal Resin
O-ring	
Dowty Seals Ltd.	
100-218-0074	
Proprietary Nitrile	

The scraper was broken during removal.

3 LD

3 L D



WIPER/SCRAPER (ACT. NO. 3, LUG END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 3  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 2

GLAND A B C D  
GLAND A B C D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 255.4 cc - Failed at 16,248,240 cycles  
10,686,390 cycles of rotor feedback

SEAL DATA

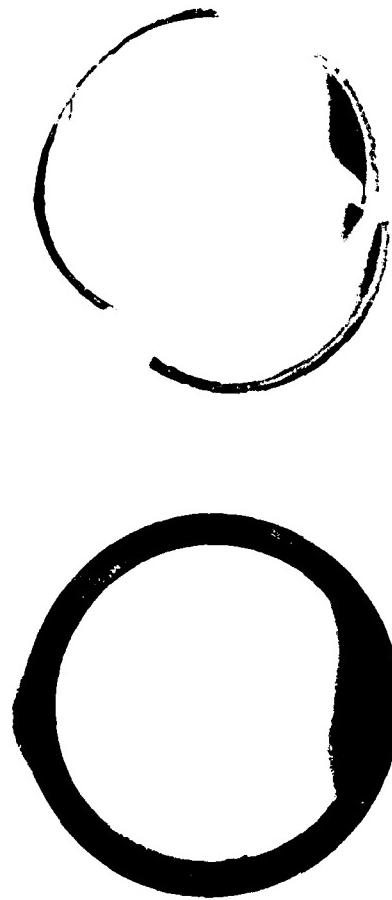
SEAL NAME Enercap

SEAL MFG. Greene Tweed

SEAL P/N 595-21400-160-PX1

MATERIAL Ekanol Filled TFE  
Proprietary Nitrile

3 R B



ENERCAP (ACT. NO. 3, ROD END, GROOVE B)

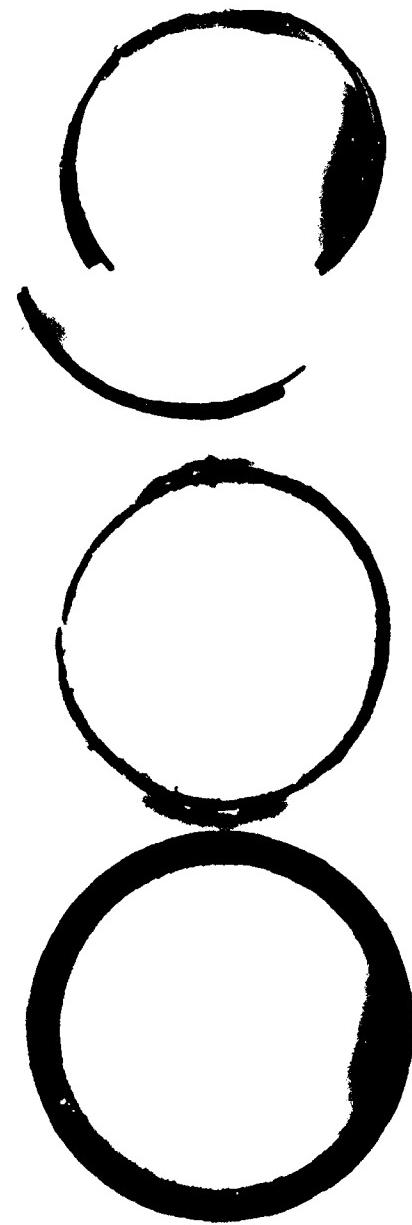
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	3
ROD END	X
LUG END	
TOTAL STAGES	2
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 255.4 cc - Failed at 16,248,240 cycles (10,686,390 cycles of rotor feedback)	

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	Enercap
SEAL MFG.	Greene Tweed
SEAL P/N	595-21400-160-PX1
MATERIAL	Ekanol Filled TFE Proprietary Nitrile

3 R C



ENERCAP (ACT. NO. 3, ROD END, GROOVE C)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 3

ROD END X

LUG END \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL STAGES 2

GLAND A B C D

GLAND A B C D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 255.4 cc - Seal failed at 16,248,240 cycles. This  
scraper survived the entire test. (10,686,390 cycles of rotor feedback)

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Polypak

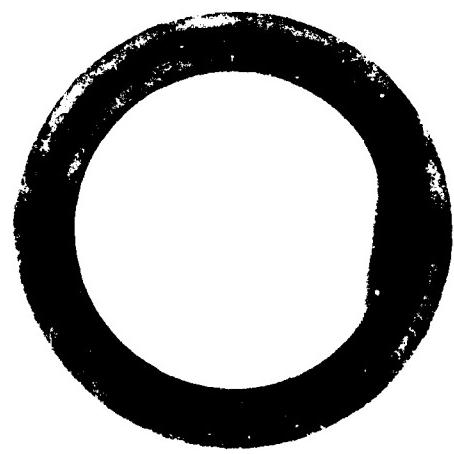
SEAL MFG. Parker Packing

SEAL P/N 1870 1000Z4651D53

MATERIAL Polymyte

POLYPAK (ACT. NO. 3, ROD END, GROOVE D)

34D



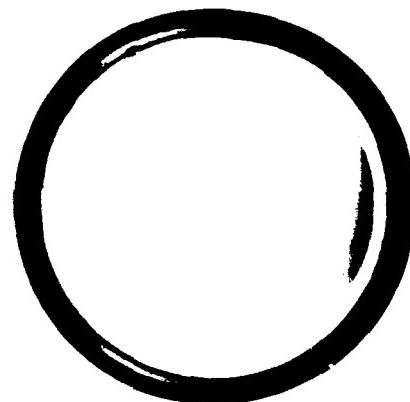
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	4
ROD END	
LUG END	X
TOTAL STAGES	3
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	Con-O-Hex	Backup Ring
SEAL MFG.	C. E. Conover	C. E. Conover
SEAL P/N	CEC6001-214	CEC5110-214
MATERIAL	Revonoc 6200	Revonoc 6200

4 L B



CON-O-HEX (ACT. NO. 4, LUG END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 4

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

GLAND A B C D

LUG END X

GLAND A B C D

TOTAL STAGES 3

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Con-O-Hex

Backup Ring

SEAL MFG. C. E. Conover

C. E. Conover

SEAL P/N CEC6001-214

CEC 5110-214

MATERIAL Revonoc 6200

Revonoc 6200

4LC

AD-A103 201

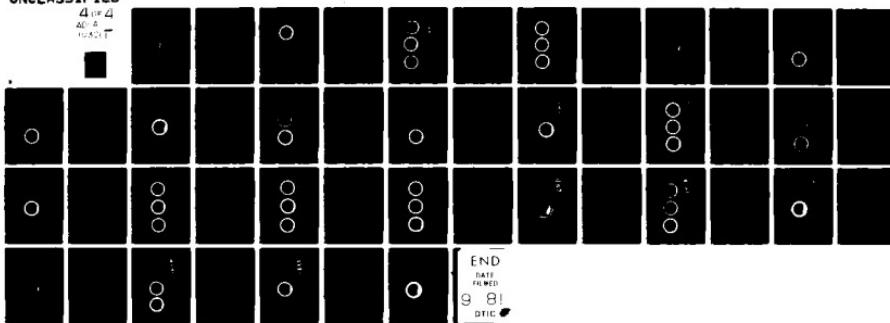
VOUGHT CORP DALLAS TX  
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT (U)  
JUN 81 K E WHITFILL

F/G 1/3

DAAK51-78-C-0028  
USAAVRADCOM-TR-81-D-17 NL

UNCLASSIFIED

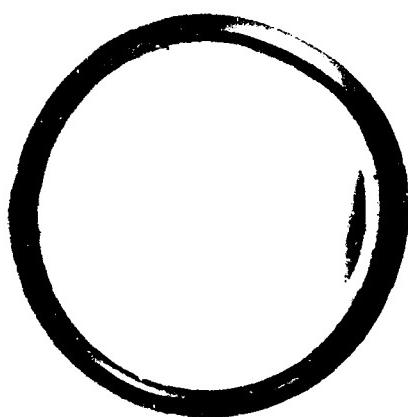
4 or 4  
4C A  
DRAFT



END  
DATE  
FILED  
9-81  
DTIC

CON-O-HEX (ACT. NO. 4, LUG END, GROOVE C)

4LC



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 4

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

GLAND A B C D  
LUG END X

TOTAL STAGES 3

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 0

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Scraper

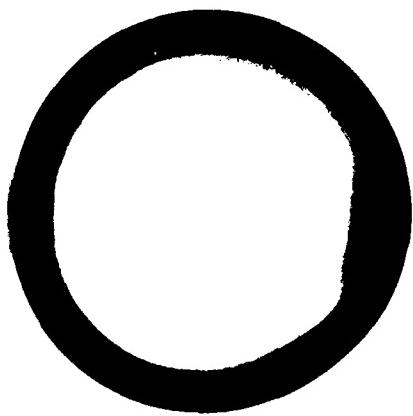
SEAL MFG. C. E. Conover

SEAL P/N CEC5091-998-55

MATERIAL Revonoc 18158

4LD

4 L D



SCRAPER (ACT. NO. 4, LUG END, GROOVE D)

14  
B

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 4

ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

Backup Ring (2)

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamبان

W. S. Shamban

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

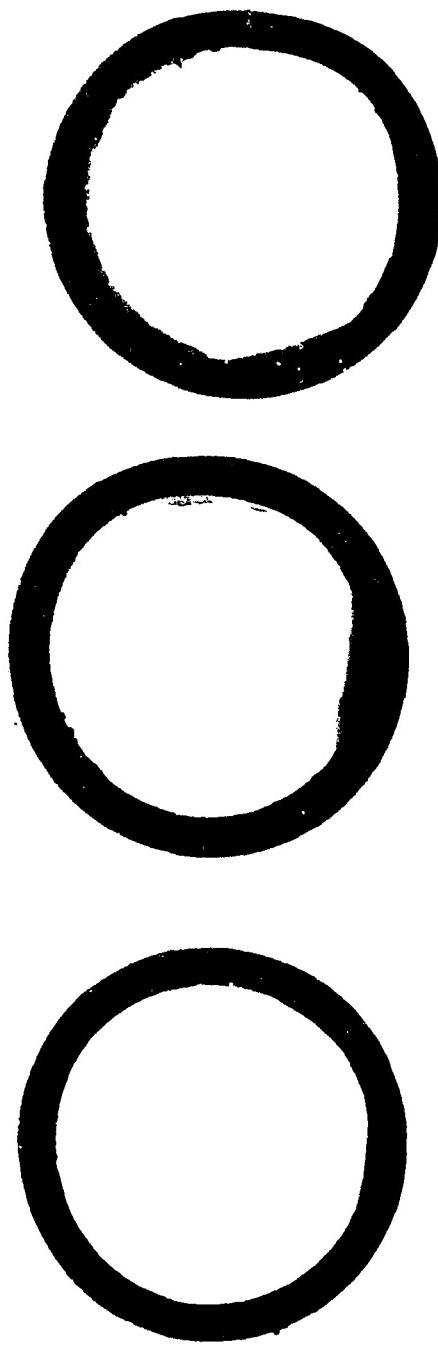
S33157-214-19

MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

4RB

4 R B



PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 4, ROD END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 4

ROD END X

LUG END \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

		GLAND	A	B	C	D
		GLAND	A	B	C	D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

Backup Ring

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamhan

W. S. Shamhan

SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

S33157-214-19

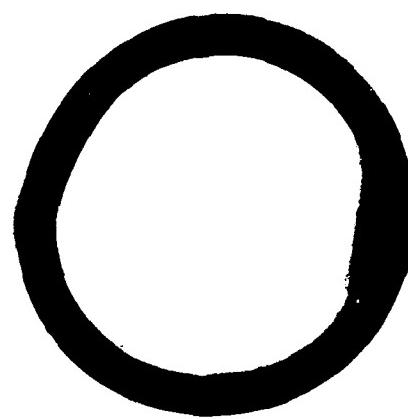
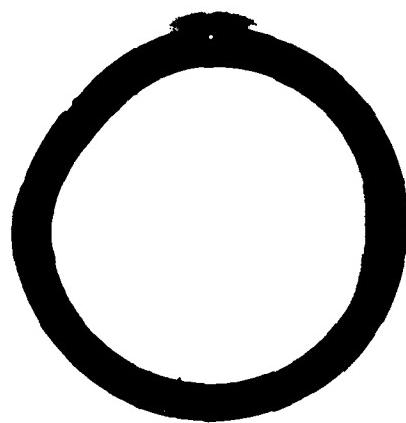
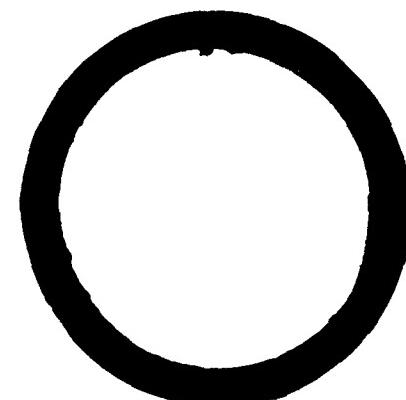
MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-8346J

Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler

4RC

PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 4, ROD END, GROOVE C)

4 R C



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 4  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	<u>Wiper/Scraper</u>	<u>O-ring</u>
SEAL MFG.	<u>Dowty Seals Ltd.</u>	<u>Dowty Seals Ltd</u>
SEAL P/N	<u>120-218-1709</u>	<u>100-218-0074</u>
MATERIAL	<u>Acetal Resin</u>	<u>Proprietary Nitrile</u>

THE SCRAPER WAS BROKEN DURING REMOVAL.

4 RD

A R D



WIPER/SCRAPER (ACT. NO. 4, ROD END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

LUG END X

TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

GLAND A B C D

GLAND A B C D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME O-ring

Trapezoid Backup Ring

SEAL MFG. Parker

C. E. Conover

SEAL P/N M83461/1-214

CEC5056C-214

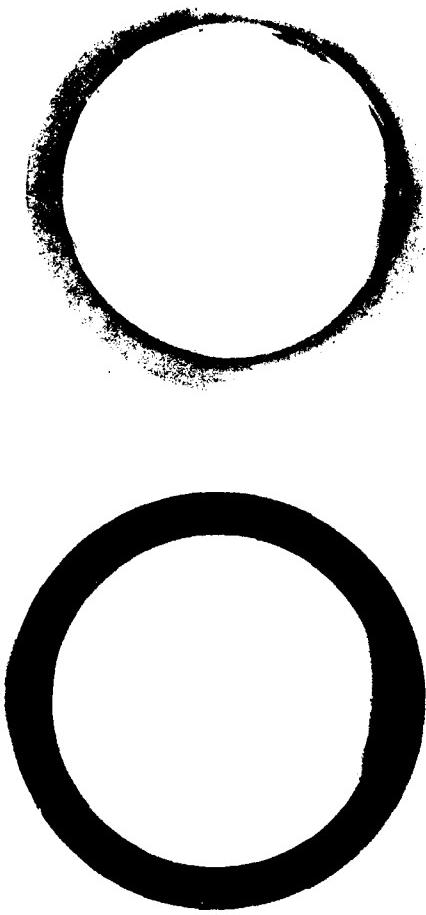
MATERIAL MIL-P-83461

Revonoc 6200

5LB

5 L B

O-RING AND TRAPEZOID BACK-UP RING (ACT. NO. 5 , LUG END, GROOVE B)



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 2  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable Leakage

GLAND A B C D  
GLAND A B C D

SEAL DATA  
SEAL NAME O-Ring  
SEAL MFG. Parker  
SEAL P/N M83461/1-214  
MATERIAL MIL-P-83461

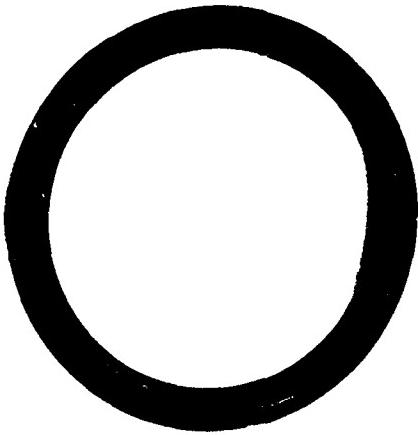
299

Trapezoid Backup Ring  
C. E. Conover  
CEC5056C-214  
Revonoc 6200

SLC

O-RING AND TRAPEZOID BACK-UP RING (ACT. NO. 5 , LUG END, GROOVE C)

5LC



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5

ROD END \_\_\_\_\_

GLAND A    B    C    D

LUG END X

GLAND A    B    C    D

TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Seal Guard

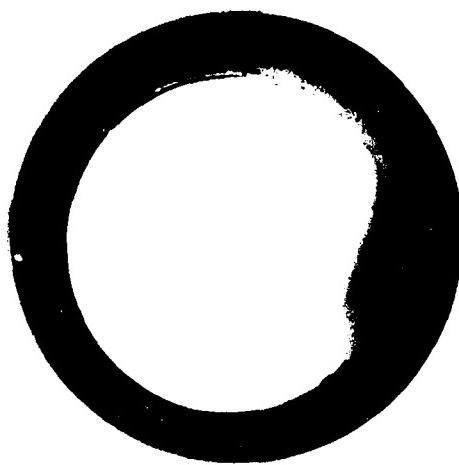
SEAL MFG. Hercules

SEAL P/N S-34-20

MATERIAL Bronze with a  
nitrile load ring

SEAL GUARD (ACT. NO. 5, LUG END, GROOVE D)

5 L 2



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5

ROD END X

LUG END \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME O-ring

SEAL MFG. Parker

SEAL P/N M83461/1-214

MATERIAL MIL-P-83461

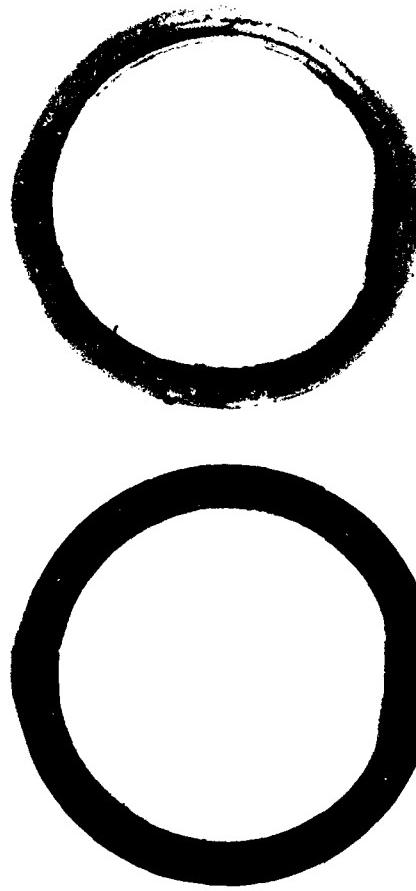
SEAL NAME Trapezoid backup ring

SEAL MFG. C. E. Conover

SEAL P/N CEC5056C-214

MATERIAL Revonoc 6200

5 R B



O-RING AND TRAPEZOID BACK-UP RING (ACT. NO. 5, ROD END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5  
ROD END X  
LUG END   
TOTAL STAGES 2

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

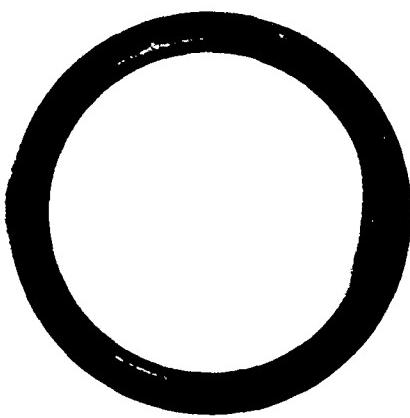
SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME O-ring  
SEAL MFG. Parker  
SEAL P/N M83461/1-214  
MATERIAL MIL-P-83461

Trapezoid backup ring  
C. E. Conover  
CEC5056C-214  
Revonoc 6200

5RC

306



SRC

O-RING AND TRAPEZOID BACK-UP RING (ACT. NO. 5, ROD END, GROOVE C)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 5  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 2  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA  
SEAL NAME Polypak  
SEAL MFG. Parker Packing  
SEAL P/N 18701000Z4651D53  
MATERIAL Polymyte

5RD

5 R D



POLYPAK (ACT. NO. 5, ROD END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

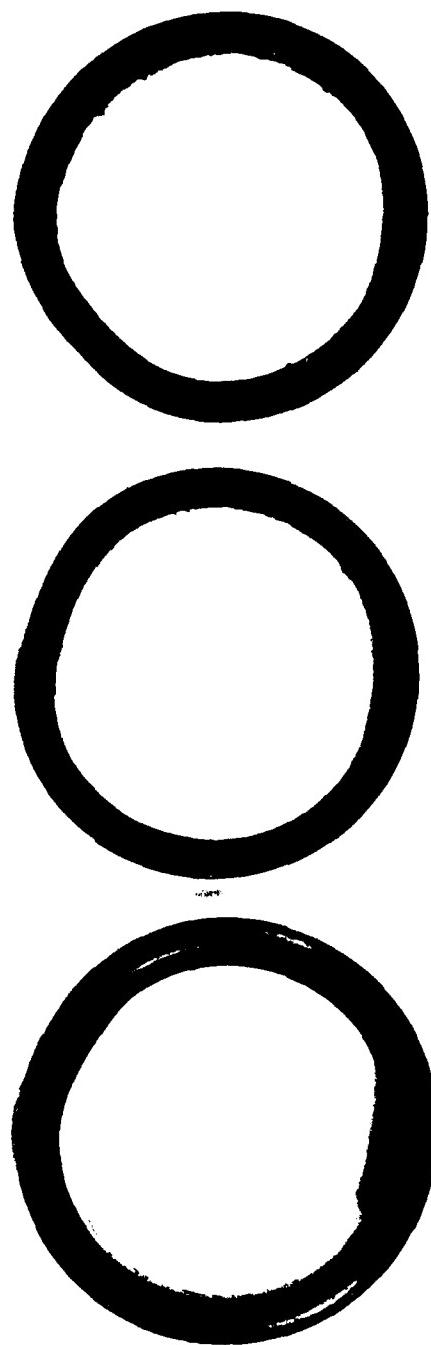
ACTUATOR NO. 6  
ROD END  GLAND A B C D  
LUG END X GLAND A B C D  
TOTAL STAGES 2  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA	
SEAL NAME	Double Delta
SEAL MFG.	W. S. Shamban
SEAL P/N	S30650-214-19
MATERIAL	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
Backup ring (2)	
O-ring	Parker
	M83461/1-214
	MIL-P-83461

6LB

6 L B

DOUBLE DELTA (ACT. NO. 6 , LUG END, GROOVE B)



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

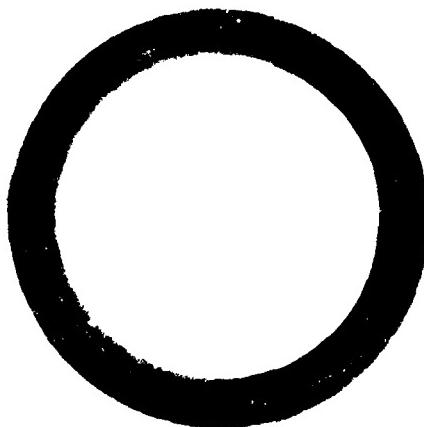
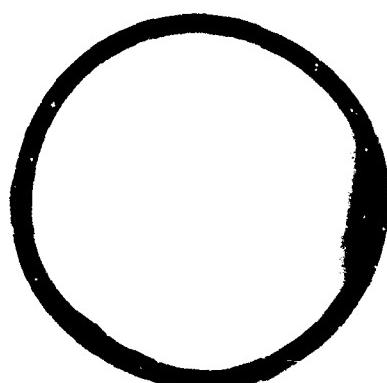
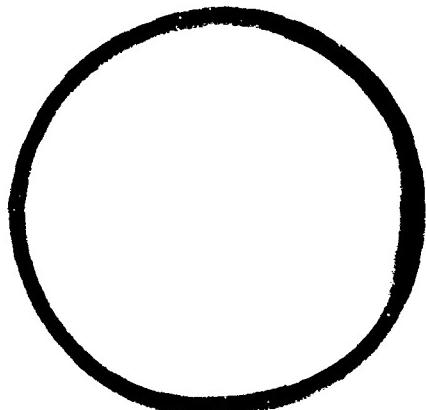
ACTUATOR NO. 6  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 2  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Hat seal \_\_\_\_\_  
SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamban \_\_\_\_\_  
SEAL P/N S33051-214-99 \_\_\_\_\_  
MATERIAL Turcon with proprietary  
MoS<sub>2</sub> filler  
Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

HAT SEAL (ACT. NO. 6, LUG END, GROOVE C)

6LC



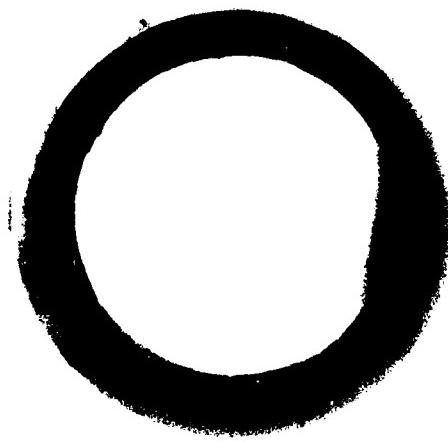
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 6  
ROD END \_\_\_\_\_  
LUG END X  
TOTAL STAGES 2  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA  
SEAL NAME Polypak  
SEAL MFG. Parker Packing  
SEAL P/N 1870100024651n53  
MATERIAL Polymyte

6LD

6 LD



POLYPAK (ACT. NO. 6, LUG END, GROOVE D)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 6  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 3

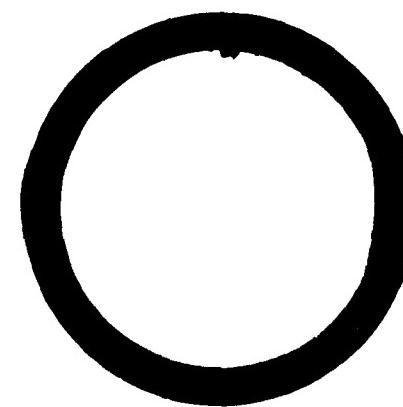
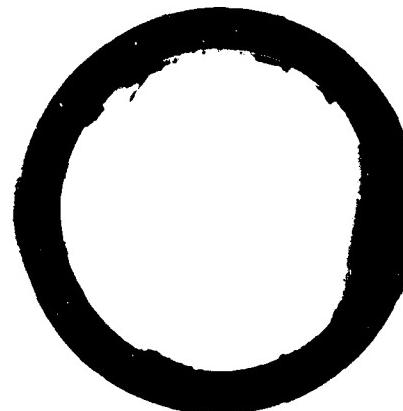
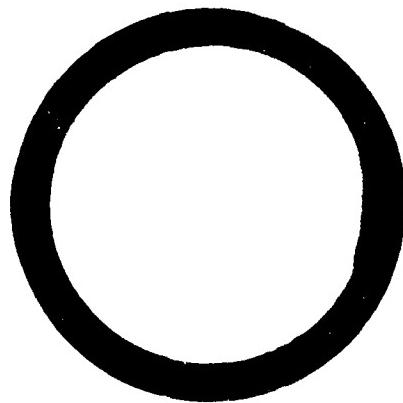
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	<u>Plus seal</u>	<u>Backup ring (2)</u>
SEAL MFG.	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>
SEAL P/N	<u>S30775-214P-19</u>	<u>S33157-214-19</u>
MATERIAL	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler Elastomer per MIL-P-8346J	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler

PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 6, ROD END, GROOVE A)

6RA



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

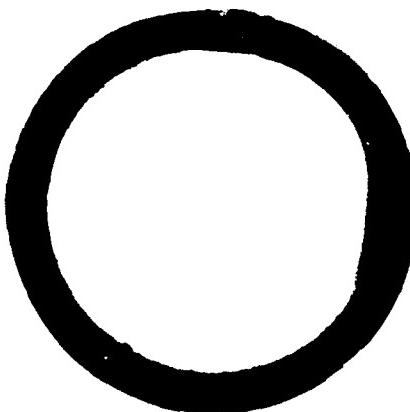
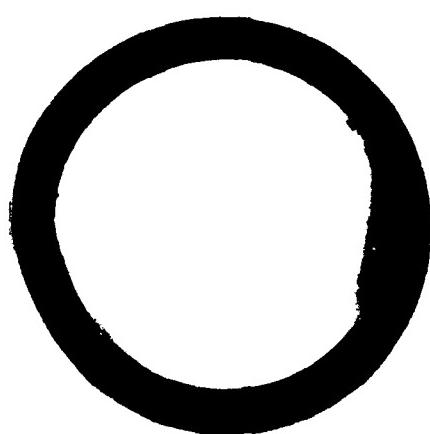
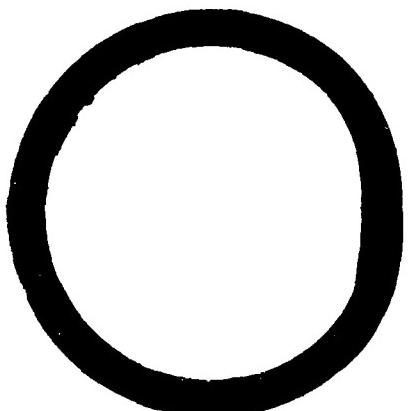
ACTUATOR NO.	6
ROD END	X
LUG END	
TOTAL STAGES	3
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	<u>Plus seal</u>	<u>Backup ring (2)</u>
SEAL MFG.	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>	<u>W. S. Shamban</u>
SEAL P/N	<u>S30775-214P-19</u>	<u>S33157-214-19</u>
MATERIAL	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler Elastomer per MIL-P-8346I	

PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 6, ROD END, GROOVE B)

6 R B



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 6  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 3  
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE No measurable leakage

	GLAND	A	B	C	D
GLAND	A	B	C	D	

SEAL DATA

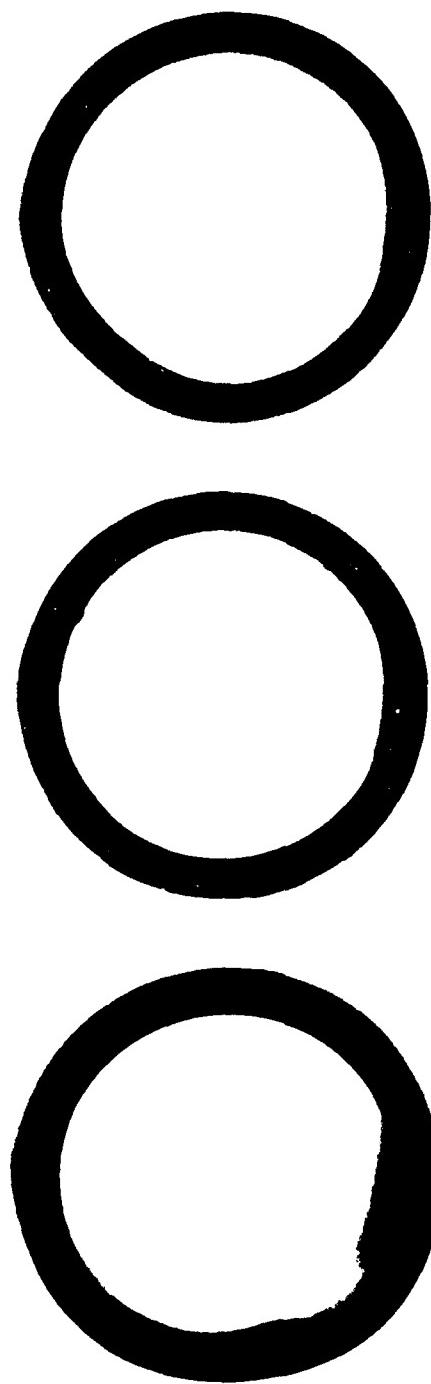
SEAL NAME	Plus seal	Backup ring (2)
SEAL MFG.	W. S. Shamبان	W. S. Shamبان
SEAL P/N	S30775-214P-19	S33157-214-19
MATERIAL	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler	Turcon with proprietary MoS <sub>2</sub> filler
	Elastomer per MIL-P-83461	Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

319

6RC

PLUS SEAL (ACT. NO. 6 , ROD END GROOVE C )

6RC



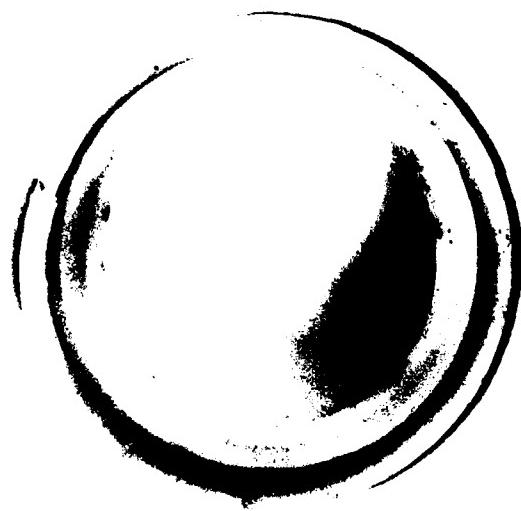
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	6
ROD END	X
LUG END	
TOTAL STAGES	3
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	No measurable leakage

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	Wiper/Scraper	O-ring
SEAL MFG.	Dowty Seals Ltd	Dowty Seals Ltd
SEAL P/N	120-218-1709	100-218-0074
MATERIAL	Acetal Resin	Proprietary Nitrile

6 R D



WIPER SCRAPER (ACT. NO. 6, ROD END, GROOVE D)

21  
P

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1

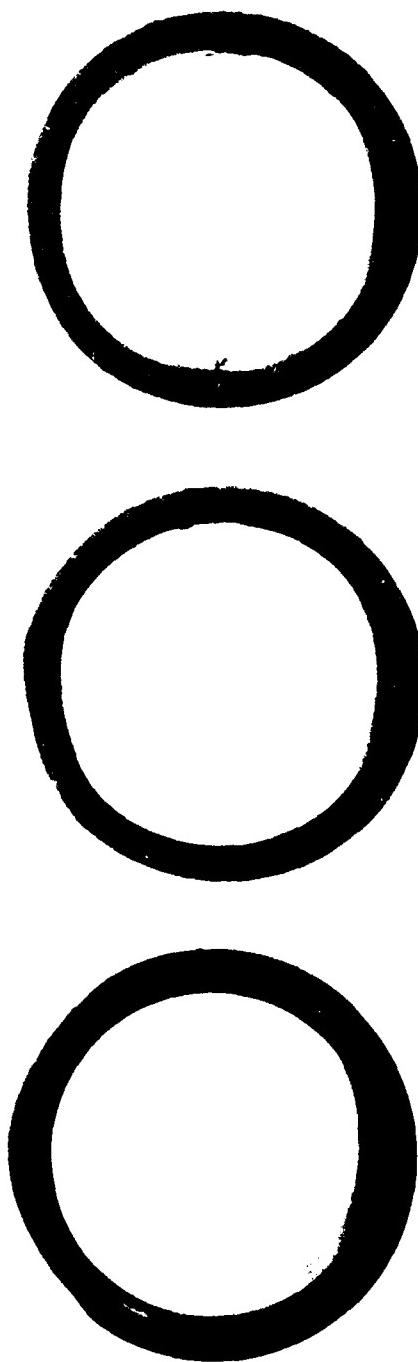
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 1

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE Failed after 4,650,540 rotor feedback cycles - massive leak

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	O-ring	Backup ring (2)
SEAL MFG.	Parker	Tetrafluor
SEAL P/N	M83461/1-214	TF830-214-2
MATERIAL	MIL-P-83461	

! Rcr



O-RING AND TWO BACKUP RINGS (REPLACEMENT SEAL IN ACT. NO. 1, ROD END, GROOVE C).

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1

ROD END X

LUG END  

TOTAL STAGES 1

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE Single stage seal inside the scraper failed after  
4,650,540 rotor feedback cycles

GLAND A      B      C      D

GLAND A      B      C      D

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Seal Guard

SEAL MFG. Hercules

SEAL P/N S-34-20

MATERIAL Bronze with a  
nitrile load ring

SEAL GUARD (REPLACEMENT SCRAPER IN ACT. NO. 1, ROD END, GROOVE D)



JL  
IR DR

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 3  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 2

GLAND A    B    C    D  
GLAND A    B    C    D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE 43.56 cc in 9,900,480 rotor feedback cycles  
and 1620 Tong stroke cycles

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Omni Seal

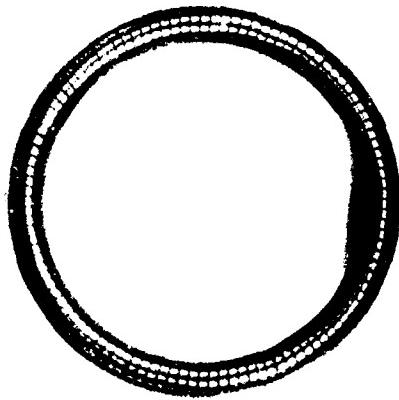
SEAL MFG. Fluorocarbon

SEAL P/N AP10103-214P11

MATERIAL Filled TFE

3RAR

3 RAR



OMNI SFAL (REPLACEMENT SEAL IN ACT. NO. 3, ROD END, GROOVE A)

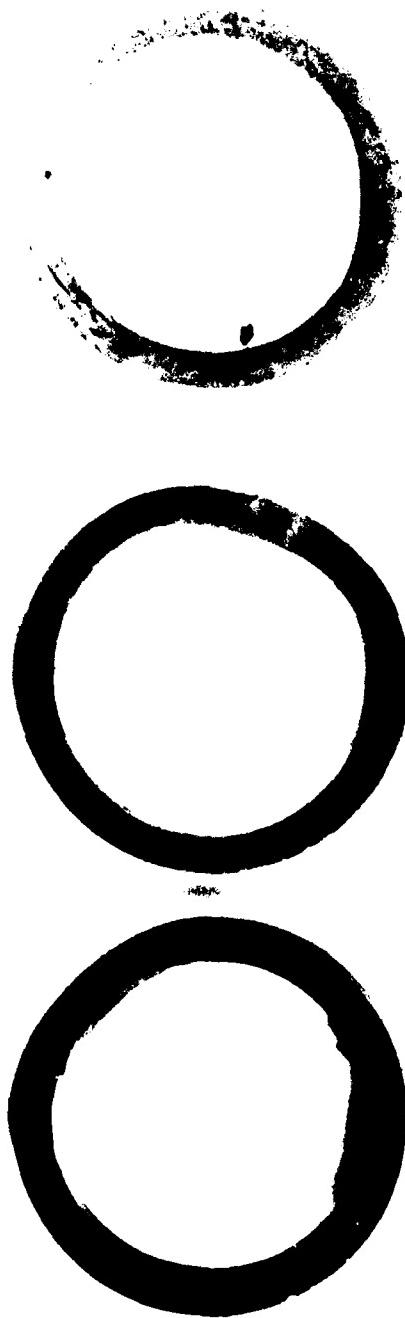
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO.	3
ROD END	X
LUG END	
TOTAL STAGES	
TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE	43.56 cc in 9,900,480 rotor feedback cycles and 1620 long stroke cycles

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME	Rod Seal	Backup Ring (2)
SEAL MFG.	Fluorocarbon	CEC5056-214
SEAL P/N	AR141337	C. E. Conover
MATERIAL	Spring loaded nitrile	Revonoc 6200

3RCCR



ROD SEAL (REPLACEMENT SEAL IN ACT. NO. 3, ROD END, GROOVE C)

**HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT**  
**SEAL DATA**

ACTUATOR NO. 1

ROD END X

LUG END  

TOTAL STAGES 1

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE Failed after 9,900,480 rotor feedback cycles and  
T620 long stroke cycles. Massive leak

**SEAL DATA**

SEAL NAME Plus Seal

SEAL MFG. W. S. Shamban

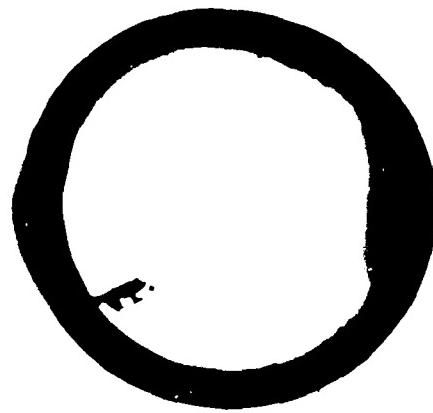
SEAL P/N S30775-214P-19

MATERIAL Mineral Filled TFE

Comp 19

Elastomer per MIL-P-83461

**RBR**



PLUS SEAL (SECOND REPLACEMENT SEAL IN ACT. NO. 1, ROD END, GROOVE B)

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SEAL DEVELOPMENT  
SEAL DATA

ACTUATOR NO. 1  
ROD END X  
LUG END \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL STAGES 1

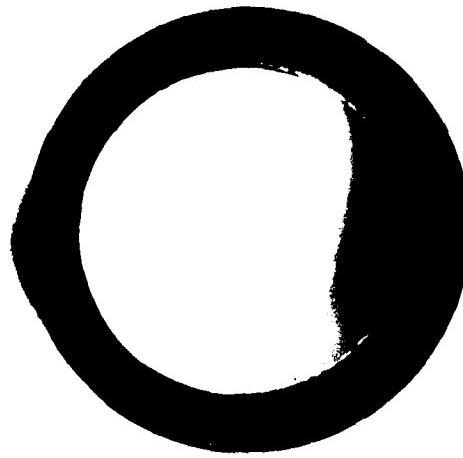
GLAND A B C D  
GLAND A B C D

TOTAL ROD LEAKAGE Single stage seal inside the scraper failed after 9,900,480 rotor feedback cycles  
and 1620 long stroke cycles. Massive leak

SEAL DATA

SEAL NAME Seal guard  
SEAL MFG. Hercules  
SEAL P/N S-34-20  
MATERIAL Bronze with a nitrile load ring

I R D R



SEAL GUARD (SECOND REPLACEMENT SCRAPER IN ACT. NO. 1, PON FND, GROOVE D)

**DATE  
FILMED**

**- 8**